

Irish Superstitions.

The unfortunate and deluded peasantry of the neighbourhood of Tipperary have been excited not a little within the last week by the humbugging story, got up evidently for a similar purpose to the "Wild Fire" or the "Blessed Turf" of the last year, and which has the effect of collecting thousands together almost at a moments warning, who can be then be led on to any act of desperation their leaders may direct. A man named Keating, from near Newcastle, was taken ill, died, and was buried some short time ago. But a few nights since he appeared to his Father and brother and told them he had only been taken by the fairies, and that if they were resolute, and would bring plenty of whisky, and some of their neighbours, and each have a black hafted knife, he would be passing the crossroad at Glendalough, at 12 O'Clock precisely, on St. John's Eve: that they would first see a little man on a fine gray horse, whom they were to let to pass, as well as any others, until they perceived him: he would be mounted on a black horse, they were to get between him and the rest, cut off the right ear of the horse, then he would be at once out of the fairies power, and be let home again to them. Numbers in this town and neighbourhood either believed it or pretended to believe it, and went off to the meeting, where, we are informed, upwards of 1200 people assembled. As may be supposed, no little man or gray horse appeared, and all returned again, but what passed there, and why they were called thus together, is as of yet a secret.

To carry in the humbug, this ghost or fairy appeared on Sunday night again to his father, and told him all was lost by a fellow going in their company, who had murdered three men (Whom he named), but that he would be passing Ratcliffe's mill, near the Spa, in a few nights again, when they would have another opportunity.

Tipperary Constitution.

The Times July 5th 1837

Land trouble in Ireland.

Dublin March 27th 1927.

Disturbances in County Tipperary.

A serious revival of agrarian disturbance is reported from County Tipperary, where exciting scenes were witnessed yesterday. Recently the Free State Land Commission acquired 3000 acres of the Loran estate midway between Roscrea and Templemore, and decided to distribute the land among landless men.

Taking advantage of the powers which it obtained under the land act of 1923 the commission allotted certain holdings on the estate to half-a-dozen families from other parts of Tipperary, to the intense annoyance of the local inhabitants, who demanded that they alone should share the distributed lands. When the new tenants of the farms arrived at their holdings, the local people organized a big demonstration. Having mobilized all the available young men they marched with several bands to the Loran estate, where they proceeded to maltreat the so-called usurpers. At first they

confined their activities to booing and insulting remarks, but afterwards their indignation broke all bounds and they drove the unfortunate people from their farms, handling them severely. While these disturbances were in progress news was conveyed to the Civic Guards at one of the neighbouring towns, with the result that a substantial force of police was hurried to the scene in Motor-Lorries. Their arrival put a stop to the demonstration, and after a short struggle 16 of the rioters were arrested. They were taken by Motor-Lorry to Limerick where they will be put on trial.

This revival of trouble on the land has been expected in Ireland for some time. The new land act was designed specially to redress the grievances of the landless men and "Congests" but the wide powers given to the Land Commission took no account of the fierce local jealousies which has been a dangerous feature of the Irish Land Problem. The attempt to import strangers into any new agricultural area will always be attended by grave risks in this country, and the outrage on the Loran estate is symptomatic of the unreasonable attitude of the persons whom the land commission is trying to help. Without some transference of "Congests" from one area to another nothing can be done to relieve the acute land hunger which prevails throughout Southern Ireland, but while memories of the old land war remain, the best efforts of legislation to solve the problem will be liable to shipwreck.

April 27th 1842.

Owing to the very alarming state of the northern part of County Tipperary, as evidenced by the numerous outrages perpetrated within the last fortnight, a meeting of magistrates took place on Saturday last when a memorial, strongly worded was forwarded to the Executive, praying, that prompt measures would be taken to afford protection for the lives and properties of the peaceable and well-disposed inhabitants of the disturbed districts. Five additional policemen have been despatched to Moneygall, the scene of a recent murder, or it is to be feared murders, as it is currently reported in town today that Mrs Margaret Curry, the companion of the ill-fated Mr. Roberts, had expired of the wounds she had received on the evening the former met his untimely end. Up to the present there has been no clue of the assassins, and from the combination there exists there appears to be little probability that the Government reward will have the desired effect of leading to detection.

Extract of a letter from Clonmel in Tipperary.

Aug. 18th, 1810.

Mr Maken, a gentleman of considerable landed property, had let some land, contrary to the wishes of some of the peasantry. On his return home one evening lately, he was way-laid, and murdered with the most horrid

barbarity. Another gentleman returning home, was shot in the back, seven plugs were lodged, and he died on the spot. A poor man with his family, were murdered in his cabin, and then burned, merely from the pique of their Catholic neighbours (They being Protestants). The assizes are held here quarterly. In the short time I have been here 14 criminals have been hanged for murder. The sessions began yesterday, and the Calender announces 163 prisoners to be tried. Provisions were never known so high, but whisky is reduced from a guinea to 3s per gallon. There are two sets of disturbers, who meet in the mountain opposite the barracks, who have pitched battles. They are called Caravats and Shanavests. Their Chief aim is to steal fire arms and horses from gentlemen who go shooting.

1811. "The Caravats and Shanavests" - faction fighters in South Tipperary - Fethard. Evidence given at a Special Commission at Clonmel [6 Feb. 1811] before the Chief Baron [Lord Norbury ?] taken from the Times of 16th Feb. 1811. Government feared they were political.

James Slattery, examined, stated that the Caravats were going on for two years before the Shanavests stirred. Shanavests so called because they wore old waistcoats. On questioning, he admitted that his uncle, called "Paudeen Car" [Gar], was a ringleader and commander of the Shanavests, but was now a poor old man not able to take command. Said a man named Healy or Hanly was hanged; he was presented by the Shanavests and Paudeen Car said he would not leave the place of execution, till he saw the "Caravat" around the fellow's neck, and from that time that faction were called Caravats. Before that, Healy's party were called the Moyle Rangers and the Shanavests were called Paudeen Car's Party. Healy was hanged for burning the house of a man, who had taken land over his neighbour's head. He states that these were the parties engaged in an affray at the Races of Coolmoyne in August.

Nicholas Sexton, examined, gave similar evidence and proved that all these connected with these illegal associations had no other object than to defend themselves against the attacks by one faction on the other.

Rev. John Ryan P.P Fethard, examined. Was P.P Fethard for 8 years last October, knew his Parishioners and was at Coolmoyne Races in September, the day of the fight; heard a shot fired in the direction of the Shanavest party. Cross examined by the Solicitor General, he said that, at the fair he saw some Shanavests strike the Caravats. It is notorious in his parish who the Caravats and Shanavests are; does not know the real cause of their feud; both parties attend Divine Service indiscriminately; thinks feuds are confined to the lower orders; is not sure whether any respectable parishioner joined them. Both parties are equally criminal, but the taking of arms, is confined exclusively to the two parties concerned in these feuds.

Thurles. August 2nd 1837 Barbarous murder yesterday at 7.30 p.m. yesterday at Kilmacjames between Thurles and Templetoohy. Mr. Daniel Byrne, Lisane, returning from fair of Thurles, was fired from behind a cabin by two men and mortally wounded and expired shortly after. The only reason assigned is that Byrne became tenant of lands from which former occupants had been dispossessed.

Saturday July 29 1837

Clonmel Summer Assizes: -To be hanged on 9th Aug. ; Robert Sadler, James Cormack, Thomas Ryan - all for murder.

To be hanged on 12th Aug.; Patk Carroll: Martin Shanahan, James Carroll, Edw. Cane - all for murder.

To be transported for life: Jeremiah and James Ryan - for manslaughter; Wm and Cornelius French - for stealing a horse; Morgan Brien - stealing a cow; James Quinlivan - sheep stealing; Robert Fanning - for same; Edw.

Fitzgerald - for administering an unlawful oath; Patk Dwyer and John Bourke - for ditto; - Ml. Hogan - felony in a dwelling house; George Hagarty - manslaughter; William Longeran - stealing a lamb.

Sentence of death recorded: Thos. Collins - abduction; Stephen Peters-shooting with intent to kill. 14 years transportation; Bgt. Fitzpatrick, called 'Bridget the Star' - passing forged notes, etc.

Saturday August 12th 1837

At Clonmel, executed, Wednesday 9th - James Cormack, for murder of Thos. Ryan at Ballyslateen, 11 December 1836. Robert Sadler, for murder of Timothy Crowe in Cashel, 19th April 1837; and Thomas Ryan for murder of Rd. Cummins at Cahir, 26th June 1837. Ryan a tall well looking young man, walked with firm step and composed air, declared his innocence, died almost without a struggle. Sadler, low sized and not composed as Ryan, made no declaration of guilt or innocence and when launched into eternity, appeared to struggle hard with death. Cormack last to be executed low-sized, deportment somewhat timid, exhorted spectators to shun bad company, whiskey and have nothing to do with fire arms which brought him to his untimely end; his sufferings when suspended were protracted for several minutes. Dr. Burke PP and Rev. Mr. Mullins CC attended the dying men; all buried in a pit dug in one of the jail yards.

Wednesday August 16th 1837

Execution at Clonmel, Saturday Aug 12. Patrick Carroll for the murder of John Lanigan, near Fishmoyne on 13th Feb. 1837. Attended by the Rev. Mr Power CC; made no declaration of innocence and guilt. When the fatal drop fell, he struggled hard till death put an end to his sufferings. Martin Shanahan, James Carroll and Edward Cane who were to be executed at the same

time, were reprimanded.

Saturday 7 Oct. 1837

Attempted seizure for tithes at Mullinahone, Tues 3 Oct. About 150 police from Clonmel, Carrick, Cashel, Fethard and Killenaule, with about 40 of the 34th Regt, with Edw. Lawlor Cambie Esq, sub-sheriff and 4 ragged bailiffs, marched in here and at 12 o'clock proceeded to the house of Mr Thomas Mullally, Mohubbe, to distrain for tithes due to Rev. Archdeacon Cotton. But Mr. Mullally could not be found and there was not a 4 footed animal on his land. A similar attempt was made on this gentleman and on Mr. Rd. Cormack in Oct. 1836. Cotton an absentee clergyman from his union of Lismalin - which has 2000 Catholics and only about half a dozen Protestants. The people of Lismalin and Mohubber are determined not to pay tithes until the question is settled by British Legislature

Wednesday. 15 Nov. 1837

Appeal for subscriptions for widow and 6 children of John Kiely, Law officer who died suddenly at Kilkenny. Earl of Glengall £5, R. Long, Longfield £5, B Nagle stip magistrate, Cashel, £3, G. Fitzgerald S.M. Morthestown Castle, Killenaule £3, Rbt. Courtney, Bally Edmond £3, Misses Dillon, Blackrock, per Rev. R. Chinnery £3, Thomas Butler, Ballycarron £1-10-0, Laurence Creagh, Castlepark £1-10-0, John Scully, Dualla £1, Nich Grene, Cappamurra £1, Rd. M.Duckett, Clonmel £1, John Chaytor, Cahir £1, Rd. Creagh Castlepark £1, Sir. Wm. Beecker Bart £1, A friend O.M. per Rev. Dr. Neligan £1, (advtd).

Wednesday 30 May 1837

Three prisoners escaped from Clonmel Jail on Sunday last, using a crow bar and other implements left behind by a smith. They are Wm Murphy, Don Casey and Wm Ryan, the latter charged with firing on Major Lidwell. The Stipendary magistrates, Nangle and Wilcox are investigating the affair.

Saturday 11 May 1839

A ruffian named Pierce Treacy of Ballycahill has been sent for two months to the thread-mill by Mr Tabiteau C.M. for flinging a stone at Mr. B. Ryan, Manager of Thurles Agricultural Bank.

Saturday 3 August, 1839

Tipperary North Riding Summer Assizes .

Thomas Davy indicted for murder of Mathew Davy at Tullo Mc James on 26 May last (1839). James Davy son of deceased swore he was going to mass at 9 am with deceased; Tom Davy ran at him with 2 stones and struck deceased and ran away, but was overtaken. Dr. Bradshaw said deceased's skull was fractured and he lived about one month. Guilty of manslaughter. 12 months

imprisonment with hard labour every 2nd month and 6 weeks solitary confinement.

Patk Cormac, a married man aged 70 of Newport - for rape of Mary Leighton, aged 16, Newport, whose family were a "wicked set". She lived with her grandmother who was at Castleconnel on day of the offence. Not guilty, but got a severe lecture from the judge for his conduct.

MI and Ger Maher, James Kelly and Thos Ryan - for grievous assault on Thos. Ryan at Fair of Templemore on 30 March 1839. Ryan exhibited a head with many incisions from blows of sticks and stones. Ryan started affray. Guilty but a recommendation on account of provocation. 3 months imprisonment with a week solitary confinement each month. Patk Nowlan and Darby Keane- for murder of James Mara; no address given for any of the parties, nor where the murder took place. Jury disagreed and prisoners remanded to next Assizes.

Thurles 1st Aug.. John Bray O' Brien J.P. of Turtulla drowned. With his 2 brothers and his cousin german, John Bray Esq, went boating on R. Suir, very swollen after recent heavy rain, on Wednesday 31 July. At bridge of Cabra, the boat struck a concealed weir and capsized. The other 3 scrambled ashore, but O' Brien was cast headlong into the water and drowned. He merited high esteems and affection. Considerate and indulgent as a landlord: friend and benefactor to all in neighbourhood: upright and impartial as a magistrate.

On Wednesday 31st July. Constable Barber of Ballintemple station discovered the house of Tom Ryan (Patrick) near Kilmore on fire. After rapping on the door without success, he broke it open: 2 families were escaping and left a man aged 95 and a woman aged 89, behind. Barber and his company at great risk rescued them. "This Ryan is father of the plotter, and afterwards approver in the convictions for the murder of the late Messrs Cooper and Wayland"

Wednesday 30 October 1839

Denis Carew found guilty of assulting Thos Dwyer Pat and wrecking his house when returning from fair of Kilfeacle on 12 July. 6 Months hard labour to

restrain his stone - throwing.

John and Mat Joy of Coolkoosane (Anacarty) prosecuted John Haffer for assault and being of a riotous party. Guilty - 6 months hard labour, or pay Joy 30/= and get two months.

Norry Dwyer for stealing a lodging woman's linen and pawning at Mr. Littleton's office, Cashel. She had only 7/6 for which no Attorney would plead for her. The "Reporter" gave her 2/6 and she chose an attorney, Mr. P. Kirwan. Guilty - 4 months hard labour.

Pat Meagher, Wm. Cummins and Thos Ryan - rioting in Cashel town, 22 June. Guilty 5/= or a fortnight.

Edw. Fogarty, represented as a poor man, influenced by drink, for stealing a pair of shoes from a poor Kerry labourer. Guilty and as judge found Fogarty was a large farmer near Tipp. - gave 4 months hard.

John Connell, Jer Dwyer and Edw. Shea - rioting at fair of Glen. Connell and Dwyer got 3 months.

Thomas Flinn (Cappawhite) prosecuted by Lieut Gibbons of Revenue Police - for obstruction in discharge of his duty at fair (of Cappa) where he caught him selling Whiskey. Flinn said prosecution was in revenge for his giving evidence against Gibbons for firing a pistol at some unoffending men. Guilty - £1, or 1 month.

Slattery for violent assault on Thos Dwyer at Clonpet near Tipperary - 12 months hard.

Andrew Burke Esq of Newlawn and of Clare St, near Limerick, went with a man

named Carroll on 24 Sept. to lay out a passage to a bog for his tenants: a brutal attack made on him near Castle Otway and Borrisoleigh at Cooleen, by 4 men, one who presented a pistol to his breast and the other beat him unmercifully; 13 wounds on his head; he lingered until Saturday last and then died; 4 fractures in his skull.

£20 reward for information on armed party who on night of 7th Oct., went to the house Pat Purcell, Wm. Smith and MI Condon and threatened their lives if they did not level a ditch which they built round the Commons of Brownstown, Co. Tipp; levelled part of ditch and fired a shot.

Saturday 9 Nov. 1839

Thomas Hanrahan, waylaid on his way home from Clonmel on 20th Oct. last, was murdered at Clonabeg midway between Cahir and Ardfinnan. Inquest by Mr. Ryan, Wednesday last (6th).

48 employees of Mr. Bianconi left Clonmel on his cars for Cork to take the pledge from Fr. Mathew. Nearly all Bianconi's vast number of employees throughout Ireland are now teetotallers.

Wednesday 27 Nov. 1839

25 Nov. 1839.... "The hitherto turbulent parish of Donaskeigh within 4 miles of this town - the former scene of many an outrage and murder - yes, Donaskeigh so memorable as being the spot where Messrs Cooper and Wayland fell by the hands of Assassins - this parish where not long since, riot, disorder, and crime reigned, singular to say has been the first of rural parishes in this neighbourhood to establish within it a branch of the Temperance Society" (Fr. Mathew's). The best and most happy results are anticipated. It was formed by the highly talented and much esteemed Curate Rev. P.O'B. Davern and called "The Donaskeigh and Knockavella Temperance

Society" with Fr. Davern at its first President. There will be the first meeting on 22 December and several hundred additional members are expected to have then taken the pledge.

Wednesday 25 March, 1840

A widow named Connors of Bogtonrath was accidentally burned to death on Saturday night (21st). A little girl lit a sop of straw which ignited more straw that was covering oats in a corner. Woman and child were burned to death. Inquest held by Wm. Ryan Esq, (Coroner) assisted by B. Nagle R.M. - Verdict accidental death.

Saturday 28 March 1840

(Faction Fighters). Nenagh Assizes Tues (24th) 7th day. Thos Hogan charged with murder of Wm Brien of Templeberry 18 Sept. 1838 when coming from the fair of Castle Otway. This was a faction fight between the "Magpies" and the "Black Hens". The chief people concerned were Burkes and Ryans. Not guilty.

Wednesday 25th, Philip Hayes of Upperchurch (who lived with his father in law) and John Gleeson indicted for the murder of Andrew Burke (of Newlawn and Clare Street, Limerick, at Cooleen, apparently between Borrissoleigh and Castle Otway). Burke was attacked and severely beaten on the head by 4 men - 14 or 15 wounds - there on 24th Sept. and died of fracture of the skull (not discovered till post mortem) and abscess of the brain on 19 October.

John Shouldice, rent-collector for Burke (elderly gentleman) who had ejected some of his tenants, gave evidence that Burke stayed at his house the night before the attack and went out with a man named John Carroll, whom Burke had evicted but later reinstated, about making a road for Burke's tenants next morning. About an hour later witness's son and servant and Carrol brought back Burke, who was weak and covered with blood and who told that he was severely beaten. Burke had a nephew, John Burke with whom he had a lawsuit. The Glanbride tenants sided with John, but not the tenants of Knockakelly.

John Carroll who lived 17 or 18 years at Knockakelly swore he was with Burke when 4 men came from a boreen and attacked him near Quinlan's house. He saw a youth striking Burke with a stone: one of the men, Hayes, had a pistol and ordered Carroll to lie down on his face and hands, which he did and remained so still the men left. He identified Hayes. Witness arrested on day of beating and in custody since he first said that a man named Murphy beat Mr. Burke, but later withdraw that statement. Dr. Pinchin gave evidence of

attending Burke. Philip Hayes found guilty and sentenced to death; execution to be on 30 April. John Gleeson found not guilty. Hayes then said " Praise be to God, I am as innocent of it as my parish priest." The Jury recommended mercy. Patk Dunne charged as an accomplice to remain in Gaol till next Assizes when he is to stand trial.

Wednesday 1st April, 1840

North Riding Tipperary Assizes - Criminal Court Thursday - 9th Day. Edmond Ryan of Killoshkehan arraigned for murder of MI Lanigan of Killoshkehan on 24th June last (1839). The others were associated with Ryan at the murder, Paddy Dunn, James Lacy, and James Howard (Killoshkehan): the latter 2 because approvers. The motive of the murder appears to have been robbery and land dispute. They were arrested on 31 Dec. Edm. Ryan was Woodranger of John Willington of Killoshkehan for which he had some land rent free: Willington dismissed him in May: the Dunnes held a commonage which Willington took from them last May and gave to Lanigan to take care of and gave him the grass of a horse and cow on it. Lanigan had about 11 acres of land. His dead body was found with his head bashed in with the pole of a hatchet, near Edm. Ryan's house: he had £26 on him the morning of the murder, but it was missing from body. James Howard (approver) gave evidence that Ryan struck Lanigan on poll with a hatchet and took the money: Howard admitted that he was one of 3 charged with murder of Milo Burke (Lanigan another and one Quirk). His wife died but he did not murder her; he has 2 children who are with friends; he was caught at Glanaguile. Edm Ryan found not guilty.

Saturday 18 July 1840

Nenagh Quarter Sessions Tuesday (14th). Rd. Cooke, John Cooksen, Peter Cooke and MI Dunn indicted for riotous and unlawful assembly at Rathmoy on 20 May and taking forcible possession of the house and land there which had been occupied by a Mr. Phelan, deceased since Nov. 12 months. The land was got by Phelan from Mr. Cooke. On the day Phelan died, Cooke's eldest son, John came and knocked down part of a wall on the land. Martin Butler who with his father, Nicholas Butler, lived as herdsmen on the land and swore that on 20 May they were put out of the house by Mr. Rd Cooke, Mr John Cooke and MI Dunn. They had a bayonet with them. Cooke has possession of their ½ acre of potatoes. On Cooke's side, it was said that 100 armed mountaineers assembled to drive Phelan's stock off the land and deprive Cooke of the rent. Rd Cooke and MI Dunn found guilty; fine 10/=.

Old Mr. John Cooke was then charged with assault on Nicholas Butler on 17th May. For Cooke it was said that Butler was trespassing on his land and he used no more force than necessary to put him off it. The land was that lately held by Phelan, the rent was in arrears no stock on the land and no representative to pay for the land and Cooke had re - possessed it. Butler was well known to the head of a faction and very disorderly. Judge held that Butler was caretaker of the land for Phelan and so not a trespasser. Cooke fined 40/=.

John Fogarty of Kilrush, Thurles, indicted for assault and causing grievous bodily harm to John B. Fogarty, aged 10, son of W. B. Fogarty of Thurles. The Fogartys were travelling in a gig from the fair of Borrisoleigh to Thurles at 9 p.m. last August. About 1½ miles from Thurles, They met John Fogarty who without any provocation threw a stone and hit John B. Fogarty on the head from which he was unconscious for 4 days. Police swore that they had a warrant for defendant's arrest for 10 months before they apprehended him. Evidence hinged on identification. Occurrence happened at a bridge. Jury found Fogarty guilty and he was sentenced to 7 years transportation; he still protested innocence.

A case was adjourned in which Mr. French was indicted of assaulting John Kempston, Jun, Proprietor of the Nenagh Guardian.

FENIANS

At the Nenagh assizes held in July 1867, a number of the Annfield Fenians were brought to trial.

Patk. Lahy was indicted for treason felony. Miss Mary Ryan of Gortkelly deposed that on Shrove Tuesday night, a large party came to her house & roused her up. They demanded arms. She went downstairs & opened the hall door but did not recognise any of the party. One of the men said, "I am Charles Bourke"; he wore a green sash. He went upstairs & took away five guns, two pistols, & one rifle. He brought away her servant boy, Purcell.

Purcell examined, said he saw Charles Bourke Pat. Bourke, John Bourke, Pat. Lahy, Pat. Butler & others go up stairs. John Darmody was called as a Crown witness but refused to give evidence a woman in the gallery shouting "Johnny, Johnny, if you say a word I will hang myself". Pat. Grady examined, corroborated the evidence of other witness, admitted on cross examination that he instigated Philip Hayes to shoot Mr. Gore Jones at Lisaroon some time previously, "I fired with Hayes from behind a ditch". Hayes is now undergoing 20 years penal servitude for the offence. Lahy was found guilty & sentenced to 5 years penal servitude.

John Butler of Mount Catherine, was next indicted & pleaded not guilty. After a prolonged trial, during which evidence was given of incriminating documents found in his possession, he was acquitted.

March 14th 1846.

On Tuesday night last, a man named Daniel Berachree, who resides in a mountain district near Newport, called the Copper Mines?, retired to bed at an early hour, which was his usual custom, and was followed by his wife and a young man named Walsh, a servant of his, who lay with him on each side. In the morning an alarm was given by the wife, who says she saw four men quitting the house, as she awoke, and found her husband's skull fractured, and a mark of a wound over one of his eyes. The outrage upon this man is at present involved in much mystery. He was rather advanced in years, and the wife is young and well looking. The window of the room was fastened inside by a boy, a son of Berachree, with a hatchet, and on examination the next morning, the hatchet was found in the house with blood and hair upon it. The unfortunate man still lives, but there are no hopes of his recovery.

1802. Dreadful fire at Thurles; 30 or 40 houses burned; fire started by boys throwing squibs. Appeal for help for the sufferers by William Nicholson of Turtulla. (Clonmel Herald).

1845. Nicholas Maher MP. Turtulla, married a daughter of Walter Herbert, Pill Ho. Carrick, Marriage performed by bride's uncle - Rev. Nich Herbert, rector, - and after by Edm Flynn PP of New Inn (Tipperary Free Press).

Wednesday. Aug. 2 1837.

Died in Clonmel where he had come on business connected with the Assizes on Sunday 30th. Edmond Kelly M.D. Physician to Borrisoleigh Dispensary, in prime of life. He was seized with a malignant fever. Left a wife and 3 infant children. An immense concourse from Borrisoleigh left home to meet his funeral.

Fracas in Town of Tipperary on Tues (1st August) when a Protestant Clergyman, it is said, fired from a window at Rev. Mr. O' Connor CC, and shot him through the arm.

Died. Richard Creagh Esq of Castlepark, Co. Tipperary, magistrate and deputy Lieutenant, Co. Tipperary.

Wednesday August 9th 1837

Sunday, August 6th. At Knockavilla, Rev. Mr. Mockler, after divine service addressed the people and forcibly denounced the conduct of the coward slave who could desert the country in her last struggle for freedom, by voting for the Tories. Rev. M. Fogarty did likewise at Donaskeagh, after which an immense meeting was held at the cross of Donaskeagh.

Fined £10 each for non-attendance as witnesses at the spring Assizes:- John Bourke, Kylecrew; Thos. Fogarty and Wm Long, Lisheenataggert; James Hines, Killahaigire.

Saturday August 19 1837

Co. Tipperary Election - Names of Deputy Presiding in each booth and agents acting for Sheil and Cave.

Eligogarty Deputy James Archer Butler

Middlethird - Thomas E Lalor

Owney and Arra - John Lanigan

Slieveardagh - Samuel Ryall

Upp. Ormond and Ikerrin - Hon Cornelius O' Callaghan

Clanwilliam and Kilnamanagh - Rd. O' Kellett

Iffa Offa East and West - George Ryan

Sherriff's Booth - Sheriff was Stephen O' Meagher of Kilmoyler.

Saturday 26 Aug. 1837

New Inn Petty Sessions. Magistrate of the Bench and Rev. Herbert and Wm. Roe. Wm Norris, Protestant, charged Wm. Quirke, Pat Ryan and James Clifford with assault. Quirke fined £4.00 or 6 weeks; other 2 fined of £2 or 1 month all with costs.

Wednesday 6th September 1837

Cashel Petty Sessions. Aug. 30th. On Bench - S. Cooper chairman, William Murphy, John Scully, Samuel Phillips and Captain Nagle SM. Patk. Lyttleton prosecuted Thomas Cormack one of the Corporations Sergeants of mace for maliciously breaking his windows on the night of the 7th August. Two witnesses, Guinan and Purlil, said they saw Cormack standing at the Wesleyan Church and cast something and heard a crash of glass. Cormack had eye witness, but his wife swore an alibi. Case dismissed, Scully decending, saying he never heard a clearer conviction by the evidence.

Nenagh Petty Sessions. One Wm. D. Gleeson, hearing that there would be a contested Election in Co. Tipperary, returned from Liverpool to aid the Reform candidates. He was arrested at Borrissoleigh on charge of having unregistered pistols. Gleeson represented by Francis Meagher, Solicitor; when called, Gleeson refused to answer, stating he had not been summoned and

then left the court. Capt. Jason Chairman of the Magistrates insisted on going on with the case, despite protests of Solicitor Meagher. A gun - smith, Egan, said the pistols were left to him for cleaning by a Mr. Wm. Dwyer, who said Gleeson owned them. After further protests by Meagher, the Magistrates reluctantly decided to refer the matter to the Crown advisers on how to proceed. In meantime, Gleeson petitioned the Lord Lieut. for his pistols and for the enquiry into the conduct of magistrates who signed warrant for his arrest- apparently alleging the arrest was a Tory plot to prevent him from exercising his rights in the election.

Wednesday 13th Sept. 1837

Garrison Races, Templemore. Major Hay's horse 19th Regt. was winner. Capt. Lovelace who rode a horse of Lieut. Walshe, fell with the animal and was hurt. The horse broke a leg.

Wednesday 18 Oct. 1837

Stephen Tully, aged 11 fair- haired inclined to curl, smooth-faced with cut on forehead. Wearing dark brown frock coat, cloth ap, and cord trousers, strayed from his father's house. Thos Tully, Mountslat, Killenaule, on Friday 13th. He left Marlfield on Sunday last and crossed the Work-house Bridge, it is supposed, with the intention of making his way to Kerry for the pupose of going to school. Police please look out for him, (Advt).

12 O' clock Thursday Oct. 19 day fixed for the sale of 87 sheep for tithes property of Walter Brett of Wilford. Apparently Brett was under a bail bond to produce the sheep, which he did, each branded on one side "Walter Brett's Sheep" and on the other "Seized for Tithes" a great number of people gathered, including 500 on horseback. A large body of police and military present and Mr. Tabiteau CM (Stipendary magistrate) and Robert Lidwell J.P. The sale proved abortive; the Sheriff announced that he would still hold the bail for the production of the sheep at a later date. Brett and his friends then carried home the sheep, having clipped off the branding.

Saturday 28th Oct. 1837

On Saturday night 21st October, a small party of police at Donaskeagh, arrested a desperate character named Dwyer who for some months traversed the country armed. He was taken in a field in midst of a group of labourers who gave the alarm and a great multitude gathered. Police and prisoner took refuge in a cottage. Crowd begun to tear down door and set fire to the thatch. Police fired and shot dead one MI Ryan. Crowd broke in and rescued Dwyer. Thigh of one policeman broken and another got a fractured skull, his recovery despaired of.

Wednesday. 29 Nov. 1837

Samuel Clutterbuck Esq and his servant, John Shine fined £5 each for using lights at night on River Tar for purpose of catching salmon.

Saturday 30 Dec. 1837

Mr O' Meagher's School, Fethard. He thanks Public for their support of his school. A few boarders can at present be admitted and will have advantage of evening tuition, and on recreation will always be accompanied by Mr O' Meagher. Strict attention will be paid to religious instruction. He prepares gentleman intended for Maynooth or T.C.D. Instruction in Greek, Latin, French, Italian, English, Algebra, Geometry, Trigonometry, Mensuration, Geography, History, Book-keeping, Writing, Arithmetic, Drawing, Dancing, Vacation ends on 4th Jan. (advt)

Saturday 19 May 1837

Note on Presentments: The High Sheriff had the right and duty to summon a Grand Jury to the spring and summer Assizes to deal with road construction, etc. Persons wishing to make or mend a road had it measured by 2 persons who swore to the measurements before a magistrate. The road was described

as leading from one market town to another, They also swore to the cost (per perch or total) for the making or mending. This application was presented to the Grand Jury who approved or tore it up. If approved, the Grand Jury placed it before the Judge presiding at the Assizes for his fiat, after which the person who applied for the making or repair of the road carried out the work at his own expense and when finished. The overseer swore that the work was done accordingly to the presentment, and in due course the person was paid out of money which had previously been levied by the High Constable on the different baronies (Act of George III).

Thurles to Roscrea Road - between Lar Gleeson's, Ballybrista, and 3 roads at Tinvoher, 375 perches for 7 years.

Thurles to Johnstown Road - between MI Fogarty's, Garranroe, and Godfrey's mills at Rockford, 340 perches for 7 years.

Killenaule to Rathdowney Road - between Jas Lowry's house and Cross 2 Mile Borris, 663 perches, for 7 years.

Thurles to Cashel Road - between Ch O' Keeffe's gate, Thurles, and Molly Gorman's Cross in W. Saburbs, 599 perches for 7 years.

Borrisoleigh to Thurles road - between Mr Cahill's field at Race Course and Ballynahough Bridge, 594 perches for 3 years.

Thurles to Borrisoleigh - between Mrs Bray's Corner and Corner near Corthouse, Thurles, 72 perches for 7 years.

Killenaule to Rathdowney - between Cross roads of 2 Mile Borris and mail coach road at Ballydavid, 527 perches for 7 years.

Thurles to Rathdowney - between Cross at Loughtagalla and Mr. Godfrey's mills at Rochford, 1286 perches for 7 years.

Borrisoleigh to Johnstown - between 3 roads at MI Kelly's, Gurtreigh, and 3 roads at MI Tracey's, Graiguefrehane, 372 perches.

Limerick to Johnstown - between Long's house at Rorestown and Mail Coach road at Breen's, 416 perches.

Thurles to Carrick - between Brian Shea's at Ballynastick and Jas Casey's at Earlshill, 274 perches for 7 years.

Carrick to Urlingford - between new bridge and Lisduff and M Barker's gate at Kilcooley to Willmount, 354 perches for 7 years.

Road from Slievardagh Collieries to Carrick - between John Shea's house at Killatlea and road from Fethard to Callan, 573 perches 3 years.

Road from Killenaule to Carrick - between Jas Shea's house of Killatlea and new bridge over River Ligane, 675 perches.

Road from Killenaule to Cashel - between John Hayde's house, Killenaule and barony bounds at Ballynure Hill, 1746 perches.

Road from Slievardagh Collieries to Templemore - between cross at John Connell's house and bounds of Eliogarty, 52p.

Road from Thurles to Callan - between cross Mr. Mason's garden wall and corner of his plantation - to built a wall.

Road from Fethard to Carrick - between James Neill's at South Lodge and mail coach road - parapet to bridge at South Lodge.

Road from Mullinahone to Fethard - between John Needham's at Clashakena and bridge of Banlacoola, Guardwall.

Road from Slievardagh Collieries to Carrick - between Mr. Blackmore's gate at Wilford and cross of Lismolin, make 442 perches footpath.

Road from Carrick to Urlingford - between Mr Hollahan's and John Bowe's house at Kilcooley, make 179½ perches ditches.

Road from Fethard to Carrick - between Wm Hyland's and James Shea's house at Killatlea - to built a bridge.

Road from Fethard to Carrick - between Barony bounds at Costello's and Jas Hogan's at 7 Acres- built gullet.

Road from Killenaule to Mardyke Collieries - between Thos Richardson's, Main Street, Killenaule and bridge of Killenaule - lower hill and fill hollow on road.

Road from Carrick to Thurles - between John Bowe's, Kilcooley, and chapel of Gurtinahoe - open and make 298 perches of road.

Road from Slievardagh Colliery to Carrick - between Thos Naughton's Mullinahone and finger post at Nine-mile-house, 1305 Perches.

Road from Slieverdagh Collieries to Clonmel - between house ruins at Barony bounds and Wm Dempsey's Newtown - Drangan, 471 perches.

Road from Caher to Cashel - between corner of bound of Boherclough and John Carry's Friar St., 110 perches for 7 years.

Road from Caher to Killenaule - between Wm Downey's, Cashel Road, and Denis Kennedy's bounds Ballybough, 351 perches.

Road from Fethard to Callan - between Mockler's house near Chapel of Killusty and Connor's at Cramp's Bridge, 869 perches.

Road from Clonmel to Thurles - Wm Hanly's Clonmore, and John Mulcahy's, Kill Stafford, 296 perches.

Road from Killenaule to Fethard - between Mr Purcell's plantation at barony bounds and Mr Millett's gate of Lismortagh, 501 perches.

Road from Killenaule to Cashel - between Dean McDonnell's house and pike gate on Dublin road, 64 perches.

Road from Cashel to Bog of Erry - between bridge at Costello's house at Erry and cross at Carhue, widen 60 perches of road and dykes.

Road from Carrick to Cashel - between Jas Ryan's house at Corballa and Rbt. Walsh at same widen bridge at Corballa.

Road from Thurles to Clonmel - between Mr. Pierce's grove and Kelly's garden at Coolrain - to built gullet at Collrain.

Road from Clonmel to Callan - between Chapel of Killusty and Clancy's forge - to repair bridge at Clarebeg.

Road from Fethard to Carrick - between Pat Kennedy's and John Ryan's of Cloran - to built bridge.

Road from Tipperary to Nenagh - between Farney's cross at Carnahalla and Anth Keating's at Foildairg, 940 perches for 7 years.

Road from Thurles to Newport - between Ballyboughta bridge to Wm Hayes at Gurthahoola, 1302 perches for 7 years.

Road from Tipperary to Borrisoleigh - between Cross at Dundrum mills and Cross of Barnastuick, 707 perches 7 years.

Road from Cashel to Nenagh - between Cross of Corballa and New Line at Slattery's to Cross of Cloncross 1064 perches- for 3 years.

Road from Nenagh to Thurles - between village of Upperchurch and Denis Fornay's at Coogue, 134 perches.

Road from Cashel to Nenagh - between Lander's cross and Anglesea Line at Upperchurch, 750 perches.

Road from Borrisoleigh to Cappawhite - between Gleeson's house at Moher and Anglessa Line at Roan, 214 perches.

Road from Borrisoleigh to Cappawhite - between bridge at Ballyduff and John Kennedy's at Knodabina, 460 perches.

Road from Golden to Thurles - between Freney's house at Lislowan and Burke's at Kilshinane, build guard walls on bridge.

Road from Tipperary to Cashel - between Edm. Kerby's at Kilshinane and Edm. Hackett's, build bridge.

To open 631 perches of new road from Borrisoleigh to Tipp., between Pat Hay's Kilecrowe and cross of Ballyboy.

Wednesday 23 May 1838

£200 reward from Government and free pardon for the accomplice who within 6 months gives information leading to apprehension and conviction of persons concerned in the shooting at and wounding Mr. John O' Keeffe when proceeding along road at Scart, parish of Modeligo, Co. Waterford; not expected to

recover owing to his great age.

Mr. John Keeffe wounded at Scart, Modeligo, Co. Waterford on 15th May died on Tuesday 22nd. Before his death, he identified one, Horan from Knockraffon, as the person who shot him.

Wednesday 30 May 1837

Nenagh May 28th Announcing that the first number of the new newspaper The Nenagh Guardian. Tipperary North Riding Advertiser has unavoidably been postponed for a week or two (adv). It is to be a conservative organ.

Wednesday 13th June, 1838

An anti-tithe meeting for Baronies of Slievardagh and Middlethird to be held at Market Hill, Fethard or about 24th June: another for Iffa and Offa at the Rea of Tincurry on 29th June.

Wednesday 17 April, 1839

Died at Clonoulty - 12inst in the 78th year of his age the Rev. Patrick Moloney, the venerable and venerated Pastor of that Parish for the last 35 years. He was in truth a man who consecrated his whole being to the service of religion, every act of his bespoke and every sentiment of his breathed, the mild and benevolent spirit of the Gospel. By all classes of his own communion he was held in the most profound respect - by his dissenting brethern of every shade, he was looked to with the warmest admiration - by the poor he was particularly beloved as well he might. The combination of these virtues with a never failing cheerfulness of disposition made him one of the most interesting characters among the second order of the clergy. From the primitive simplicity of his manners and his entire devotion to God.

He was called the "Patriarch" of his diocese.

Wednesday 28 August, 1839

Attempt to victimise Constable Heffernan of Cappawhite police. Heffernan investigated the case of Lieut. Gibbons of the Revenue Police stationed at Cappawhite who fired a shot at a man named Lahey. At Tipperary Petty Sessions 22 August, 1839. before Rbt. Clarke Chairman, James Scully, Edm Crosbie Moore and Capt. M'Leod R.M. Heffernan was charged on complaint of Col. Purefoy with being drunk when he returned from the Assizes in Clonmel 20th July. Gibbons gave evidence that he saw him helped from a car by Sub. Constable Ryan, staggering, and later with hands around Mrs. Hunt's gable. Constable Brennan said he travelled with Heffernan in same car from Dundrum to Annacarty and he completely sober. Ryan said he did not lift Heffernan from the car. Sub Constable Lamb of Cappawhite said H was sober on return. Hugh Brady Bradshaw Esq of Phillipstown, Protestant, met H after return and he was sober. Rev W. Heulit, protestant Clergyman, swore same. Fr. Hayden PP Hospital (late of Cappawhite), Fr. Corcoran PP of Cappawhite, H.B. Bradshaw Esq, the Parson in Cappa, and Police Inspectors gave excellent characted to H.

Wednesday 30 October 1839

Manager of National Bank, Tipperary got a threatening notice "that he might prepare his coffin if he was not more kind this season"

Wednesday 4 Dec. 1839

On Saturday Last. Head Constable Lodge and at a party of Police went from Clonmel to Windgap, Co. Waterford and there arrested Thos. Casey charged with being concerned in murder of Thos Halloran near Knocklofty; £100 reward

offered by the Government for apprehension of the perpetrators.

Saturday 7 Dec. 1839

The widowed mother of Denis Hayes, Schoolmaster, who was murdered near Borrisokane last month, was robbed when returning home to Loughrea, of her son's watch, which the Police had restored to her.

Ambushed by 20 masked men.

A telegram from Nenagh to-night states that while Constables, Finn, Mccarthy, and Byrne were cycling from their barrack at Rearcross to Newport Petty Sessions this morning they were fired at when they reached a place called Lackamore, a wild, bleak part of County Tipperary. Constable Byrne, who was leading, received a charge of large slugs in the shoulders and back, and fell into a ditch. His two comrades were shot in the head and killed instantly.

Constable Byrne climbed over a ditch and fired his revolver in the direction of his assailants, who appear to have fled immediately. A little later the Constable saw nearly 20 men running through the wood. He was able to ride his cycle back to Newport Station, where he reported the matter and then collapsed. It is believed that 30 shots were fired at the three men. There have been no arrests.

After a long interval of peace, Tipperary has again become the theatre of assassination, and those other crimes for which its annals have obtained so infamous a notoriety. The Nenagh papers which reached us this morning contain a fearful catalogue of outrages, including the particulars of Mr. Daniel Egan's murder, of the old stamp-manslaughter, firing at the person, into dwellings, threatening notices, etc. The following details are extracted from the Vindicator. Repeal authority. (I hope I have this right, its very hard to read. Mary).

Cloughjordan: July 2nd. One of the most cruel, cold-blooded murders that has ever disgraced humanity was perpetrated within 3 miles of this village. As Mr. Daniel Egan of Ballydonagh, a most respectable young man, aged 24 years, the unfortunate victim in this case, was proceeding on his way to Mass, to Barna, in the company of his Parents and sisters. It appears he stopped some perches behind them. The "Mass Path" led to a narrow lane with a high ditch on each side through which they had to pass. He had not gone far in the lane

when a pistol was discharged from behind the ditch, and his father, on turning around when he heard the report, saw his son prostrate in the lane, a lifeless corpse. He received two large slugs, one entered his side immediately opposite his heart, and the other a few inches lower. An inquest will be held on the body today. On examining the place where the shooting happened, it was found that the assassin had a hole bored through the top of the ditch, so large that he could take deliberate aim.. The deed was committed by one person only, he was seen running from the place after the shot was fired. The only reason that can be assigned, is that his father is a middle Landlord and bound to pay the head rent, though he had not for the last two years even so much from his tenants , and in consequence was obliged to harsh measures to recover it. It is rumoured that three men have been taken on suspicion, also a girl who was coming up at the time the deed was committed. It is said that she will identify the murderer.

On the night of Friday 28th, at 11 O'Clock the house of Mr Michael Hawley, of Ballycapple, Poor Law Guardian, a most respectable farmer, was attacked by some wanton ruffians, who, after breaking his windows, fired a shot through the door. The ball passed through the kitchen, where some of his family were but a few minutes before, and lodged in the wall. Five minutes had not elapsed when Constable M'Loskey and his men, who were as usual on patrol, came running to the door, but the midnight miscreants must have heard the tramp of their feet, which enabled them, with the darkness of the night, to escape their praiseworthy vigilance. On examination the constable found a notice on the door, of which the following is a copy. !Michael Haly take warning by this admit Gordon no longer in your house for if you do I will come again and send you to hell that is wan word for it let Martin Flarty take the same warning thomas holy? let him take the same no more but by all the letters that is on this bit of paper if I come again I will settle all of you.! The person alluded to above is a teacher , a quiet inoffensive man, whom Mr. Hawley and other neighbours have kept in their houses alternately for the last 6 years during which time his conduct has been exemplary.

On the same night the house of Mr. Shoebottom, a respectable farmer , was visited by the same gang, who after firing a shot, posted a notice on his door, nearly verbatim with the above. It is but a fortnight hence since Mr. Shoebottom had his windows broken and a shot fired, when Mrs Shoebottom was but a few inches from where the ball passed.

On friday night 29th a man named Michael Rahilly received a gunshot wound and only survived a few hours afterwards. It was inflicted by a man named Richard Tobin, a caretaker, in the employ of Mr. Simon Lowe, justice of the peace. Tobin was taken into custody by the Spring-house police, to whom he

had reported the occurrence, alleging that an attack had been made on him by Rahilly. An inquest was held on the body by the Coroner, Captain Bradshaw, on Saturday last when a verdict of manslaughter was returned against Tobin, who has been fully committed for trial on the charge of manslaughter for the evening assizes at Clonmel.

Special Commission for Tipperary.

The Special Commission for Tipperary has been struck for Monday the 24th inst. to be holden at Clonmel, for both ridings of the County. Subjoined is a list of the Prisoners, with the nature of their offences. They are to be transmitted from Nenagh to Clonmel for Trial. The numbers are but few in comparison to the many that are to be kept over for the ordinary assizes, but as a local paper observes, though but few, they constitute the very worse characters in the Northern Division of the County.

John Daly, Edward Roughan, William Carthy, John Ryan(Garricus)?, and Edward Connors, charged with conspiring against and attempting to murder Mr. U. Bayly.

Michael, John, and James Connolly, Richard Connolly and Mary Connolly (an old woman over 60 years of age), charged with the wilful murder of Edward Dillon of Kilmakill, near Thurles.

John Gorman, Patrick Bourke, Thomas Sadleir, John Smith, Edward Hogan, and Daniel Tierney, charged with attacking the house of Patrick Ralph, of Coolbawn.

John Mulcahy, appearing in arms at Ganmore?.

Patrick Malampy, Edward Malampy, George Hewitt, Denis Brien, Patrick Hickey, Patrick Alyward, charged at firing at Edward Malampy.

John Cleary, Thomas McGrath, and Thomas Brien, charged with robbing and attacking the dwelling of Patrick Ryan.

John Dooley and Patrick Ryan charged with robbing James Powell on the highway of 40s.

Martin Kane (who has turned approver), Michael Whelan, Timothy Hogan, and Patrick Coonan, charged with assaulting with arms and robbing the dwelling house of Michael Haskett near Borrisokane.

John Leahy, Thomas Looby, Denis Leahy, and Richard Connolly, charged with robbery of firearms out of the house of Nicholas Dunbar.

I don't have the date of this, just the year)M.

Committed to Nenagh Goal, by John G. Jones, R.M., Philip Maher for the murder of Thomas Shanahan, process-server, near Borrisoleigh, on the 21st Oct. 1844; also for the robbery of Quinlan and Cormack, near Annameadle: Michael Meares of Fantane. and Philip Maher for the attack on Hogan, near Bawn, when John Hogan was severely injured from a gunshot wound; Edmond Ryan, John Conway, Thomas Dwyer, and John Kennedy, of Bawn, the latter being a respectable farmers son, and the person who bought the party to Hogan's house. This gang was connected with several other persons who were engaged to go in all directions in the North Riding of Tipperary committing outrage and murder. Since these arrests several bad characters have absconded. There is most satisfactory evidence against the people arrested and the breaking up of such a gang is looked on as one of the most important events that could have occurred to this country. One of the gang has turned approver, and it is thought that the perpetrators of all the outrages will be shortly brought to justice.

The Nenagh Guardian which has reached us today announces that the disturbed districts of the northern part of the County are now nightly patrolled by the 17th Lancers, accompanied by a party of the constabulary, whilst the neighbourhoods of Puccawn, Toomevara, and the Silver Mines, are occupied by detachments of the 20th Regiment. The same journal publishes a long list of additional Rockite notices, two attempts to murder, in one of which a father and son were dragged out of bed and beaten in a cruel and unmerciful manner with sticks and fire arms. A Coroners inquest has been held on the bodies of the two men named Gleeson and Tierney, the account of whose murders have already appeared in The Times. It appears that the unhappy men have had a dispute with the three persons named. Needham, relative to an encroachment on some grass land, words led to blows, and that finally Gleeson and Tierney were knocked down by stones by the Needhams, and only survived 5 to 6 hours afterwards. The jury returned a verdict in accordance with the evidence. The assassins have for the present eluded the hands of justice. The deceased were both comfortable farmers holding from 35 to 40 acres of land. One of the murderers was a brother-in-law of Tierney. Government has offered a reward of 100s for the discovery of the murderers of Hayes one of the late victims to the conspiracy.

To the editor of the times.

Sir, As at the present moment, the Property Defence Association of Ireland is before the public, it may not be out of place to mention what they have done in my individual case. I am a landlord, resident since I inherited now over 40 years, and hold in my own hands 1,500 acres of land. On the 5th of November last, notices were posted up warning my farm labourers to cease working for me the following day. This order 29 out of 35 obeyed. I was at the time engaged in saving my root crops, and not prepared in other ways for

the winter storms. I kept the stock fed during the following week with my reduced staff, thinking that the others might see the error of their ways and return, as most of them lived in my cottages rent free, and possessed other advantages.

On the 11th of November I applied to the Association for assistance in men and on the 14th of that month, 10 men and an overlooker reached me. With their help, I have saved my root crops, thatched my corn stacks, shod my horses, and repaired wilfully broken fences, and am in a fair way to weather the rest of the winter. I pay the Association large wages for the use of the men, but in my own district I might have offered 10s. a day and not got men. Almost everything has to come from Dublin, 80 miles away, and I cannot dispose of the produce of my farm locally. Without the help of the Association I should probably have lost most of my root crops and some of the stock through want of attention. And not only have I been benefited by the action of the Association, but other residents whose labourers were wavering in their allegiance have had their hands strengthened by the misfortunes under which my late labourers are suffering, being out of their homes, and only allowed a small pittance by the Ladies Land League. Any of your readers who are doubtful of the usefulness, non sectarian, and non political character of the Property Defence association, can obtain from me, further information.

I am, Sir,

Faithfully Yours.

John Trant.

Dovea, Thurles, Co. Tipperary.

John Trant lived in Dovea, in the Parish of Drom and Inch.

Last night between 10 and 11 O'Clock, a number of men attacked the Roskeen Police Barrack in the Thurles district of County Tipperary. It was very dark at the time, and they were able to approach the Barrack, which is built on an eminence, unobserved. There are 14 men in the station, and the majority of them were in bed when shots were fired at the window. The Police returned the fire and send up rockets, which were seen in Thurles, and a large party of policemen was dispatched in motor-lorries. They arrived while the attack was in progress, but , owing to the darkness, were unable to see the raiders. Just as the lorries pulled up a volley was fired at them, and one of the drivers was wounded in the hand. The Policemen jumped from the lorries and fired in the direction from which the shots had come, and the raiders fled. No one in the barrack was injured. A little later a party of soldiers arived from Thurles, and with the policemen patrolled the district for some hours.

FIRED ON AFTER LEAVING CATHOLIC CHURCH.

Dublin March 17th.

Another Policeman has been murdered in Tipperary, A comrade was wounded at

the same time. The shooting took place at 7'30 yesterday evening in the village square of Toomevara, which is stated to have been filled with people. They were returning from a service in the Roman Catholic Church. Constables Rock and Healy, of the local police force, were amongst the worshippers, and were on their way to their barracks when they were shot. They were unarmed. Just as they reached the square, some persons who were behind them opened fire with revolvers. Constable Rock fell on the pathway fatally wounded, and Constable Healy staggered away with a bullet wound in his body. Rock appealed to his assailants to show him mercy and they replied by firing three more shots at him, all of which took effect. The murderers then disappeared into the crowd. Dr. Powell of Nenagh was summoned to the wounded constables. Rock had been shot in four places and died a few hours after. Healy's wound is not believed to be serious. A civilian named Treacy who was passing when the shooting started was wounded in the leg by a bullet.

Today soldiers and policemen from Nenagh searched the district, but have made no arrests.

On Wednesday night, two shots were fired into the nursery windows of the Abbey, Fethard, the residence of W.H. Latham Esq., a gentleman of inoffensive manners, and who liberally bestowed, a short time ago, the Abbey of Fethard to the Augustinian Friars for a chapel. We trust the perpetrators of this outrage will be discovered".

At the fair of Borrisoleigh on Saturday when business was just commencing, two desperate factions named the "Rossoutys" or "Black Hens", and the "Stapletons" or "Magpies" having met by appointment, rushed upon each other with fury. Business was at once suspended and the people quitted the town with their stock, and happy was he who escaped without the tap from the shillelagh of the "Black Hens" or "Magpies." After a desperate fight, the "Black Hens" gave way and fled in disorder to the hills, pursued by the victorious "Magpies", who in turn were pursued by the Thurles police that had just arrived.

On Sunday 31st August 1828. a vast number of persons amounting to upwards of 5,000, some on horseback, others on foot, came into Borrisoleigh and assembled on the Fair Green, when the leaders, Patrick Ryan, or "Paddy Fotherig" and Thomas Kelly, came forward and embraced each other, walked round the Fair Green arm in arm followed by their respective parties and all declared they were resolved to live in future in peace and concord with each other. The Fair Green for some years had been the scene of much rioting and bloody encounters.

On Wednesday and Thursday last, the Rev Dr. Butler, Thurles visited the parishes of Holycross & Moycarkey and convened the parishioners for the

purpose of exhorting them against joining in the unhappy rising of the White Boys, or taking the Oaths administered by them. Those of the parishes, who met on the occasion, pledged themselves to each other to exert their endeavours for carrying his laudable admonition into execution. The Whiteboys in defiance, fixed same day for swearing in the parishioners. Mr John Mannion of Shanbally with those loyal to AB. proceeded to White Boys rendezvous at 5 a.m. and sought to persuade the 1000 or more gathered there to refuse the Oath, but White Boys carried on swearing in of members, and ordered Mannin and his companions to swear also. They refused. "They fired on him and threw several stones at him and the people with him immediately surrounded and disarmed them....".

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES.

Sir,-The following details may be interesting to your readers as exemplifying the power of the land League. On the 22nd of September a process-server, escorted by a police force of 17 men, retreated on my house for protection, followed by a howling mob of people, who yelled and hooted at the members of my family. On the ensuing day, Sept. 23rd, the people collected in crowds upon my farm, and some hundred or so came up to my house, and ordered off, under threats of ulterior consequences, all of my farm labourers, workmen, and stablemen, commanding them to never work for me again. My Herd has been also frightened by them in giving up his employment, though he has refused to give up the house he holds from me as part of his emolument. Another herd on an off farm has also been compelled to resign his situation. My Blacksmith has received a letter threatening him with murder if he does any more work for me, and my laundress has also been ordered to give up my washing. A little boy, 12 years of age, who carried my post-bag to and from the neighbouring town of Ballinrobe, was struck and threatened on Sept. 27th, and ordered to desist from his work, since which time I have send my little nephew for my letters, and even he, on the 2nd. October, was stopped on the road, and threatened if he continued to act as my messenger. The Shopkeepers have been ordered to stop all supplies to my house, and I have just received a message from the postmistress to say that the telegraph messenger was stopped and threatened on the road when bringing out a message to me, and that she does not think it safe to send any more telegrams which may come for me in the future for fear they should be abstracted and the messenger injured. My farm is public property; the people wander over it with impunity. My crops are trampled on, carried away in quantities, and destroyed wholesale. The locks on my gate are smashed, the gates thrown open, the walls thrown down, and the stock driven out on the roads. I can get no workman to do anything, and my ruin is openly avowed as the object of the Land League, unless I throw up everything, and leave the Country. I say nothing about the danger to my own life, which is apparent to anybody that knows the country.

Charles. E. Boycott.
Lough Mask-house,
Ballinrobe.
Co. Mayo.
Oct. 14th 1880.

(Captain Boycott was resident agent for Lord Erne and was engaged in farming part of the estate at Lough Mask. On the 28th of November he and his family left to go to England.)

The Orkney Property In Tipperary.

The speech delivered by Captain Fitzmaurice in the debate on the third reading of the Irish Poor Law Bill, and the statements therein made with respect to the Earl of Orkney's property in Tipperary, have drawn forth a very remarkable counterstatement in the form of a letter addressed to the gallant member, by Mr. Trant of Dovea, a gentleman who has recently filled the office of high-sheriff of the county in which the estates in question are situate. The letter is subjoined; and it will, perhaps, be admitted that the revelations here made are not the least curious that have been brought to light by the extraordinary circumstances of the times.

Dovea, Thurles, April 21st. 1847.

"Sir,-Having seen in the Dublin Evening Mail of the 19th inst, the report of a speech made by you, on the 15th inst, in the House of Commons, I think it but right to give you some more accurate information than you seem to be in possession of as to the state of your brother's (The Earl of Orkney) property in this neighbourhood. In that speech if correctly reported, you say-'At the very moment the attack was made , his (Captain Fitzmaurice) brother (Earl of Orkney) though not in Ireland, had instructed his agents to draw for any reasonable amount of funds the meet the emergency which existed; means were afforded to two tenants to sow their land, and by the course pursued, not a single labourer on his brother's property had applied for employment under the officers of the Board of Works.'. In the above speech you allege three distinct facts-

1. That the agent was instructed to draw for any reasonable amount of funds to meet the emergency that existed.
2. Means were afforded to two tenants to sow their lands.
3. That by the course pursued not a single labourer on your brother's property had applied for employment under the officers of the Board of Works.

"In the first place; I can show you that your primary assertion, though strong, and perhaps sufficient to satisfy an indifferent listener, is inconsistent with the fact that the poor relief committee of the electoral division of Inch, in the County of Tipperary, in which body I have the

honour to be a member , and where your noble relative has very considerable property, have for the last two seasons of distress and destitution made several pressing applications to the Earl of Orkney for a subscription or donation in aid of the fund, through his agent, Mr. Galway (who, I believe, resides somewhere in the County of Limerick, about 30 Irish Miles from the property over which he is agent) and always received a decided refusal up to last month, when we were forwarded the munificent donation of 10s., but which we should value at its utmost worth, as I do not think that any other poor relief committee in whose district he has property has been so successful. You then state, that means were afforded to two tenants to sow their lands. I have frequently heard that John Bull was easily gulled; but that the advocate of the possessor of a rent roll of about 5000s per annum in this country should camely state, as a proof of the very considerable assistance afforded during these times, that means were afforded to two tenants to sow their lands, is, on the scene of the actual want and misery, almost incredible, and, in truth, brings discredit on the Imperial Parliament, and is an argument-one of no light weight -to show the incapability of the English Parliament's being a judge of Irish affairs. No Irish resident of any class of Society but would smile, were not the inclination to merriment banished from their minds by the daily sight of gaunt famine , now not striding through the land, but a recognized inhabitant".

With reference to your third statement "That not a single labourer on your brother's property had applied for employment under the officers of the Board of Works. ". I can inform you that upwards of 20 families on the estate of the Earl of Orkney, immediately adjoining mine, are, and have been, constantly employed on the public works for the last year; notwithstanding which several of those must have perished if it had not been for the gratuitous relief, as well as the additional employment, given to them by me. Should these facts appear to you to be exaggerated or unfounded, or should my not being personally acquainted with you induce you to give less credence to them than you otherwise would. I can furnish you with extracts from the minutes of the proceedings of the Poor relief Committee, and with a list of names of all the persons on the Earl of Orkneys estate employed on the Public Works. I can also refer you for the truth and accuracy of my statement to Mr. John Gore Jones, resident magistrate, Thurles: The Rev. R. Carey, Protestant clergyman, The Rev. Mr. Mullany, Parish Priest: or any resident landlord in the North Riding of Tipperary.

I have the honour to be. Sir,

Your obidient servant.

John Trant.

Chairman, Inch Poor Relief Committee.

In the National Library I (Mary) came across part of a document and letter dated May. 1846. This letter regarding subscriptions for the famine relief

was written by Richard Carey and Thomas Mullaney, protestant clergyman and Parish Priest of Inch. It was addressed to Thomas Laffan Kelly who was agent for a number of Tipperary Landlords.

Drom.
Borrisoleigh
May 1846.
Sir,

In compliance with your request, we forward on the other side a list of the local subscribers to the relief fund of the Parish of Inch. Co. Tipperary. We beg also to state the money is being and will be expended on the purchase of food for which labour and half price cost are required in most cases. Some portion is given gratis to those unable to work.

List of Local Subscribers.

John Trant Esq. High Sheriff. £40.
George Ryan, Inch House. £40
Francis O'Brien Esq. £10
Ml. O'Meara Esq. £10
Rev. Thos. Mullaney £12
Rev. Richard Carey £5.
Mr. Ed. Callinan, Dovea (Richard Callanan's family) £5.
Mr. Ed. Long. (My Family) £4.

The list concludes Ten to twelve farmers have paid 1 to 2 pounds. So it seems that Trant was telling the truth, that the biggest landowner (Earl of Orkney) in the Parish of Inch, up to 1846 hadn't given a penny to the famine relief.

Startling news of a widespread series of outrages, resulting in the deaths of seven servants of the crown and the wounding of 12 others reached Dublin this morning. they seem to suggest a pre-arranged attack on members of the RIC throughout the Country. Official Reports received up to this afternoon show that between last night and 12 O'Clock today attempts were made on the lives of 52 policemen. The following are the particulars of the Outrages reported.

Donegal; At Killybegs, a police patrol consisting of a sergeant and three men were ambushed by a large party of armed men. One constable was wounded. The Police returned fire and the attackers fled.

Longford; District Inspector Killegher was shot dead in Tiernan's hotel in Granard.

King's County;Sergeant Henry Cronin, RIC Tullamore was fired on when

proceeding from his home to the Barrack and died in King's County Infirmary.

Co. Tyrone. At Dungannon a police patrol was fired at by a party of men in ambush and a constable was wounded.

Co. Tipperary. At the village of Ballyduff a police patrol was fired on, one constable was killed and another wounded.

At Killenaule an attempt was made to shoot an army officer, who escaped injury. He returned the fire, and one of his assailants is believed to be killed. A Military Sergeant was wounded.

County Kerry.

At Killorgan, Constables Caseley and Evans were shot dead.

County Kilkenny; Two constables were fired on but escaped.

A Murderer Arrested.

On Wednesday night, Mr. Brown, an officer in the Irish Police Force, arrived in Cardiff, having in his custody two Irishmen, named Terence Curboy, and Michael Banan, who had contrived to escape from Ireland to this country after committing very serious offences against the law. Curboy, who appeared a young man about 20 years of age, is charged with having barbarously murdered a man named Gleeson at Toomavara, in the County of Tipperary, by shooting him with a blunderbuss, and then, when his victim lay struggling in agony, terminating his existence by hitting him on the head with the butt end of the piece. This atrocious outrage was, it is said committed without the slightest reasonable provocation. The prisoner was taken at the Drim colliery, in this Country, by Mr. Brown, after a protracted and arduous search, which he continued under great difficulties with unbated ardour and determination. He left Tipperary in order to trace the prisoner, (if possible) and after making minute enquiries throught the several iron and coal works of Monmouthshire, and Glamorganshire, he succeeded in capturing the suspected murderer, as above stated. In the course of his search he accidentally fell in with Michael Banan, who escaped from justice, after being involved in some Whiteboy transactions, about two or three years ago, his comrade in that outrage having been transported. The Prisoners were lodged in the county goal on wednesday night , and left by steamer on Thursday morning for Bristol, whence they proceeded to Ireland by one of the Irish Packets. Curboy seemed to feel acutely the position he was placed in.

1815. March 15. Clonmel Herald. Daniel Trihy of Fishmoyne gives notice that he has surrendered himself for trial at ensuing assizes, being charged, on suspicion, with the murder of Timothy Gleeson of Fishmoyne.

1830. Jan 29. Clonmel Herald.

Two Lonergans, Dwyer, Hennessy and Fox were executed in the Glen of Aherlow.

Thos. McIncrow, Wm. McIncrow, John Dunne and Francis Dwyer committed to jail for aiding James McIncrow in carrying away Eleanor Heany of Brittas, near Cashel, on Jan 6th last.

Tipperary free Press, March 13th 1833.

TITHE SUFFERERS FUND.

On Monday Leonard Keating, Esq. and the proprietor of the Free Press, waited upon the Sheriff, and made the necessary arrangements preparatory to the release from captivity of that talented young gentleman, John Keating O'Dwyer, Esq. which gratifying event took place on yesterday. There is still one sufferer, Mr. Lysaght Pennefather, whose incarceration, owing to private causes, has been unfortunately protracted. Mr. P. has saved us the disagreeable task of rebutting the low and mean insinuations which have been groundlessly cast upon the men of this county. Any dereliction of principle we shall take care to place to the account of the delinquent without allowing any portion of blame to attach to those undeserving of it. This much we shall only say, that the Patriotic men of Tipperary cannot be swayed by the sectarian prejudices which only those who entertain them habitually, could attribute to them, of this fact Mr. Pennefather is aware, and of course he never felt for a moment he was abandoned. Thus stands the case-a heavy debt remains yet to be discharged-this is not the time and the place to tell how the debt has accumulated-it is sufficient to say, that if those Parishes that have been hitherto criminally apathetic, perform their duty-no stain shall remain on the honour of Tipperary. The following subscriptions have been received since our last publication.

From the Parish of Tipperary, per John O'Leary Esq. £32.10.0.

Parish of Golden per Rev. Mr. Quinlan. £11.0.0..

Parish of Caher. Per John O'Shea, Esq. £12.4.6.

Powerstown and Lisronagh, per John Dunphy. Esq. £9.1.1.

(Includes the sub. Of the Rev. Mr. Wall 30s. and the Rev. Mr. Maher 10s.)

From Richard Lalor Sheil Esq. M.P. per J. Cahill Esq. £50.0.0.

From the Parish of Thurles, per do. £30.17.1.

ANTI-GAGGING MEETING.

On Sunday last there was a very numerous meeting of the men of Gortnahoe, and Glangool, over which presided that excellent clergyman and sterling Patriot the Rev. Mr. Meighan. P.P. The spirited resolutions, unanimously adopted, will be found in our advertising columns. On the Sunday previous the Parishioners of Whitechurch and Tubrid assembled and have also placed upon record "a strong unvarnished protest" against the unhallowed measures of the Whigs.

IN CHANCERY.

Ellen Scully and Mary Joyce Codd Plaintiffs.

John Scully, executor of William Scully and others, Defendants.

Pursuant to an order made in this cause bearing the date the 28th. February last, I require all persons claiming to be Creditors, or having demands against the real or personal estate of William Scully, late of Dually, in the County of Tipperary, to come in and prove their demands before me at my chambers on the Inns-Quay, in the City of Dublin, on or before the 25th. March, inst. Otherwise they will be precluded from the benefit of the said

order.

Dated the 9th day of March. 1833

J.S.Townsend.

John Grene, Solicitor for the Plaintiffs.

Chambers, 23 Capel Street. Dublin.

A COVERED CARRIAGE.

Nearly as good as new, can be drawn by one or two horses, to be seen at Mr. Julian's Coach Maker, during the Assizes.

ALSO

A PAIR OF HORSES.

Perfectly trained to double or single harness-one of them safe and pleasant for a Lady to ride. Time can be given for payment if necessary.
Reports from the County Tipp assizes reported in the Tipp Free Press dated March 20th 1833.

CROWN COURT.

The Hon. Justice Torrens took his seat on the bench this morning within five minutes to 10 O'Clock. the court was called for three quarters of an hour, in hearing and disposing of burning petitions; after which the Grand Panel for the County was called over by Mr. Carmichael, and the following Petit Jury was sworn:-

Richard Charles Blackmore

John Barnes.

Robert Keating.

Nicholas Maher.

William Lonergan.

Francis Greene.

Daniel Joseph Murphy.

James Prendergast.

John Luther.

John Minikin.

George Everard.

James Keating.

Margaret Hare, a square bodied, bluff faced young woman, was placed at the bar, for stealing a pair of shoes and a cloak, the property of Patrick?

Collins, who resided within 5 miles of Nenagh.

Peter? Collins, a meagre looking man, sworn-.

The court frequently remonstrated with witness , on the necessity of speaking out, and direct him that it was his intention not to allow expenses to those who would not address themselves in audible language to the Jury and the Court. This, I find said Judge Torrens has been introduced by Baron Gurney. The witness who pleaded deafness was, with difficulty informed of what the learned Judge said. He, at length said, that he lived in a Parish 5 miles from Nenagh, was robbed of a pair of shoes and a cloak at night, when asleep, has every reason to know who took them;- (Here he identified the prisoner), she came into his house at night, and first opened the door herself; followed her to the County Clare-(Laughter)-where he found her as well as his shoes and cloak; when he went to the house to look for her, she went under the bed to hide, knew her to be before that about the neighbourhood, did not think she had any way of living; when he took her in the house, he brought her to the police, she then acknowledged to have taken the cloak. Witness was Cross examined by the Court, but nothing in contradiction to his direct evidence elicited. He did not get the cloak or shoes for 8? days after they had been stolen.

Court; Well Prisoner have you any questions to ask witness.

Prisoner-O my Lord, the varmint, ask him please your worship, did he not lend it to me, Your Lord.

Court; Well witness, you hear what the prisoner says-she says you lent her the coat.

Witness-Wisha faith I never did, your Honours Glory.

Prisoner-O;my Lord, its all a conspiracy against me-he only wants you8 darlent Honour the transportation money, my Lord.

Bridget Collins Sworn:

Court-Did you ever lend your cloak to the prisoner?

Witness-Never my Lord.

Prisoner-Within be my cowkins? (or sowkins), she did my Lord.

Clerk of the Court-Would you wish to ask any questions of the witness-prisoner?

Prisoner-No questions please your worship nly she lint me the cloak, My Lord.

Bridget Collins gave prisoner entertainment for two days, never saw her working or otherwise employed, took her in for those days through charity.

Mr. Keating (Juror)-Witness had you had any acquaintance with the prisoner previously to this.

Witness-No your honour.

A Policeman came forward and proved to the capture of the female heroine,

who appeared all the time quite fraught with virtuous indignation.
Guilty.

The learned Judge said; Prisoner, you appear to be an idle and very disorderly person, you have robbed your neighbour who gave you hospitality-You are to be transported for 7 years.

NEXT CASE.

John Keeffe, a youth apparently about 15 years of age was presented by the Grand Jury as a vagrant. Policeman Morgan, swore that he had no means of living, but the produce of his robberies-he had been charged with robbery 12 times before in the town of Nenagh, was tried once and found guilty, the sums were so trifling, that those from whom he stole them, did not think it worth while prosecuting him therefor.

Guilty-To be transported at the end of three months, if no character be procured for him.

NEXT CASE.

Nicholas Dalton was placed at the bar for the robbery of Thomas Slattery. Thomas Slattery sworn-Remembers the 22nd of December last, he had, on that day, £18 in notes, and 9s in silver, in his pocket, was in the house of one Cahill, at Kilsheelan, where he went into with the prisoner, whom he and his brother met when returning from the fair in Carrick, lying on the road in a helpless state, as he (prisoner) alledged from weak fits into which he was subjected to lapse. They went to bed together at night and in the morning he found that the waistcoat which he had on him during the night was opened and the money taken out of it.; after giving information, it was discovered that the prisoner on being searched, had a peculiar sixpence which the witness had in his possession for 18 months before.

Guilty-To be transported for 7 years.

NEXT CASE.

Patrick Fox and Michael Fox were placed at the bar for a grievous assault on Owen Ryan.

Owen Ryan, sworn, examined by Mr. Scott, knowas Patrick and Michael Fox, they are neighbours of his, remebers last Jan., was coming from Limerick on ed. night with 2 loads of wheat, Fox met him on the road, and pulled the cape of his riding coat over his head, it was night at this time, around 11 O'Clock, was sure and certain Fox was there, knows him well, had a dispute with him bout 3 years ago. Michael Fox was the one who first came up to him, and he threw Fox on his knees. Foxes brother then struck him with a sharp instrument, on the back of the head, the blow did not knock him down, nor did he care much about it only he felt it a little uneasy. The Foxes then and two others fell upon him, they all beat and bruised him, and took the pennyworth of tobacco out of his pocket, and two pence in change. When they had beaten him severely, they threw him aside on the road, and leaving him

apparently lifeless, they said "There is one of the number". (Here the witness presented his head to the court which was actually rigid with furrows). Knew the Foxes well so as could not be mistaken in them, does not know who the other men were, who were with them..

Cross examined by Mr. Hatchell-The night was dark, but he knew the Foxes well, was not tipsy returning from Limerick; Left Limerick about 4 O'Clock, and was not drunk, on his oath. Here the learned counsel went into a very long and able cross-examination, but did not shake the direct evidence of the witness in the least, who appeared altho' to be most good humouredly and well minded.

Policeman Smith arrested the Foxes about two hours after the affray occurred and found the blood of Michael Fox flowing from his knees, and his trousers dirty and coat. Fox said to Ryan "You know Owen Ryan that neither you, nor your father, nor your brother was man enough for us.

Here the prosecution ceased.

FOR DEFENCE.

Thomas Walsh, examined by Mr. Hatchell, sworn,-Knows that the Foxes had nothing to do in the matter. Went to Limerick to see a friend, on coming home went into Foxes, they were both in bed; they were all awake in the house that night as the Foxes had an unhealthy sister, who when she'd catch cold would throw up blood, when he was leaving the house to go home, and as he had his hand on the latch of the door, he heard the cries of Owen Ryan, "Bloodily" calling out not to murder him, Ryan said he was a son of Darby Ryan, Ryan was a neighbour of his.

Cross-examined by Mr. Smith, You are a neighbour of Owen Ryans and you would not go to save him, was afraid of being beat himself, and the night was so dark, is a friend of Fox, a near friend, is not a friend of Ryans, is a neighbour though he believes, a second or first cousin of Fox.

The judge having summed up the evidence, the jury immediately returning a verdict of guilty.

Both of them transported for 7 years.

Reports from the County Tipp assizes reported in the Tipp Free Press dated March 20th 1833.

Peter Lyons was placed at the bar, charged with a greivous assault on Malachy Ryan at Cappa, also of robbing him of £14.2.0. on the 27th of Jan last. Malachi Ryan sworn-examined by Mr. Scott. K.C. Knows Peter Lyons, saw him in Cappa, remembers the 27th of Jan. last saw him that day in Cappa, at the house of Mrs Keane, they were both together, went down the street again, saw him take a tongs out of the house and put it under his coat, did not know why he took the tongs, supposed it was a spite he had against someone in the street, had never thought it was against him, when they were both going down by the pound gate, Lyons told witness to wait for him awhile, as he had business inside for a moment, witness waited a long time and I returned to look for prisoner, who when witness came up, told him he had lost something and was looking for it. Witness was looking for what he had

said he had lost with prisoner, when he struck witness on the left side of the head, and then took the tongs out also; witness lay insensible for some time at length, when he recovered he found he was missing his money. On Cross-Examination by Mr Hatchell, it was elicited that witness was a pensioner in the East India Company, and had been robbed of his pension by Lyons, a short time after drawing it. He had lost his left eye and an arm in the service. Nothing however, contrary to his strict examination was elicited, and the prisoner was found guilty. (Sentence not yet passed.).

Next Case.

Patrick Reddy, Thomas Fogarty, and William Condon, were placed at the bar, charged with stealing a cloak, bed and other articles out of the Cholera Hospital of Carrick-On-Suir. The witness who came forward to prove against the prisoners, was of rather impeached character, and a verdict of not guilty was then given by the Jury. .

Next Case.

Duncan King pleaded guilty to the charge, having stolen goods in Templemore. Sentence to be passed.

Next Case.

Alice Condon was placed at the bar charged with a greivous assault on Alice Bryan. (The readers of this journal, must have been acquainted with this transaction) in consequence of the non appearance of evidence.

The prisoner was discharged.

Court-It is very lucky for you Alice Condon that the prosecutrix don't appear here, your'se is a very serious one.

Mr. Smith, Your Lord, she doesn't speak english. (Laughter).

Court (To the Jailer)-Mr Sanford, tell the prisoner if you speak Irish, that she would be transported were she able to be prosecuted and found guilty of the charge against her.

While the jury were in the room adjudging the above case, (Mansalughter of Doheny), the following Petit jury were sworn.

Anthony Lamphier,

George Smithwick,

Oliver Mills,

Clement Carroll,

Daniel Byrne,

James Kelly,

Robert O'Donnell,

John Toppin,

Robert Collins,

Patrick Walsh,

John Fitzpatrick,
Thomas Faulkner.

Thomas Hackett, William Maher and Thomas McGrath were placed at the bar, charged with having assaulted the habitation of William Tyne, and with ordering him to quit his employment. William Tyne remembers the night his house was attacked; those who attacked it; "took the three cows out of it"; was in the service of Mr. Llyod, of Rathoof as caretaker of his place, had been in his service 5 months previously; Thomas Meagher held that situation before him; Thomas Meagher is William Meaghers father; it was by night they came to attack his house, the door was first broken open and two men who came in found spades in his house with which they cut down his house. knew the three men on his oath, tho' there were others there whom he did not know; the two men who took down the spades were Thomas Hackett and William McGrath, knew them three years before that period; saw Meagher aferwards; they wanted him to swear to give up his employment; but he would not do so; said the reason they came to him was; that he was a bad member and that he should quit; they wanted him to kneel down; but he refused; they did not beat him; but said he would be out of that place in six days.

Mr. Hatchell cross-examined the witness.

A few Policeman were brought forward who arrested the prisoners.

Pierce Llyod Esq. gave Maher and McGrath an excellent character, knew them from their boyhood, they were in his occupation also.

Captain Jacob also gave them an excellent character.

Mr Basil Bryan knew Hackett for several years and he had ever bore a good character.

Mr. Charles Minchin proved the same for Hackett.

The jury after consultation of 20 minutes returned a verdict of guilty.

While the jury were in the room adjudging the above case, (Mansalughter of Doheny), the following Petit jury were sworn.

Anthony Lamphier,
George Smithwick,
Oliver Mills,
Clement Carroll,
Daniel Byrne,
James Kelly,
Robert O'Donnell,
John Toppin,
Robert Collins,
Patrick Walsh,
John Fitzpatrick,
Thomas Faulkner.

Thomas Hackett, William Maher and Thomas McGrath were placed at the bar,

charged with having assaulted the habitation of William Tyne, and with ordering him to quit his employment. William Tyne remembers the night his house was attacked; those who attacked it; "took the three cows out of it;" was in the service of Mr. Llyod, of Rathoof as caretaker of his place, had been in his service 5 months previously; Thomas Meagher held that situation before him; Thomas Meagher is William Meaghers father; it was by night they came to attack his house, the door was first broken open and two men who came in found spades in his house with which they cut down his house. knew the three men on his oath, tho' there were others there whom he did not know; the two men who took down the spades were Thomas Hackett and William McGrath, knew them three years before that period; saw Meagher aferwards; they wanted him to swear to give up his employment; but he would not do so; said the reason they came to him was; that he was a bad member and that he should quit; they wanted him to kneel down; but he refused; they did not beat him; but said he would be out of that place in six days.

Mr. Hatchell cross-examined the witness.

A few Policeman were brought forward who arrested the prisoners.

Pierce Llyod Esq. gave Maher and McGrath an excellent character, knew them from their boyhood, they were in his occupation also.

Captain Jacob also gave them an excellent character.

Mr Basil Bryan knew Hackett for several years and he had ever bore a good character.

Mr. Charles Minchin proved the same for Hackett.

The jury after consultation of 20 minutes returned a verdict of guilty.

After the trial of Thomas Hackett, William Maher, and Thomas McGrath, the former jury were recalled, and Roger Feely was placed at the bar for the abduction of Mary Lanigan.

Mary Lanigan, an innocent looking country girl, about 18 years of age, was examined by Mr. Scott.K.C. remembers the 8th of last Feb in the evening; remembers being carried away; had not gone to rest previous to that, it was yet early in the evening, perhaps not more than 4 O'Clock, her brothers, mother and sisters were together with her in the house; her father is dead, the house was shut at the time; and a rap came to the door, and some persons called out for their servant boy whose name was Dan Maher; a number of persons then came into the house when the door was opened, but she could not tell how many there were; they spoke to her not to stir; one of them ran towards her to catch her, but she ran to the crane, and held firmly to it for a while, she was at length dragged from it; she was then taken from the house; was taken away against her consent; they took her to no house; they took her near to one which belonged to an aunt of Roger Feely; after they had taken her so far they put her behind a horse which Roger Feely rode; she knew Roger Feely before that time; they had not gone far when the Police came up.

Mr. Scott-Did Feely say anything to you?-He did, he said he wanted to marry me.

Mr. Scott-Had you been courting him before that time.

Witness-Indeed I had not Sir.

Mr. Scott-Upon your oath was it against your will that you were taken off that evening.

Witness-Oh, then in troth, it was, Sir.

Mr. Scott-How far did they take you on horse-back.

Witness-We went a quarter of a mile, Sir.

Mr. Scott-Would you know Feely if you saw him, turn around and try can you see him in the court.

(The next bit is hard to read, it looks like) The rod was placed on the prisoners head and someone in the gallery was heard to give a loud shriek.

Mr. Scott-How far does the prisoner live from you.

Witness-He live about four fields away,

Mr. Scott-Did you know who brought the horse to you.

Witness-No. Sir. I did not.

Scott-Was there a saddle on the horse at the time.

Wit. I cannot tell, Sir.

Scott-but there was no pillion.

Wit.-No there was not Sir.

Mr Hatchell cross-examined the witness.

Mr.. H. Well Mary, how far from your house did they take you.

Wit. Not far, Sir.

Mr.H. There were men about you?

Wit. There were.

Mr.H. It was strange that you called no one to assist you.

Wit. I did not say anything, Sir.

Mr.H. Did you not beckon to the prisoner there now.?

Wit. No, Sir.

Mr.H. Did you not shake hands with him when you and the party came up to him.?

Wit. I did not, Sir.

Mr. H. Did you not get on the horse willingly?.

Wit. I did not.

Mr. H. How far did you go on the horse/. Not far, Sir.

Mr. H. Did the horse walk, run or gallop.?

Wit. It walked a little, Sir.

Mr. H. You were behind the prisoner?

Wit. I suppose, Sir.

Mr. H.-And you had no pillion?.

Wit. No. Sir.

Mr. H. -How can you tell the jury with any degree of seriousness, or truth, that you can ride without a pillion, and not fall off the horse?

Wit. I didn't go far enough to fall off.

Mr. H. Now, Mary, my dear, did you say anything to Feely when you and he were together on the horse.

Wit. No, I did not, Sir.

Mr. H. Did you pass any houses on your romantic journey that evening.

Wit.-We passed one house, Sir.

Mr. H. -Did you call out as you passed?

Wit. Nor, Sir, I was afraid to speak, nor did I call out.

Mr. H. So, Mary, you said nothing to Mr. Feely.?

Wit. Nothing.

Mr. H.-And was there anything said to you, my dear.

Wit. Feely said he'd take me away and marry me.

Mr. H. I am very glad, Rody Feely, says you.!

Wit. Oh no Sir, I did not say that.

Mr. H. Well then what did you say? Come now, speak out, my child, tell the gentlemen of the jury, what did you say.

Wit. I said nothing, Sir.

Mr.H.-Well then, I am very sorry, Mr. Feely, did you say that.

Wit. No. Sir, I did not.

Mr. H. Oh Ho. then you know, Mary, that silence gives consent.

Wit. Why then, if it does, I didn't give consent for the matter of it..

Mr. H. -Will you favour us, by informing us how you held yourself on the back of the horse, Mary?.

Wit. The horse didn't go more than 50 yards while I was on the back of it.

Mr.H.-Did he move slowly?

Wit. Not very, Sir.

Mr. H.-Did he not?.

Wit. No Sir.

Mr. H. -Walk?

Wit-A little Sir.

Mr.H.-Now Mary, had you not a hold of Mr. Feely when you were with him on the horse. Come now and speak up and let us all hear you.

Wit. I had a hold of him with my left hand, Sir.

Nr.H.-Where was your right hand all the time, Mary.?

Wit-I had my right hand engaged with holding up my cloak, Sir.

Mr. H. Was there another horse with you at this time.?

Wit. There was Sir.

Mr. H.-And a man on it?. Yes, Sir, two men on it.

Mr.H.-Now, Mary, do not you really suppose that is was to take special and particular care of you that Mr. Feely had you with him on the horse.

Wit- don't know, Sir.

Mr. H.-Now Mary, good girl, don't you believe that that was his intention.

Wit-I don't know, Sir.

Mr. Vass, a juror-You mentioned about your cloak a while since-do you think persons are in the habit of wearing their cloaks at the fire at night.?

Wit.-Oh Sir, they had a cloak which they put on me when we went outside that night.

Mr.H.-You never squeezed his hand!. No Sir, I did not.

Court-How old are you, good girl?

Wit. I am about 18, Sir.

Mr. H. Was it willingly you came forward here to prosecute this youn man?

Wit. -I would not prosecute anyone who would leave me alone.

Mr.H.-Your brothers were angry, I suppose, at the conduct of Feely.?

Wit. Oh that was no wonder, Sir.

Mr. H.-Have you ever been at Feely's house?. No, Sir, I have not.

Mr. H.-Nor you never said you would marry him?

Wit. No, Sir, I wouldn't marry him.

Thomas Lanigan sworn-Is brother to the last witness, remembers the 8th Feb. persons rapped at the door, were admitted by the servant boy, whose name they had called, one of the persons was disguised, and had a gun; that person said that if he stirred he would drive the contents of the gun through him, saw some of them take hold of his sister, when he saw that got up at once and ran to the fellow who held the gun, and when he had done so, others ran on him and lashed him, during this time his sister had been carried off and the door closed; when he got up , he went out and ran in the direction of Templetoohy, where the Police Barracks is, he then sought the Police, and they all went in pursuit of the persons who had taken his sister. The Barrack is half a mile from where he lives , saw his sister that night; the police took Robert Feely and his sister, the others fled.

Mr. Hatchell cross-examined.- Feely is a neighbours child, I suppose.?

Witness-He is, Sir.

Mr. H. -And he has ground, I believe.

Wit. he has Sir, about 15 acres.

Mr. H. And how many acres had your father.

Wit.-He had about 35 acres, Sir.

Mr.H. How many of you are there at home.?

Wit. There are 7 of us, Sir.

Mr.H. -That is the average quantity in this Country-My Lord, a man, wife, and 7 children-(A Laugh).

Mr.H.-Were you ever in company with prisoner?

Wit. I was, Sir.

Mr.H.-were you and your sister ever together in his company?

Wit. We were, but not often.

Mr.H.-Were you and your sister ever in a Public House with the prisoner.?

Wit-We were, Sir.

Mr. H. Didn't Feely and your sister sit at the same table with each other, and moreover near each other.?

Wit. They did, Sir.

Mr.H. Did you ever sit in the company of a female yourself?

Wit. I did Sir.

Mr.H.- and I believe you saw no harm in it?

witness-None in the world, Sir.

Arthur Ardagh (Policeman) was called on , and proved the capture of the unhappy pair.

The Judge then summoned up the evidence, and the jury without quitting their box, returned a verdict of guilty.

Sentence not yet passed.

Next Case.

Milo Burke and Thomas Hayes were placed at the bar,charged with having stolen arms from the house of Nicholas Madden, at Traverstown, in December 1831.

Nicholas Madden identified the prisoners and his wife corroborated the statment of the fire arms being stolen, but could not say by whom. Several persons were called to provide an alibi. the most curious feature in this trial , and one also which the learned Judge, said was the most unprecedented he had witnessed, was the voluntary submission of a person named Joseph Cuff (who had been in jail for some trivial offence), who came forward and said it was he and others who robbed the place, and that the other prisoners had nothing to do with it. He was Cross-examined by Mr. Scott, but his evidence was in some degree, slightly shaken. The Judge charged the jury at some length, who returned a verdict of guilty against both prisoners. Sentence of death recorded.

William Murphy, an illiterate and aged country man was placed at the bar charged with being the medium thro which a threatening letter was delivered to William Flinn. Murphy, it appears, had been threatened with the ire of the writers if he had not delivered it, and tho it was against his will he did so. Verdict-Guilty. To be confined for one month.

Cornelius Doherty was placed at the bar for firing shots at the house of Daniel Deegan, as also for wounding said Dergan-Not Guilty. (Names spelled exactly as is in paper.)

James and Michael Murphy were placed at the bar for delivering a threatening notice to Jn. Byrne. Verdict-Guilty. To be transported for 7 years.

Crown Court;Tuesday.

The Hon. Justic Torrens took his seat on the bench this morning shortly after 9 O'Clock; when the Petit Jury was sworn.

Thomas Burke was placed at the bar charged with having stolen money and assaulting Catherine Davoren in Templemore.

Catherine Davoren, a tall severe looking woman, sworn. examined by Mr. Scott. K.C. Knows Thomas Burke, saw him in Templemore, he took from her after having thrown her into the channel, a purse which she had around her neck containing bank notes to the amount of £4.10.0. and some silver, it was

on a market day, the prisoner was about throwing a stone when she first saw him and she told him not to do so.

Cross examined by Mr. Hatchell-The prisoner you say threw you down, Mrs Davoren?

Wit. Why thin faith he did so, Sir.

Mr.H.-And ill-treated you also?

Wit.-Yes to be sure, Sir.

Mr. H.-How many people were there by when this was done to you.

Wit.-A good many, Sir.

Mr. H.-Would you tell us Mr.?Davoren, where you live in Templemore.

Wit.-For the matter of that, I live in Pig-Foot lane, your honour. (Loud Laughter).

Mr.H.-How many Darrigs do they live in Pig-Foot lane, Kitty Davoren?

Wit. -I doesn't know, sure.

Mr.H. -You don't know, you say, is there three or four or one?

Wit. -Oh, as for that matter, there may be 15, your Worship.

Mr.H.-Your husband, I have a belief, belongs to one of the factions, Which is it to the Cummins or Darrigs, he belongs.

Wit. -He doesn't belong to either of them, your honour.

Mr.H. -He does not belong to either of them, how do you know that-now I think he does.

Wit. Oh!, he does not, if he did' I'd know myself better than you, Sir.

(Loud Laughter).

Mr.H.-Is your husband deaf, Katty?

Wit.-Wisha faith he is not deaf, your honour.

Mr.H.-And you sell pigs feet in Templemore, Mrs Davorn.?

Wit. I sell good pork and bacon.

Mr.H. -Well, were you not able to save your bacon on the day you say Burke robbed you, he treated you so very hardly that we must suppose you were not well off after him.

Wit.-Oh, as to that, my bacon was well saved before my Lord. (Loud Laughter).

Mr.H.-And you swear that you are not of the party of Cummins or Darrigs.

Wit.-I am of no party.

Mr.H.-Nor your husband.

Wit.-No, indeed.

Mr.H. - Were you ever in a fight in Templemore, Katty.

Wit.-No.

Mr.H.-Did you ever see a fight in Templemore?.

Wit. -Aye, did I ever see a fight in Templemore, aye, saw 500 fights in Templemore. (Laughter).

Mr.H.-And you never joined in any of them?

Wit. No.In troth.

Mr.H.-You have a nephew, I believe, named Fogarty.

Wit.-I have indeed, and a fine ruffian he is. (Laughter).

Mr.H.-Was he ever in a battle? Eh.

Mr.H.-Was Fogarty ever in a battle, I say?

Wit.-Whats it to me if he ever was.(Laughter).

Here the learned counsel went into an able cross-examination of the witness which produced (from time to time, roars of laughter).

Several witnesses came forward who proved that Mrs. Davoren scolded the prisoner and gave provocation, and he was accordingly acquitted.

The Emigration Movement.

Although winter is now fairly set in, and thus early there is a prospect of its being a severe season, the flight of the people proceeds almost as generally as it did during the months of Spring and Summer. The arrivals of emigrants in Dublin do not appear to be quite so numerous, yet the leading shipbrokers find it difficult enough to provide accommodation for the applicants for passage who swarm the offices along the quays and docks here. A respectable medical practitioner in the metropolis and his numerous family were among last week's departures for New York: and, if report speaks truly, next year will witness the exodus of no inconsiderable body of the members of another profession, that of the law, the business of which has declined, and must further still decline, to a point at which it would be hopeless to expect that provision could be made for one-fourth of the persons who had heretofore derived a competence from this fast-fading branch of Irish resources. Speaking of the flight from the South, The TIPPERARY FREE PRESS says- 'The emigration of the people has progressed, and is progressing, to an awful extent. On Thursday over sixty carloads of peasants, from the Counties of Tipperary and Kilkenny, arrived at Waterford to take shipping for Liverpool en route to America. In most instances they appeared of the better class, and were well and comfortably clothed. A singular fact is, that among them were several old men and women, who were going doubtless to join their children in the land of freedom.

From the Times Nov. 12th 1851.

Tipperary Constitution 24-1-1839

County Tipperary.

Barbarous Murder-A man named Humphries was returning from the Chapel of Moreough?, near Newport, on last Sunday, he was attacked by three men, two named Ryan and one named Mahony, who beat him until he presented a shocking spectacle, however he lingered until Wed. evening, and thus has the hand of the ruthless assassin at once deprived a fellow creature of his life, and rendered destitute a wife and three helpless children, to live as monuments

of their unlimited and sanguinary system of destroying human life. This is one of the many murders originating in agrarian differences, and which disgrace our country.

Murder-An unfortunate young man named Salmons, whose skull was fractured by a blow of a stone on Sunday last, near Roscrea, is no more, he died early on Tuesday morning, thus adding another victim to the black catalogue of crime in this county.

Last Friday evening as a man named Whelan was on his way home from Roscrea, he had scarcely reached the suburbs, when he was attacked and knocked down by two fellows, who robbed him of 30s worth of apparel, which he had just purchased. Owing to the active exertions of Mr. Morgan, chief constable, one of the robbers has been apprehended.

On Sunday last (the day before the opening of the commission) a party of armed men went to the house of Mr. Gilbert, near Cashel, supposing that gentleman to be at Clonmel. Fortunately, however, he was at home, and gave the party a warm reception, at which they quickly made off. Their object was robbery of arms.

8-1-1835

The Tipperary Free Press published in Clonmel states-"Two murders were committed in the public streets of Thurles on Saturday last between 3 and 4 O'Clock, by individuals who are known, and one of them is in custody fully charged, the other after slaying his victim, went deliberately through the streets and by the police barracks, and has not since been heard of. One of the persons was named Egan, from Toomevara, the other Cantwell from Whitefield.

A Rival journal the Clonmel Herald, published in the same town and the same day, gives a totally different version in every particular, save that two murders had been committed in the Streets in Thurles. It says "that there was only one murderer, who worked in a tobacco manufactory in Thurles, named Maher, who, after a hot pursuit by the police, swam a river and escaped: that the two murdered men were both named Ryan, the first killed in the

street by a blow of a stick loaded with lead, which instantly deprived him of life, the second in Pudding-Lane, by the blow of a stone which knocked him out. That one of the murdered men was from the Colliery, the other from Wingfield near Templemore, further that the deed was committed on Sunday. .

These accounts could scarcely be reconciled if last Saturday night's Gazette did not furnish a clue by the offer of 100s. reward for the apprehension of Michael Maher , who on the 27th attacked John Egan, (not on the street, but) on the road from Thurles to Toomevara, beat him, and broke his skull, of which he has since died. The Gazette does not even take notice of the second murder.

The last mentioned journal states, that on Monday morning last , at so public an hour as 9 O'Clock, 13 men, well armed with long guns, proceeded through the County, to Milltown, to a farm belonging to Mr. Doherty, where they left a threatening notice and inflicted personal abuse on the caretaker named Devane, ordering him to give up his situation and holding. As they were seen going in the direction of Mr. Murphys, of Woodford, about 60 of his tenantry collected, and supposing that the armed men were going to attack the owner, offered their assistance to repel them, and if Mr. Murphy would assist, to attack and secure the 13. This Mr. Murphy (having but one gun in his house) prudentially declined, and the party passed in peace. They were subsequently observed and pursued by Captain Long (magistrate) assisted by the Rev. Mr. Moloney, Roman Catholic Curate of Clonoulty, and the Police of the stations which they successively passed at Rathcannon, Thomastown, and Bansha, till their horses were tired, and they finally lost all sight and trace of the marauders at Grantstown. The threatening notice is given at length. It is stated to be written in a good hand, and evinces a superior style of Whiteboy literature.

Clonmel Advertiser 11-7-1818

Clonmel July 4th 1818 Election.

Yesterday in consequence of some words in the Eliogarty booth , between Mr. Daniel Falkner, and Mr. John Hunt, of Thurles, they met in a short time at Thakincor, in the County of Waterford, where at the first fire Mr. Hunt received a ball in the left leg, which fractured one of the bones thereof; but we are happy to hear his life is not considered in danger. Mr. Hunt's ball, we understand, passed through one of the whiskers of Mr. Falkner. Mr. Hunt was seconded by Nicholas Meagher, esq., of Thurles, as was Mr. Falkner

by Captain Robins.

The Times 23-2-1839

Destruction of Kilcooley Abbey by Fire.

This splendid old Gothic mansion, the residence of Mr. Ponsonby Barker, one of the Conservative candidates for the County of Tipperary, was burned to the ground on Sunday Morning, The furniture, and everything but the plate, were consumed. Captain and Mrs Barker, who had been sleeping in the Abbey, had a very narrow escape, having got out at the window and descended 40 feet by a ladder, a few moments before the floor of their bedchamber had fallen in. The fire originated in the Library during the night. The Abbey was insured for the sum of 13,200. (Don't know if its shillings or pounds. M.)

From the Nenagh Guardian. December 1901

UNITED IRISH LEAGUE

On Sunday last a very large and successful meeting was held outside the church gates in Kilbarron after ten o'clock Mass for the purpose of establishing a branch of the United Irish League. Messrs PJ O'Brien, MP, David Sheehy ex MP, JF Power and P.O'Brien (assistant sec of Toomevara and Nenagh united branches) attended as a deputation. The proceedings throughout were most enthusiastic, and stirring speeches were delivered by the two first named gentlemen.

Rev Fr Meehan presided, and amongst those present were John Costello, JP, DC, Garancurry; Wm Lynch, DC, Finnoe; John Brereton, Oldcourt; Denis Brereton, do; John Costello, DC, Lisquillibeen; Wm Slattery, DC, Brocka; Joseph O'Meara, Kelvinstown; John Lynch, Finnoe; Patrick Cleary, Annagh Castle; Martin Costello, DC, Kylepark; John Costello, do; Michael Grace, John Donohue, Martin Tierney, Jeremiah Bourke, Michael Lynch, William Hogan, John and Patrick Cleary junior, John Slattery, Glenbower.

State of the Country. 7-3-1839

To the Editor of the Nenagh Guardian. Borrisokane May 2nd.1839.

Sir,- in consequence of an article which appeared in the Dublin Evening Post of the 30th. April boasting of the lack of outrage in the Northern part of Tipperary, I beg you will give insertion to the following.:

Taking of Fire arms by day

Four men entered the house of a man named Lyons, at Terryglass, at noon-day, and having searched the house for fire-arms, they found only a loaded fowling piece, which as of a matter of course, they took possession of.

Men armed with faces blackened.

In the same neighbourhood, five or six armed men, with their faces blackened, entered the house of a man named Corcoran, and searched it for fire-arms and money.

Assault and tendering an illegal oath.

The house of Andrew Harty of Kilbarron, was broken into by a party of men, and after beating him unmercifully, they put him on his knees, and swore him to give up the land held from Lord Moss.

A similar outrage.

A large party of armed men broke into the house of William Hogan of Moderreny and swore him to give up what land he held.

Incendiarism.

On the night of the 24th., Of April, there was a house maliciously burned at Ballingarry.

Serious assault.

A man named Kelly was waylaid and pelted with stones, in the Parish of Lorrha, that most tranquil part of all "North Munster".

Threatening Notice.

In the middle of noon-day, and in his own garden, at Ardcroney, Walter Hacket was served a notice by a party of armed men. On their departure they fired some warning shots.

Tendering illegal oaths.

A few days after the above occurrence, a number of armed men visited the same person, while in his own house, and putting him on his knees swore him not to work on some disputed land.

Precursor Legislation.

The house of the caretaker of Kilerue- wood, was entered a few days ago, by four armed men, who made no secret of their murderous intentions, Fortunately for the man he was not in the way at the time. They departed vowing vengeance Against him if he did not quit the place entirely.

Discharge of Fire-arms and Threatening notices.

On the night of the 30th, the house of John Gleeson, better known by the name of "Jack Andrew", was attacked by a armed party. Not being able to effect an entrance, they fired two shots and posted a threatening notice. The substance of the notice was, that unless he gave up the land he held from Colonel Maberly?, He might prepare his coffin.

Assault.

John Gleeson alias "White Tom", from Curraghneddy, and two men of the name of Hayden, were waylaid at Dolla, and beaten with stones on Wed. last, as they were on their way home from the fair at Silvermines. Gleeson and one of the Haydens received severe fractures, the other of them had four teeth knocked out. His mouth smashed and his face dreadfully lacerated.

Waylaid and Assault.

A man named Michael Brien was on his way home from the last Petit sessions in Kilmore, he was overtaken by a man who collared him, drew a stone from his pocket and beat him with it. Another man named Baynan joined in the attack, and belaboured Brien most unmercifully, with a cudgel. Brien having disengaged himself from his attackers, ran for his life, they followed him, but being unable to overtake him, one of them hurled a stone at him which tumbled him into a pool of water. The result would have been fatal to his life, had not some people been coming in the opposite direction at the time.

Assault and Rescue.

At the market of this town (Borrisokane) on Thursday, a man named Condron seized on three pigs, belonging to another man named Kenna, under the virtue of a civil bill decree. Kenna rescued the pigs from Condron, knocked him down, and leaped on him while down, not satisfied with this brutality, he drew a claspknife, and swore he would run him through, if he ever came near him again. Condron was raised from the ground all covered with blood.

Serious Assault.

Morgan Kennedy of Castle Otway, was waylaid by a party of men to the number of a dozen and inhumanly beaten.

Waylaid and assault.

A man named William Star? was waylaid and beaten on his way home to Portroe, from Borrisokane on the 18th. He received three serious wounds to the head.

Outrage by an armed Party.

On the night of Tuesday last, a party of armed men, with their faces blackened, and were headed by a man dressed in women's attire, broke into and plundered the house of John Kennedy, of Templeberry, On retiring from the scene of outrage, they smashed the windows.

John Kennedy on Wed. lodged information against a man by the name of Bryan Kennedy, as the man who headed the gang in the dress of a woman. The accused on hearing the charge gave himself up to the authorities here and was admitted to bail?, on giving security of 200 shillings and two others of 100 shillings each. (Not sure if its shillings or pence as the writing is very hard to read. Mary).

Threatening Notices.

On last wed. an incursion was made on the lands of Ballymackey by a fellow called John Hassett and his party, for the purpose of taking possession and tilling a farm, claimed by another man named Michael Hassett. The latter having remonstrated with the invader, a pistol was cocked at his head, and he was told that if he didn't quit the land in a moment his brains would be blown out.

A threatening notice was served on Daniel Delaney, of Ballaughkeene? Intimating that death would be his doom if he dispossed any of the tenants of a farm which he took lately. Two shots were fired at the door at the same time.

Armed Precursors administering the oath of Allegiance.

Three armed men entered the house of Paddy Bohan, of Annameadle, a few days ago at noon. Bohan, not being within, they swore his servant boy to be true to the cause, and commissioned him to serve a notice of immediate quittance on his master.

Destroying Ploughs.

On the night of the same day, some ploughs, the property of one Carney were smashed to bits with stones at Knockfune.

Turning up Land.

About the middle of last month, a field or two, the property of Mr. W. Ryan of Clougher, were dug up in the open day by a party of men. A notice was served the next night threatening him with death if he did not set the land for 8? Per acre to the friends of the O'Connells.

Sharp Shooting.

A few nights ago shots were fired at the house of John Delany of Killeen. The door was perforated by about 12 pellets.

Arrests.

There have been 7 more men arrested on suspicion of the barbarous murder of Old Hanly at Rapla.

Capture.

Kenna who had given evidence against the murderers of Hanly and who was to prosecute them at the next assizes, but who contrived to escape from the Nenagh Police Barracks was captured on the evening of last Saturday by Head Constable Wess, at Knockenacre-Wood. Kenna was in the act of taking leave of his wife previous to his departure to Liverpool. He confessed that he had been supplied with money out of the fund" to take him to England, and that he came from Thurles dressed in women's attire to bid farewell to his wife and make arrangements for her to follow him.

Infanticide.

A female infant supposed to be about 4 days old, was found in a boghole, near Newport on the 1st. inst. An inquest was held and a verdict of "Wilful murder" returned.

A Wedding favour.

A fellow named Stapleton from Upperchurch, had his skull severely fractured at a friends wedding on the 1st inst. He is likely to die from the wound.

Precursor Amusements.

A few nights ago some of the Precursors cut off the ears of a horse belonging to a man named Ryan, near Newport. Of course this was done for amusement, or by way of hurt to Ryan.

More.

A plough was smashed and two threatening notices were served on John Molloy near Thurles, caretaker to Mr. Val. Maher. The substance of the notices was death if he should dare plough the lands of Ballymurreen.

Sheep Killing.

A few nights ago, a fine sheep, the property of Mr. Thomas Cantrill, of Castle Otway, was killed on the lands of Lattera. The flesh and fleece were taken away, but the head and entrails were left behind.

Robbery.

Some nights ago a quantity of corn was stolen out of the barn of Mr. Rickard Bourke, of Curraghbeha.

Firing at a dwelling.

On the morning of the 1st. inst. Shots were fired at the cabin door of a poor man called Bolland in the Parish of Drom. The bullets which perforated the door were found in the dresser opposite.

14-1-1881

ARMED RAID

On Christmas night three farmers named Bannan, Butler and Laughlin, living near the Ragg, Thurles, were visited by an armed party. Bannan and Butler's houses were riddled with balls, slugs etc, both windows and door open, and some clothes that were hanging up in rooms opposite the doors and windows were riddled from the shot etc fired into the houses. Laughlin's house was not so furiously attacked, as the door and window were only broken with some blunt instrument, and a hay cock and a couple of pits of champions in the haggard tossed about. The cause of these outrages is for paying their rents over Griffith's valuation, which in the whole amounted to only a few shillings over the standard (Griffith's). Of course the affrighted parties say they do not know the visitors, and hence no arrests are made.

Irish Assizes. 1-8-1826.

Clonmel July the 25th.

Mary Cassidy pleaded guilty to a theft, which she said she committed with the hope of being transported to Botany Bay, and of joining her husband whom that fate was assigned last year.

"Oh my Lord" said she "I will submit, I am guilty", if you let me bring my poor children to my husband. I have two poor creatures, my Lord, and we want to follow their father. It was for that we stole. We have neither a bit nor a sup. Nor can we get it from out kith and kin. Send us to my husband, My Lord, or if you do not, I will submit to your gracious mercy in any way.

M. Fitzgerald was indicted for stealing a cloak.

Mary Bowler swore that she saw the prisoner leaving her house with the cloak hanging under his arm. On being pressed to identify him, she exclaimed: "O Hone", I am 30 years in Clonmel in a dealing way, and was never brought to

this place afore, and tis myself that am sorry that I have the bad luck. Oh I wisha.

Might the man have taken it by mistake. Oh I wisha he might.

Did you ever take a cloak yourself by mistake. Oh wisha I did.

Chief Baron-Did you ever take a pair of breeches by mistake-my good woman?. -Oh Wisha, lifting up her hands in astonishment at the question.

Did you run after the thief- run, indeed, it was my linen.

Verdict-Guilty.

Ireland. 30-4-1788

The eruption in the bog, near Golden, in the County Tipperary, still continues, in such a considerable manner, as to blacken the River Suir, from Golden, down to the sea. We hear the Royal Irish Academy have deputed one of their members to view and describe this extraordinary phenomenon.

The Late Distressing Occurrence at Cashel.

Mr. Francis O'Ryan has addressed the following letter to the Tipperary Vindicator.

Cashel Aug. 29th.

Sir,

I beg to set you right relative to a statement of occurrence that took place in Cashel, and was mentioned in your paper of the 28th. inst. It is not true that I had an argument or difference with my son in consequence of his refusing to join me in making leases or a lease. No such circumstance ever occurred. His signature or consent to any lease made, or to be made by me, is not requisite. neither will he be entitled to any property from me on his coming of age, or in fact until after my death. No, Sir, what led to the unfortunate occurrence was the infliction of the greatest wrong one person could do to another. I am sorry to be obliged to allude to it, but the letter in your paper yesterday leaves me no alternative. I caught my son in bed with my wife-his stepmother. This Sir, is what led to the unfortunate affair, and not the foolish and malicious statement furnished by your paper. I am ignorant as to who the writer of the article may be, or as to his intentions in furnishing you with a statement so totally at variance from the truth; but his information is evidently derived from the poisoned source of a malicious fool well known here. I beg also to state that I am not nor ever was in the habit of carrying firearms about me; neither am I nor was I in dread of them. I fear more the villian that attacks my character through the instrumentality of wanton and malicious lies. His remarks about my mental illness etc. are not worth answering. Requesting a place in your paper for this note, I am, Sir, your obedient servant.

Francis O'Brien.

Ejectments in Tipperary;-We believe that a larger number of persons have been this year ejected than within any similar period within the oldest remembrance. In this county the number never reached half the amount it has arrived at within the last twelve months. Almost daily the Sheriff, or his deputy, is engaged in the sad and melancholy work of levelling the houses of the rural population, who have no resource except the workhouse-not even the workhouse in many unions now, as with few exceptions, all those institutions are densely crowded. During the present week the deputy sheriff was engaged in Borrisokane, Portrue, etc. On Wed. he ejected 10 families from a place called Be Leen; and it is stated that he has several other similar calls for the ensuing week.

State of the County.

On Wed. morning an armed party attacked the house of a farmer of the name of Richard Peters, residing on the lands of Kilmoyer, near Caher, the property of the late Captain Maguire. After firing the shots, and making every effort to break open the door, which they were not able to affect, they called out to Peters, that if he did not immediately, give up the land, lately set to him by Mr. Barry, the agent of the estate, that he would meet the fate of his late master, Captain Maguire. This land was formerly in the possession of a man named Ryan, who was evicted in consequence of owing upwards of 200/. rent and arrears, and was afterwards set to a man named Burke, who was obliged to give up the lands since that time from the repeated attacks made upon him by those midnight legislators.

On tuesday evening last, as a man named Thomas Saunders was returning home from the fair of Cashel , he was attacked by two ruffians who beat him unmercifully, and robbed him of the sum of 5/.

On the night of tuesday, the 10th, inst, an armed party, consisting of at least 8 men attacked a dwelling house on the lands of Taverston, within a few miles of Nenagh, the property of Caleb Going, Esq. but tenanted by persons of the name of Ryan, and set fire to the house in several places, after a very short time the house with every article of furniture was totally consumed. Ryan and his family narrowly scaped with their lives, and on leaving the house one of the party fired a shot at Ryan, but fortunately without effect. Two of the party, named Murphy, were arrested on Saturday, and fully identified.

On tuesday the 17th, as Mr. George Dart, Excise officer, stationed at Nenagh, was retuning home, he discovered a still and every other necessary appurtenance, concealed in a ditch convenient to a house about four miles distant, which he immediately seized on. Scarcely had he laid his hand on it

when he was assailed by three men, who in the most violent manner endeavoured to wrest it from him, and in the struggle several times knocked him down; however, Mr Dart, in the most spirited manner, though alone, successfully resisted them, and gallantly succeeded in making good his seizure and carried it off.

A few days back, a notorious character named Brien was arrested and committed to the county goal, for firing a shot at a man named Gleeson in the month of Sept. last.

On the same night an armed party attacked the house of a man named Thomas Neil, of Ballahane?, near Castle Otway, and smashed his door. After entering, one of the party presented a blunderbuss at him; and on their departure took with them all the money the poor man was possessed of.

A few nights ago an armed party fired two shots into the dwelling-house of John Hodgings, of Castle Otway, and subsequently attacked it with stones and broke 16 panes of glass.

Hodgings is a respectable Protestant farmer.

Since the first meeting of the magistrates, on the 10th inst. consequent upon the murder of the late Mr. Patrick Clarke, two extensive robberies of arms took place. Mr. Llyod, of Longford House was fired at; a poor man named Gilmartin at Lateragh, was also fired at through the window of his dwelling, and severly wounded in the head; and another act of atrocity has just been perpetrated, which bears out the statement of the 23 magistrates of our county in their address to the Lord-Lieutenant, that the existing laws are not adequate to protect life and property in this county. A poor man named Molowney, in the parish of Drom, near Templemore, took some land, which had been evicted, or in dispute, some 15 years ago, and had been in possession of it ever since. The provincial executive, however, being under the impression that the existing laws had no power to check their course of legislation, send some fellows about six months ago, to give Molowney warning to quit. They then attacked him, and drove him off his own land. This warning not producing the desired effect, on Sunday last, the day generally selected for deeds of blood, four men, two of them armed, entered his house after dusk, and beat the unfortunate man to such an extent, that his death ensued in about 24 hours after. He was a cripple, and could make no resistance.

The assassin and two of his confederates in the barbarous murder of Mrs Hall have been arrested. One of the conspirators in the bloody deed is an old woman.

The Special Commission for Tipperary has been struck for Monday, the 24th inst. to be holden at Clonmel for both ridings of the county, Subjoined is a list of prisoners, with the nature of their offences. They are to be

transmitted from Nenagh to Clonmel for trial. The numbers are but few in comparison to the many that are to be kept over for the ordinary assizes. But few they constitute the very worst characters in the Northern division of the County.

John Daly, Edward Roughan, William Carthy, John Ryan (Garricus) and Edward Connors charged with and conspiring against and attempting to murder Mr. Bayley.

Michael Connlly, John Connolly, James Connolly, Richard Connolly, and Mary Connolly (An old woman over 60 years of age) charged with the wilful murder of Edward Dillon of Kylemakill, near Thurles.

John Gorman, Patrick Bourke, Thomas Sadleir, John Smith, Edward Hogan, and Daniel Tierney, charged with attacking the dwelling house of Patrick Ralph, of Coolbawn.

John Mulcahy, appearing in arms at Ganmore

Patrick Melampy, Edward Melampy, George Hewitt, Denis Brien, Patrick Hickey, Patrick Alyward, charged with firing at Edward Melampy.

John Cleary, Thomas McGrath, and Thomas Brien, charged with robbing and attacking the dwelling of Patrick Ryan.

John Dooley and Patrick Ryan, charged with robbing James Powell, on the highway of 40/.

Martin kane (who has turned approver), Michael Whelan, Timothy Hogan, and Patrick Coonan, charged with assaulting with arms and robbing the dwelling house of Michael Haskett, near Borrisokane.

John Looby, Thomas Looby, Denis Looby, and Richard Connolly, charged with robbery of firearms out of the house of Nicholas Dunbar.

Unfortunate Duel.

As it will be expected from us to give an account of an unhappy affair of this nature which has occurred on the bounds of this county and the county of Kilkenny,(We believe at a place called Kilcooly-Grange) near Johnstown, we lay before our readers the following extract of a letter which we received yesterday:-

Killenaule Nov. 19th. 1822

Sir-I beg to report to you, that it has been agreed to fight a duel at Boulick, near New Birmingham, on Sunday the 10th inst. between Mr. John

Shaw, attorney of Killenaule, and Mr. William Cooke, of Pointstown, in the same vicinity, but by an order from Capt. Wilson, chief magistrate, the parties were pursued and put to the rout by a detachment of police from Killenaule, under the direction of Mr. Morgan, chief constable, who followed them some 30 miles. On the day following, Mr. Morgan received information that the parties were to meet at the church of Frennor? (probably Fennor, Mary) near the bounds of of the counties of Tipperary and Kilkenny, early next morning, but he and the police having arrived at the appointed place before daylight appeared, the duellists were obliged to change their ground again, and proceeded to Ballynure, where they were for a third time prevented from fighting by the police, who kept a good look out for them. Here the business rested for a while, one of the parties having gone to Dublin on professional business, but it is understood that on Monday the 18th inst, they were to fight at Abbeyleix, in the Queen's county, through the exertions of Lord De Vesci they were bound over to keep the peace-when the aforesaid parties proceeded to the bounds of Tipperary and Kilkenny, on the said Monday, 18th, November where they fought, and Mr. Shaw (I regret to inform you) received a ball in his right temple, where it remains. Mr. Shaw is not yet dead, but no hopes are entertained of his recovery, though attended by Surgeons Hemphill, Going, Ryan and Kelly.

The above letter from our correspondent does not inform us who were the seconds on this unfortunate occasion, but we understand that Mr. John Millet, was the second of Mr. Shaw, and Mr.N. Maher that of Mr. Cooke. At noon yesterday (tuesday) Mr. Shaw. who has been brought home to Kilennaule the preceding day in a carriage, was still living, though the ball is said to have perforated his brain.

THE TIPPERARY BANK.

The official assignee has lodged the following list of contributories in this bank at the date of its suspension, which will be settled before Master Murphy on a future day:-

Directors-James Sadleir,M.P. Clon mel, 1838 shares of 50/. each; Wilson Kennedy, Clonmel 100 shares; Vincent Scully, M.P., 700 shares.

Shareholders. (I am only transcribing the Tipperary ones as there are far to many. Mary)

Simon Armstrong, Tipperary 71 shares

John Bennett, Nenagh, 20

John Cleary, Gent, Golden 1

Patrick and William Cleary, Farmers, Golden. 104

William Condon, farmer, Tipperary 9

James Hammersly, Farmer, Tipperary 9

Mr. Leonard Keating, Cashel 10

Robert Keating, M.P. Cashel 700

Bernard M'Key, Merchant, Carrick-on-Suir, 50

Catherine Murnane, Tipperary 9
Ellen Quillinan, Tipperary 8
David Rafferty, Tipperary, farmer. 45
Patrick Ryan, Tipperary, farmer 4
Robert Sampson, Tipperary, farmer, 18
James Scully, Golden, 117
Richard Scully, Tipperary, Merchant. 8
Contributories who sold their shares within three years past.
Patrick Connell, Tipperary, farmer 18 to James Sadleir.
Edmund Rafferty, Tipperary, farmer, 13 to Sadleir
Mr. Clement Sadleir, Carrick-on-Suir 70 to J. Sadleir
James Keating Cashel, 88 to Sadleir.

The disturbed districts of the northern part of the county are now nightly patrolled by the 17th lancers, accompanied by a party of the constabulary, whilst the neighbourhood of Puceawn, Toomavara, and the Silver-Mines are occupied by detachments of the 20th regiment. There have been Rockite notices, two attempts to murder, , in one of which a father and son were dragged out of bed, and beat in a most cruel and inhuman manner with sticks and firearms.

A coroners inquest has been held on the bodies of two men named Gleeson and Tierney. It appears that the unhappy men had a dispute with three persons named Needham, relative to an encroachment on some grass land, words led to blows, and that finally Gleeson and Tierney were knocked down with stones by the Needhams, and only survived five or six hours afterwards; The jury returned a verdict in accordance with the evidence.

The assassins have for the present eluded the hands of justice.

The deceased were both comfortable farmers holding from 35-40 acres of land. One of the murderers was a brother in law of Tierney. Government have offered a reward of 100/. for the discovery of the murderers of Hayes, one of the late victims to the conspiracy.

On Friday last a sergeant and two sub-constables were ordered to convey a prisoner, charged with murder, from Ballyporeen to Cahir, in the County of Tipperary. Whilst about two miles from their destination, between 4 and 5 O'Clock in the evening, a countryman overtook them and accosted them, offering the sergeant his pipe to smoke. The sergeant told him that they were not allowed to smoke while on duty, upon which the fellow rejoined, "Better men than any of your sort would not refuse it.". He then continued to walk after the police until, arriving at a turn of the road, he struck the sergeant unawares with a stone on the back part of his head and knocked him down. On the instant, and before his companions could stand on their defence, 14 or 15 fellows jumped out from the ditch, and assailed them with sticks, stones, and other weapons, nor did they desist until they were left in such a condition that their recovery is hopeless. The whitefeet after glutting their vengeance, carried off the rescued prisoner amidst savage

yells of exultation, and ascended a neighbouring mountain, where they remained till the descending darkness enabled them to proceed to their respective homes. The danger of sending such small parties of police through disturbed districts has long been a subject of reproach to the authorities, but will now doubtless command attention.

REPEAL MEETING IN CASHEL CITY, TUESDAY MAY 23RD 1843

Attendance 400,000. Archdeacon Laffan called to the Chair. Mr (James) Doheny acted as Secretary. Resolutions moved by:-

- (1). Dr. Burke P.P., Clonmel, seconded by P. Fogarty Esq. of Cabra Castle.
- (2). Dr. Howley P.P. V.G., Tipperary, seconded by James O'Brien Esq. of Ballybay House.
- (3). Jeremiah Scully Esq., Silverfort, seconded by M. O'Flanagan, Esq. of Killenaule.
- (4). Rev. William Heffernan [P.P. Clerihan].

The Archdeacon then moved from the Chair, & Valentine O'Donnell, Esq., of Carrick - on - Suir, was called thereto. The meeting separated in an hour.

1843. Repeal Rent:-

Clonmel. Subs. per Rev. Dr. Burke, £ 42-7-0

Ardfinnan, per Rev. Mr Prendergast, £20.

Clonoulty per Rev. .Mr. Mackey (P.P) £30.

Drangan per Rev. Mr O' Shaughnessy (P.P) £30.

Mullinahone per Rev. Mr. Cooney (C.C), £50-10-0.

Fethard, per Rev. Mr O' Shaughessy (P.P) £70.

Carrick, per Rev. Mr. Hyland £72-12-6.

Cashel. per Dean McDonnell £82.

Tipperary per Rev. Dr. Howley £80.

Clonmel Town Council:- £1 Each:- John Hackett, Mayor; Alds, Patk Hearne, Wm. Byrne; Patk Quinn, Thos Cantwell; TCs. Wm. Hogan, Daniel O' Brien, Wm. Reilly, Patk Corcoran, Thos. O' Brien, John Lacey, Edm. Phelan, Thos Storke, Patk Grady, MI Glission, John Dempsey, Patk McSweeney, Patk. Fennelly, Charles Bianconi, David Clancey, Dr Ronayne, Town Clerk, & D.T. Dowling, Treasurer.

Assorted newspapers.

4-4-1835.

In a case of arson on Thursday, tried at the Tipperary Assizes, the following cross examination took place;-

How many sisters have you?

Witness-I'll trouble you, Sir, to know-----(laughter)

Well then, I'll tell you-you had five-now will you tell me where they went.?

Witness-I'll trouble you, Sir, to know-----(laughter)

Well then, I'll tell you--four of them were transported.

Witness--Ah, the book of the County Charges will tell you whether or no.

Where did you go yourself.?

Witness-I'll trouble you, Sir, to know-----(laughter)

Didn't you go to England.?

Witness--I did.

Was it to be out of the way of the sheep.?

Witness-I'll trouble you, Sir, to know-----(laughter)

Why did you go to England.?

Witness---My Lord, to do the best I could. (Loud Laughter)

And why did you come back.?

Witness---My Lord, to do the best I could. (Roars of laughter.)

21-11-1835

At the Assizes of Clonmel this week, James Tully, was placed at the bar, charged with having stolen turf on the 16th August, at Newcastle, from Thomas Geary. The value of the turf was laid in the indictment at sixpence.!!

The poor wretch, Tully, whose appearance bespoke the most abject poverty, had been in gaol for some time on this charge, his prosecutor was a policeman, who swore that the prisoner took 4 sods of turf. Tully was fined a farthing and discharged.

24-1-1823

Clonmel Advertiser.

On Monday night, two fellows, with their faces blackened, entered the house of a man named Tobin, near Abbey Athassal, close to Golden, from whom they took a gun, the property of Mr. John Scully.

A few nights back the house of Michael Bradshaw, in the Parish of Glankeen, was attacked and entered by two armed men, who robbed the said Bradshaw of 5/. They succeeded in entering the house of Dan Ryan, of Upperchurch, from which they

plundered 2/s. On Sunday night last Mr. Carroll, Chief Constable, proceeded, on information, to the lands of Rossestown, where he succeeded in apprehending a man named Edward Gaber, for being concerned in the above transaction—who is now under examination at Thurles, before the chief Magistrate.

Saturday night last a person on horseback left a notice, signed Captain Rock, at the house of Mr. Lambley, at Tubberaheena, near Clonmel, ordering him to reduce his rent, and discharge a workman from his employment, otherwise certain ruin would follow him.

25-9-1848 Tipp Free Press.

Mr. Fogarty, jnr., son of Mr. Burke Fogarty, of Garryvenus, Ballycahill, and Mr. William Burke, of Pallas, have been arrested. We do not know the charges that have been preferred against these gentlemen.

Borrisoleigh---On this morning three Blacksmiths, two of the name of McGrath, from the neighbourhood of Upperchurch, were brought into town by a party of police under the command of Mr. Malone, S.I., from some private information he received that they were connected with Pike-Making. Other parties it is said are looked after.

14-11-1851 Nenagh Guardian.

On Saturday night last Michael Brophy, of Kiltrush and James Cummins, of Dovea, both employed by Mr. John Trant, Esq., of Dovea, proceeded unarmed to a house on the lands of Ballinahow, where they arrested a notorious character named Carroll, who has for some time evaded the vigilance of the police, and who is charged with stealing a sheep, the property of their employer. They conveyed him to the nearest Police Station, to be dealt with according to law.

1-2-1849 Nenagh Guardian.

State of Ireland.

The Quarter Sessions for Tipperary which have continued for nearly six weeks, terminated yesterday Tuesday evening. The number of persons tried in the two ridings amounted to nearly one thousand. Thirty eight persons have been sentenced at Cashel and Nenagh to several periods of transportation.

The number of prisoners in the Nenagh Gaol at the present moment exceeds seven hundred, and notwithstanding its crowded state, it is clean and healthy.

Assault and Robbery--On Saturday night three men, armed with pistols, entered the house of Edward Russell, a respectable farmer, residing near Roscrea, and demanded from him £20, the price of four pigs which he had sold that day in Rathdowney at the fair. Mrs Russell told the ruffians that all the money her husband had he gave to a neighbour named Tim Parr, whereupon Russell started from his seat, laid hold of a chair, and placed it against the chest of one of the fellows who was about seizing him, but at the same time he received a violent blow of a pistol on the head, which knocked him down and cut him severely. One of them then searched his pockets, in which he found only three pence, whilst the others, who were after administering an oath to Russell, as to whether he had any money, ransacked the house, and assaulted in an unmerciful manner Russell's wife

and servant boy, who had offered them some resistance. Not having found any money, but the three pence, they decamped, very much displeased with the result of their nocturnal visit.

On Sunday night, the house of a labourer named Thady Fogarty, of Glankeen, near Borrisoleigh, was forcibly entered by three men, one of whom was armed with a pistol and the others with sticks. One of the fellows immediately extinguished a rushlight and the fire, when another of them knocked down Fogarty with the blow of a stick. While prostrate, the pistol was discharged at him, but, fortunately, without taking effect, as the shot passed under his arm, without doing any injury. They then kicked him severely, but ultimately spared his life at the solicitation of his wife and daughter. This poor fellow's sole offence was working for a person who had taken land from which the former occupants were ejected for non payment of rent.

3-3-1848 Freeman's Journal.

Record Court Wednesday,

Before Lord Chief Justice Doherty.

His Lordship opened the court at ten o'clock, and proceeded to try the criminal cases. Thomas Doyle was transported for ten years for stealing a horse and two bridles from James Hayes, at Killenaule, Co. Tipp.

John Nugent was sentenced to be transported for seven years for appearing in arms at Lisdoon, assaulting the habitation of Patrick Larkin, and ordering him to leave his employment.

Michael Flaherty was found guilty of stealing a gun from John White, of Clonamohan.

Peter Hussy was found guilty of stealing two heifers from Philip Rourke, of Killoney. Not sentenced.

Patrick Collins was sentenced to be transported for seven years for stealing a pig, the property of Mr. Sherlock, of Milltown. This is the man who at Birr quarter sessions, October 1841, had the sentence of death recorded against him for killing a goat.

6-7-1850 Nenagh Guardian.

Intimidation-On the 30th ult, about two o'clock in the morning, five men to the house of Patrick Fogarty, a farmer residing in Glankeen, near Borrisoleigh. Two of the party were armed with pistols, two more with sticks, and the fifth with stones. They entered the dwelling by forcing open the door with a crowbar. Fogarty, on hearing the noise, jumped out of bed, and endeavoured to close the door, but the fellows threw it in about the floor, dragged Fogarty into the yard when devoid of covering, placed him on his knees, put a pistol to his throat, in his hand a prayer book, on which they swore him to give up land which he recently took, for which he had paid a fine of 20/., to a man named Dwyer. One of the fellows when going away struck Fogarty a severe blow of a stick on the shoulder,

and another broke six panes of glass in Fogarty's dwelling house windows.

6-9-1849 Tipperary Vindicator.

Sunday about five hundred men, with cars, etc, entered the lands held by the Widow Doyle, at Kilmikill, in the parish of Moyne, and cut and carried away thirteen acres of wheat, which had been auctioned on the preceding Saturday. The tenantry on these lands and the middleman, Counsellor Marnion, have not been on amicable terms for a long time. It will be remembered that for a murder on this property about 18 months ago, two men of the name of Connolly were executed.

Monday the sub sheriff's deputy, accompanied by Sub Inspector Malone and a party of Police, proceeded to the lands of Ballydaff, in the Parish of Glankeen, and dispossessed six families, the tenants of Mr. O'Driscoll, Barrister-at-Law. The names of the persons evicted are:---

Patrick Bourke, wife and nine children.

Martin Ryan, wife and one child.

William Gleeson, wife and six children.

Widow Doyle and three children.

Widow Connell, and three children.

Michael Burke, wife and six children.

Mr. Driscoll, it is said arranged to let in Martin Ryan on securing him in three quarters rent out of two years rent due.

John O'Neill, the principal in the abduction of Miss Cleary from her sister's house in Toomevara, for which his three accomplices were sentenced to two years imprisonment at last Nenagh's assizes, was arrested yesterday (Tuesday). He was escorted into Nenagh by Constable Wallace, and a party of the Kilkeary police.

Thirty slugs were lodged in the body of a man employed by Mr. Mansergh, of Drangan, on Wednesday last, by a ruffian who fired at him near his door. The man yet lives, and the miscreant who attempted his death is unknown.

18-5-1835 From the Clonmel Herald.

On Sunday night an attack was made on the house of a man named Hewet, at Mealiffe, two shots were fired into it, after which they went to the stable and killed two horses, when they departed they posted notices, stating that if he did not give up the ground which he had lately taken, they would give him the death of Mr. Going, and afterwards burn him and his family as the Sheas were.

18-10-1844

On the 9th inst., four armed men rushed into the house of Richard Pennefather, Esq. of Ballynira, near Mealiffe, about 11'30, and took away two valuable guns. Mrs Pennefather was confined to her room, which the ruffians attempted to force open, but was prevented by the assistance of a female servant, who ran before them into her mistress's room. Mr. Pennefather was away at the time, walking to Church with the clergyman's family, and of

hearing of the outrage, mounted his horse and pursued the party without success.

21-11-1848 Thurles Guardians.

In the union of Thurles the gentry appear to have come to a wise and provident resolution-rather to give employment than defray the cost of relief. Mr. Carden of Barnane, has intimated to the guardians that he has employment for 200 people in draining, etc. Mr. Ryan of Inch, will also give employment to a large number of men and women, and Mr. Trant, besides affording employment, is forgiving all arrears, and otherwise assisting those of this tenantry who wish to emigrate. If the gentry of the other poor-law unions throughout Ireland would imitate this example, we should not hear so much either of the oppressiveness of the poor-law or the misery of the people.

26-2-1833

Constable Woods, of Barnane station, succeeded in taking from a man of the name of Kennedy of Burrissafarney, a case of pistols, and a gun which had been ingeniously fixed behind the fire place in a log of wood.

26-4-1867

Thurles April 23rd--Four young men were arrested yesterday by the police in the neighbourhood of Drombane on a charge of being concerned in the late Fenian rising. During the past week upwards of 20 prisoners arrived here from the neighbourhood of Annfield and Drombane.

Cashel April 23rd Today, Sub Constable Patrick Whelan and John McKay, of the Thomastown police station arrested a man named William Farrell, a farm Labourer, on a charge of being one of a party of armed men assembled on the 5th March, at Ballthurst, for the purpose of levying war against the Queen's authority in Ireland, and the establishment of a Republican therein.

He was subsequently escorted to Cashel by the same constables, and remanded by the Hon. M.J. Ffrench on a charge of high treason.

Special Commission in Tipperary. 29-12-1838

Dublin Dec. 26th.

The Hon. F.A. Prittie, High Sheriff of Tipperary, has published a notification, announcing to the grand and petty jurors of that County, that a special commission of oyer and terminer will be opened at 10 O'Clock on the morning of Monday, the 7th. Jan. next. The number of persons selected for trial at this commissions is 73. The following notice has been issued by order of the Government.

Notice is hereby given- That those persons committed to the gaol of the said county, or at the Bridewells thereof, for the murders of the late Messers Cooper, Wayland, O'Keefe, and Byrne, that their trials will take place at the Court House in Clonmel on or about the 7th. Jan. next; and all persons amenable will be tried at the same time and place. Every facility will be afforded to the persons in confinement to forward any communications they may wish to make to their legal advisers and friends.

“B. Nangle, Resident Magistrate”

“Cashel Dec. 22nd 1838.”

The murder of Mr. Byrne alluded to in the above notice, was perpetrated about two years ago, at the gate of the residence of Mr. Shiel, M.P. Long Orchard, near Templemore. Mr. Byrne was a respectable farmer, and his murder was connected with the taking of land from which some tenants had been evicted. Several persons are now in custody charged with this murder.

The ceremony in old law books is called "kishing" as the practice was to put the jury on a hurdle or kish, and being dragged to the bounds of the county, they were discharged by the judge. There is scarcely an assize passes over in Clonmel that this ceremony is not resorted to, in consequence of the non-agreement of the jurors.

The Clonmel Chronicle June 24th 1865.

Clonmel Petty Sessions.

The Magistrates were; Alderman Kenny in the chair, E.B. Warburton, Esq,
And Alderman Hackett.

Honora Donoghue was charged, at the suit of the Guardians of Clonmel Union, by Mr. Murphy, master, with refusing to work. Mr. Murphy, on being sworn, said that the woman came to the house at 11 O’Clock at night without a ticket. He admitted her, gave her supper that night, and breakfast next morning. She refused to put on the union clothes or to work. The wordships committed her for a week to gaol, which she said she thought very wrong. This assertion she repeated so often in a loud tone of voice that she had to be removed from the court.

John Maher, shoemaker, was summoned by Mr. James Walsh, for keeping possession of a pair of boots. He was obliged to return them in order that they might be stretched, and Maher then pledged them. His wife appeared and promised to return the boots, within a week. The bench inflicted a fine of 18s. 5 ½ p. or 14 days in prison, the warrant not to be issued if the boots were returned before Saturday.

Mr. Thomas Cooney, clerk of works at the County gaol, summoned James Jones, foreman to the Messrs Ryan, contractors for carrying the alterations at the prison, for using violent and threatening language to him on the 14th June, and prayed that he might be bound to the peace. The case was adjourned for two weeks.

Tipperary Petty Sessions.

Winifred Leary appeared to answer the charge of W.P. Worrall, Esq. J.P. for absconding from his employment without finishing her time. Mr. Worrall deposed to the woman leaving his place between 3 and 4 O’Clock in the morning by the back door. He could not give evidence as to any special agreement, more than that he told her he would pay her so much every year. Mrs Worrall deposed that the defendant said she would leave, but she stated this so often that they did not mind it. What he was complaining of was, her leaving the house at the time she did, and exposing his house to robbers. He did not wish

to be harsh on the woman, and brought the case merely to show her and other servants that they could not act in this manner.

Ald. Kenny to defendant-It is evident that you acted most improperly in walking out of the gentleman's house as you did, leaving the door open, so as any person could get in and plunder him. You may go now as Mr. Worrall does not press the case against you.

Sub. Constable McKay charged Patrick Condon and Mary Kennedy with committing wilful trespass at Barne and taking a quantity of rye grass, the property of Stephen Charles Moore, Esq. J.P. Mr. Lonergan for the defendants, submitted that the case should have been brought at the instance of Mr. Moore. Dismissed.

Retailing foreign wine without a licence.

It would appear that certain officers of the excise made their debut in Tipperary, during the last race days on a not very pleasant mission to many of its householders. This was nothing more nor less than to detect parties selling wine without licence, and in this they were singularly successful. No less than 21 publicans have been charged with the offence. A penalty of £50 can be inflicted. Informations have been sworn, and summons issued against the parties to appear on the 6th July next at the Tipperary Petty Sessions.

New Potatoes of a good quality are now selling in the Tipperary markets at 2 ½p per pound.

Arrests.

On Tuesday evening Constable Reddick arrested a man named David Houlihan, from Borrisoleigh, on charge of having stolen a pig. On the disappearance of Houlihan from Borrisoleigh enquiries were set on foot in his wake, but he continued to elude his pursuers, who were baffled in their search, until the vigilant constable by his ready tact and expertness, laid hands on Houlihan, and had him send back to Borrisoleigh, at which petty sessions the charge against him will be investigated.

THE CLONMEL GAZETTE OR HIBERNIAN ADVERTISER

October 4 - October 8, 1781

We the undernamed persons, do hereby certify, that we have known John THOMAS of Clonmel, Shopkeeper, for a considerable time past, and do believe him to be an honest and fair dealer, and a proper person to execute the office of an AUCTIONEER and APPRAISER for this county, and do recommend him as such. - Clonmel, Sept 25, 1781

Benj. GRUBB
Jos. GRUBB
John BAGNELL
Geo. ROBBINS
Sol. WATSON
William WHITE

Sam RIGGE
Ricrd. RIVERS
James WHITE
Peter BANFIELD
Thos. TAYLOR
Edm. PRENDERGAST
Henry DUMVILL
Sam. HAYMAN
C__if KELLETT, Mayor
Edw. COLLINS
John LUTHER
Geo. MILES
Tho. GORDON
Sam. LABARTE
John WATSON, jun.
Geo. COLE
John BUTLER
Edm. KENNA
Phin. RIAL
Dan. LEARY
James DUMVILL
Wm. KELLY
Thomas SHAW

In pursuance of the above, the said John THOMAS attended the Quarter Session held at Feathard, on the 3d inst. and was sworn into said offices before

Thomas SHEPHARD
John BAGWELL
William DESPARD
R.B.H. LOWE
Esqrs. sitting Justices
Oct 8, 1781

November 8 - November 12, 1781

Clonmel, Nov. 12

Last Wednesday was committed to the county jail, by William HAYES, esq; Owen HOGAN, charged with feloniously robbing James KENNY, servant to Francis KEARNEY, esq; of a mule, value 12? the property of said Mr. KEARNEY. Friday last died, in the Main Street, Mr. John KEARNEY, merchant.

December 10 - December 13, 1781

One Hundred and Twelve Guineas Reward

Whereas on Sunday night the 25th of November last, there were two offices

belonging to Mr. John SWEENY of Templemore, feloniously broke open by some evil-minded villains; in one of said houses, were two sporting Does, the property of John C. CARDEN, Esq; whose throats were cut, and the carcasses, &c. taken away: Now we the Templemore Light Dragoons, having a just abhorrence to all such audacious offences, do hereby promise to pay the sum annexed to our names, to any person who will discover and prosecute to conviction (within six months from the date hereof) the person or persons concerned in said felony; and ___ person concerned will discover his accomplices __ (except the person who absolutely cut said Does throats) such person shall be intitled to the above reward, and application will be made for his or her pardon.

Dated Dec. 3, 1781

John C. CARDEN, Col.

Richard CARDEN, Major

John CARDEN (Fifthmoyne ?) Capt.

John WILLINGTON, Lieut.

John SPUNNER, Adjutant

Rev. Rob. HOLMES, Chaplain

Rev. Kennedy KENNEDY

John HOLMES

Wm. SPUNNER

Charles SPPUNNER

Joseph HEWSON

George HEWSON

John LEMON

George HARDEN

John LEE

Richard MASON

Edmond HOLMES

George HEWSON

Henry HEWSON

William MASON

George SPUNNER

Nich. Southcote MANSERGH

Dan. MANSERGH

Rich. LOCKWOOD

John KYFIN

Richard Kyfin CARDEN

Hamilton LOWE

Jnoathan WILLINGTON

George BENNETT

Nich. CARDEN

Tho. HARDGRAST

George COOKE

Sam. COOKE
John HARDEN
Sam. MIDDLETON, Sec.

July 4 - July 8, 1782

Committed to the county jail the 19th ult by William HAYES esq; - Patrick COLBERT charged by oath with having, on the night of the 16th ult. feloniously stolen a horse, value 9? the property of Dennis BURN, of Derrycloony in the county of Tipperary, farmer.
- The 4th instant, by James Archer BUTLER, esq - John WALSH, charged on oath by Margaret CARRIGAN, with having, on the night of the 27th of March last, (assisted by others)forceably and feloniously taken her out of bed, at the house of John FINNANE, of Currdangan in the aforesaid county, and from thence carried her on horseback to the house of Laurence HAYS, of Ballynlander in the county of Limerick, where he, contrary to her will, had carnal knowledge of her.

July 7 - July 15th 1782

Clonmel July 15th

Died, a few days ago, at Ballspellan? spa, where he went for the recovery of his health, Mr Samuel BROWN, of Feathard.

July 18 - July 22, 1782

Clonmel July 22

Died, on the Thursday morning last, Mrs HAYMAN, wife of Mr. Samuel HAYMAN.

July 15 - July 18 1782

Clonmel, July 18

Died, on Monday morning last, Mr. Robert SHERLOCK, apothecary.

Tuesday miss Margaret KEARNEY, daughter of the late Mr. John KEARNEY, wine-merchant.

Aug 19-22, 1782. #43

Clonmel Aug 22

Tuesday our assizes ended, at which John NEIL was found guilty of forgery and perjury, and sentenced to be pillored (which he accordingly underwent yesterday in the Main-street, near the Court-house) and imprisoned 6 months.

Timothy GARDNER, found guilty of rape on the body of Elizabeth LACY, did not receive sentence, an arrear ? of judgment being pleaded, in consequence of an alleged error in the indictment; but is to remain in jail till next assizes, then to take his trial on another bill of indictment for the same crime.

Several others, for different felonies and trespasses, were tried and acquitted.

August 12 - August 15, 1782

Clonmel August 15

Last Tuesday evening, as Hannah HOWELL, the wife of a shoemaker in Irishtown, was

taking up a kettle of water at Rigg's Slip, she fell into the river and was drowned; her body was taken up yesterday morning near said place.

Thomas PRENDERGAST, charged on his own confession, with being concerned in dealing with sheep, the property of John LALOR, esq - and Catherine CONNERS, otherwise SCULLY, charged on oath with being also concerned in stealing the above sheep, were yesterday escorted to town and lodged in the county jail, by a party of the Cashel Volunteers, under the command of lieut. Richard PRICE, being committed thereto by Paul PHELAN esq; deputy mayor of Cashel.

August 15 - August 19, 1782

Clonmel August 19

Yesterday died, Mr William AIRAY of this town.

November 25 - November 28, 1782

November 25 - November 18, 1782

Clonmel November 28

Committed to the county jail, by Robert RYVERS, esq; - Michael FANNEN, otherwise Bryan FANNEN, and Bryan HAMILTON, otherwise Michael DARMODY, both charged on oath by Michael PHELAN, with having on the night of the 7th instant, feloniously robbed him of twenty-seven guineas and a half. - They were escorted to town by a party of the Cashel Volunteers under the command of lieut. Richard PRICE.

Died last Monday morning, in Cashel, Mrs HARRINGTON, wife of Edward HARRINGTON, esq; M.D.-

Yesterday morning, in Dublin street, the widow BLACK, confectioner.

December 2d - December 5th, 1782

William LONERGAN, of Ballyporeen, hereby gives notice, not to credit his wife Mary LONERGAN, otherwise REARDEN, as he will not pay any debts she may contract. Dec. 5, 1782

December 19th - December 23, 1782

Married on Friday last, in Cashel, William LOCKWOOD, esq; to miss Mary BRAY.

January 20 - January 23, 1783

Clonmel Jan 23

This morning was married, Mr John HOWELL, sadler, to miss Hannah AIRAY, daughter of the late Mr William AIRAY, of this town.

February 27 - March 3d, 1783

Clonmel, March 3

Died, on Saturday night, last, the widow of the late Mr. John McCHEANE, of this town. Whereas William BAKER stands indicted as of Summer Assizes, 1782 at Clonmel, in the county of Tipperary, for the murder of John NOWLAN. Now I the said William Baker, have surrendered and given myself up to the Sheriff of said county, in order to stand my trial on said indictment, before the next going Judges of Assize of the Munster Circuit, at

Clonmel is said county, of which all persons concerned are to take notice. Dated this 25th day of February, 1783. Wm. BAKER.

March 31 - April 3d, 1783

Clonmel, April 3.

Last Tuesday our assizes ended, at which the following persons amongst others, were tried and found guilty:

Edmond BARRY and John BARRY, for assault, fined five marks each, and to give security for their good behaviour.

Edmund DUGGAN, otherwise CROOSKEEN, for stealing a cow, - and Denis KEEFE, for stealing a bulchin calf, recommended by the grand jury as objects of mercy, were sentenced to hard labour, the former for three, and the latter for seven years.

Mary ARCHDEKIN, for felony to the value of 10d. to be privately whipped; but pleading pregnancy her sentence to be suspended until delivered.

Died. Last Tuesday, the wife of Mr. Richard CUMMINS, shopkeeper.

September 4 - September 8, 1783

D E S E R T E D

From his majesty's 12th, of P.W. regiment of light dragoons, from on command at Inniskeane, in the County Cork, 25th August, 1783,

THOMAS CASHIN,

Aged 26 years, 5 feet 8 inches high, dark brown hair, grey eyes, fresh complexion, strait and well made, has a red mark on his right cheek, by trade a shoemaker, was born in Killenaule in the county Tipperary; went off in his white jacket, black leather cap, white waistcoat, and leather breeches; took with him a carbine, sword belt, and some rounds of ball cartridge

Also, PATRICK BURBRIDGE,

Aged 21 years, 5 feet 7 inches high, light sandy hair, grey eyes, fresh complexion, strait and well made, by trade a laborer, was born in Kilcooley in the County Tipperary; went off in a blue regimental watch coat, white jacket, white waistcoat, leather breeches, and a round hat.

Clonmel, Sept. 8.

Last Saturday our assizes ended, at which the following persons were tried and found guilty, viz.

Thomas DORCEY, for stealing a horse, value 5?. from off the lands of Newtown, the property of John ALLEN, to be executed on Saturday the 20th instant.

Arthur RADCLIFF, for uttering base coin, to be publickly whipped two market days (the 13th and 20th instant) and confined three years.

William KEATING, for breaking into and robbing the shop of Mr. Wm. THOMPSON, watchmaker, of a silver watch and sundry articles of plate, (found guilty of the same to the value of 4?.11d.) to be put to hard labour for seven years.

Richard BYRNE, for stealing money out of the warehouse of mss. Terence and Pierce DOYLE, in Carrick-on-Suir, to be put to hard labour for three years.

Mary PALMER, also for felony, to be confined three years.

Edmund CRANLY, for an assault, fined 10?. and to be imprisoned four months.

Edmund TIERNY, for breaking windows, fined 6d. and to be imprisoned six months. At the above assizes, on Friday last, came on before the hon. baron HAMILTON, the trials of Andrew GRAHAM, esq; inspector of excise, mess. Henry O'HARA, William HAMILTON, and Hugh LYNAM, revenue officers, for the murder of Hugh WAXTED, when in the execution of their duty at the town of Newport, in the county of Tipperary; when, after a tedious and severe prosecution, they were honorably acquitted. Married. Mr. Ambrose BLAKE, of Lisduff, to miss. Catherine RYAN, of Urlingford.

October 2d - October 6, 1783

Clonmel Oct 6

Died a few days ago in Dublin, Mr. Edward McALLISTER, attorney, of Feathard.

January 12 - January 15, 1784

Whereas Margaret LAUGHNANE, my Wife, has turned out contrary in the duty of a Wife, by running me in debt in many places, I now therefore caution the Publick from crediting her any more on my account, for that I am resolved to pay no debts she shall contract for the future.

Tipperary Jan. 15, 1783. STEPHEN DOWDAL.

April 5- April 8, 1784

CLONMEL, April 8.

Committed to jail, the 2d Inst. by John Lapp JUDKIN, esq; - Thomas SPEIGHT, charged on oath with being suspected of feloniously taking, from the lands of Gortmore, near Cashel, on the night of 17 December, last, two milch cows, value 1 3l. Sterling, the property of Michael DUGGAN.

Last Saturday was married, in Waterford, Meade HOBSON, esq; to the amiable Miss JONES, with a very considerable fortune.

We hereby give notice to all Prosecutors and other Persons concerned, that we will surrender ourselves Prisoners to the Sheriff of the County of Tipperary, on or before the 17th Day of April next, to answer any Charge that may be exhibited against us, for the Murder of Michael BEARY.

Arthur CONNEL

William TREMELLS

George CASEY.

March 20, 1784

June 10- June 14, 1784

CLONMEL, June 14.

Committed to jail the 12th inst. by Hugh MASSEY, esq; - Thomas DOUGHING, charged on suspicion with feloniously killing on the night of the 1st inst. two wedders, and taking away part of the fat and wool, the property of Godfrey TAYLOR of Noan, esq.

December 6 - December 9, 1784

CLONMEL Dec. 9.

Committed to jail, the 7th inst. by Richard COX, esq; Catherine RYAN, charged on oath with feloniously taking and carrying away from the house of Miss Catherine POWER of Carrick, On the 3D inst. one silver cream-ewer, and sixteen silver tea spoons, value two pounds ster, -

The 8th inst. by John HAMILTON LANE esq.;

Thomas MARTAIN, charged with feloniously stealing a pig from James GLENNAN ? of Roscrea.

A CALL to the Benevolent.

Mrs. Henrietta DEMPSEY, Widow of Mr. DEMPSEY, Uppolsterer, lies at this instant, in Clonmel, loaded with accumulated distress; deprived of her own, and six helpless Children's support, by the late loss of her Husband, whose industry had, till now, kept her above the necessity of publick application, painful to her many other Feelings, with Heart-felt Sorrow she was disabled from her attendance on, and doing the 1st office to her departing ? Husband, being at that time, confined to her Lying-in Bed, from he? effect of which she is now barely recovering.

Such good persons, as can feel for such complicated affliction, are requested to send their Benefactions to the Rev. Doctor MOORE, or the Rev. Mr. BACON. Clonmel Nov. 22, 1784.

Committed to jail, the 8th inst. by the worshipful Richard MOORE, esq; moyer, John QUONY, and John SWEENY, charged on oath with breaking open the mill of James MORRIS of Drith, and the malt-house of John CASHEL of Thurles, and feloniously taking therbot, forty-two stone of malt, value two pounds, six shillings, ster. -

The 11th inst. by the same magistrate, Margaret HIGGINS, and Ann RYAN charged on oath with feloniously stealing from the shop of John WALIHE, of Clonmel, one piece of linen, value two pounds fourteen shillings, ster.

January 12 - January 15, 1784

CLONMEL, Jan 15, 1784

Died last Sunday night at Grove, Mr. Henry KICKHAM.

Mar 29 - Apr 1st, 1784

CLONMEL April 1

Last Tuesday night the house of doctor MEAGHER, in the east suburbs of this town, was entered by some villains, who broke in at a back door, and rifled the house of plate, linen, and other articles to a considerable amount (the doctor being from home) a diligent search and pursuit was made by several gentlemen, and about two o'clock yesterday, one of the villains, named John SEXTON, was apprehended in Carrick, with a watch, and several articles of plate in his possession, being part of the plunder taken the preceeding night - Sexton had formerly lived as servant with the doctor.

April 1 - Apr 5, 1784

Clonmel Apr 5

Died a few days ago, at Lettyville, in this county, John GREEN esq.

May 13 - May 17, 1784

Hereby Caution the Public, not to take my ** Note in any Payment from Henry SMITH of Lismore, as I was drunk and received no Value when I passed it to his Son Robert.

Cappoquin

May 2, 1785 [sic]

July 19 - July 22, 1784

CLONMEL July 19

Died Saturday last, sincerely regretted, the wife of Mr. John MURPHY, of this town, chandler.

July 22 - July 26, 1784

County Tipperary

WHEREAS I stand indicted for the Murder of Mathew SHANAHAN, of Burrosoleigh, in said County, Cooper, and as I intend standing Trial for the same, at the next General Assizes and General Gaol Delivery, to be held at Clonmel, for said County, of which all Persons concerned are to take notice; and especially my Prosecutrix, Mary SHANAHAN, Dated this 26th of July, 1784.

WILLIAM STAPLETON

May 30 - June 2d, 1785

CLONMEL, June 2.

Yesterday was executed, pursuant to his sentence at our last assizes, Patrick NUGENT, for killing two sheep, with an Intent to steal the carcasses, the property of Mr. Darby SCULLY: -

John LYONS, and Mary CLEARY, who were to have been executed at the same time, received a respi** from his grace the lord lieutenant, until further order.

Married, on Sunday the 29th instant at Fish*oyne, John CARDEN, esq; late lieutenant in the 36th regiment, to Miss GRIFFITH, of Forres*, in the county of Tipperary.

Clonmel, June 20 (1785)

On Thursday departed this life, at Mount Juliet, the seat of the right honourable Harriett viscountess Mountgarret and baroness Kells, daughter of the late and sister of the present earl of Carrick, and niece to the earl of Shannon. Her ladyship was born the 11th of August, 1750 (a twin with the honourable Pierce Butler) and married the 21st of october, 1768, to the right honourable Edmund viscount MOUNTGARRET, and baron Kells; by whom and has issue on daughter, Charlotte, and four sons, Edmund, Somerset-Hamilton, Henry Thomas and Pierce. -

At Eden, Samuel BENNETT, jun. esq; son of Samuel BENNETT, esq; of Tipperary, aged 18 years, a young gentleman universally regretted by all who knew him.

November 21 - November 24, 1785

Yesterday was committed to the county jail, by Edward COLLINS, esq;- John DWYER, charged on oath, with having with several other persons, on the 9th of September, last, entered upon the Lands of Ballynamona, near Goolden in this county, in the peaceable possession of Michael MULCAHY, farmer, for several years past, by virtue of a lease, granted to him of said lands, by Richard KIELY, late of Lismore, in the county of Waterford, esq; deceased, and with force and arms, took a forceable and unlawful possession of said MULCAHY'S house, farm, and the premisses thereunto belonging, and thereout expelled him to his great loss and prejudice;- and also with having ransacked said Mulcahy's house and farm, embezzled and converted to his own use, and those concerned with him, the crops of hay, corn, grass, and potatoes, on said lands, to the amount of 260l. ster. and upwards, and likewise cutting down, an orchard, and several ash trees, on said premisses, and putting the said MULCAHY, in dread and terror of his life.

Nov 21 - 24, 1785

A RENT ROLL of Part of the Estate of St. Johnstown, in the County of Tipperary, Property of MATHEW JACOB, Esq; to be sold immediately.

Names of Lands.	Tenants Names.	Term to run
Moyne,	Robert SHAW	FOR 3 Lives
Kilkenay Beg	Tim. and Ed. GUYNON	14 Years.
Part ditto,	Mich. RYAN & partners	10 Years.
Part ditto,	Wm. CA*HINE	10 Years.
Another part do	Jn. HEAD & partners	9 Years.

Proposals will be received by the above named Mathew JACOB, at St. Johnstown, Clonmel, ** Phineas RIALI, of Clonmel, and by Richard MILLET OF Ballynonty, Cashel, Esqrs. who will declare the Purchaser as soon as the value is offered. Dated Nov. 17, 1785

James Kell*y of St. Johnstown wil shew the Ground.

CLONMEL, April 10.

Married. This day sennight, in Waterford, James ELLIOTT, esq; to the amiable Miss Shaw, daughter of the late doctor SHAW, both of this town.

June 1- June 5, 1786

CLONMEL, June 5

We have the pleasure of informing the public, that Michael RYAN, who was one of the five men, lately apprehended, and taken up by the mayor, on suspicion, is discovered and found to be an old offender, and that a committol a day or two ago, was lodged against him, for robbing the house of John FOGARTY, of Ballioughter, in this, county, in the month of February, 1785, of cash and several articles; and also, strongly suspected of being concerned in robbing the house of Edmond RYAN, of Ballioughter, aforesaid, of

nine guineas.

June 12-15, 1786

CLONMEL June 15

Died last Sunday at Rathkenny, near Fethard, Mrs. MASSEY.

June 6 - June 15, 1786

CLONMEL, June 19.

Committed to jail, the 10th inst. by Thomas GORDON, esq; mayor,- Tobias STAPLETON, charged with having on the 25th February last, violently assaulted Robert B*SSE*T, of Carrick, by giving him blows, with several unlawful weapons, by which he had his arm broke, and different wounds, in many other parts of his body:

June 22 - June 26, 1786

CLONMEL June 26

Wednesday last, Thomas HENEY, alias captai* SLEDGER, one of the persons concerned in the murder of Ambrose POWER, of Barretstown, in this county, esq; was brought up to the court of king's bench, Dublin, and received sentence of death, to be executed in this county, on Saturday, the 1st of July next.

September 7 - September 11, 1786

CLONMEL, September 11

Committed to our County Jail, the 8th inst. by Samuel ALLEYN, Esq;- Catherine MARNANE, charged on oath, with having on the night of the 7th inst. feloniously stolen several articles of wearing Apparel, value Twenty Shillings, out of his Garden, which were found in her possession and Custody.

Same day, by John Lapp JUDKIN, Esq;-

John FITZPATRICK, charged on oath, with having assembled in a riotous and tumultuous manner, on the Lands of Killoke, on the 28th of July, last, with others to the number of Sixty and upwards, assaulting and wounding Michael McNEMARA, and robbing him of Fire Arms.

Same day, by Robert RYVES, Esq;_

John O'FLAHERTY, (a Captain of the White or Right Boys, as he calls himself) Thomas HIFFERNAN, Denis DUGGAN, Connor RYAN, Patrick DWYER, and Connor RYAN, charged on oath, with having on the 23rd July, last with others, to the number of Five Hundred and upwards, assembled at Mocarky, on the Ground of John MANNIN, Gent, for the purpose of swearing the Parish, to act by their, the White Boys Laws, and their Regulations, respecting the Tythes, and Dues, of the different Clergy, and there striking said MANNIN, by giving him, six cuts on the Head, severely wounding him, in the left Arm, by the firing of a Gun, which was done with an intent, feloniously to kill, wound or to maim him, and obliged him and his Friends, who were with him, to swear several unlawful oaths, respecting their Regulation, and requiring him to assume a Title or Command amongst them, and as such, to go at their Head, to swear other Parishes,- and at the same time, feloniously took and carried away, from said MANNIN, and his Friends, Eight Guns, One Pistol, and a Silver hilted Sword, value Eight Pounds, Sterling,

and upwards, and likewise forced him, to take an oath, not to prosecute them.

The same day, by a Transmit Warrant, from Thomas CHATTERTON, Esq; Clerk of the Crown for the County of Waterford,- James FITZGERALD, otherwise called KELLY, and Thomas HENNESY, otherwise called MAGRATH, charged with a Burglary and Felony, by them committed, in the Co. of Tipperary.

The 10th inst. by John HEAD, Esq;_ James *acy, Daniel RYAN, John CONNOR, and Elizabeth CONNOR, charged on oath, with feloniously stealing Checker and Bandle Linen, value One Pound, Nineteen Shillings, and Four Pence, Sterling.-

Hugh MURRAY, for stealing a Mare, value 10l. the Property of Robert SCOTT, of Cashel._

Laurence WHELAN, for having Wool in his Possession, suspected to be stolen, from Hugh MINCHIN, Esq.-

Connor HAYES, for stealing Two Lambs, the Property of William HANLEY and Denis RYAN.

December 14 - December 18, 1786

CLONMEL, December 18

Married. Last Thursday, at the Quaker's Meeting-House, Mr. Joseph STRANGMAN, of Waterford, to Miss Rebecca GRUBB, daughter of Mr. Joseph GRUBB, late of this town.- Same day, Mr. Robert WILKINSON, sadler, to Miss Catherine CONSTABLE, daughter of Mr. Robert CONSTABLE.

December 18 - January 1st, 1787

CLONMEL, January 1.

Committed, to our County Jail, by the Worshipful Nathaniel MITCHELL, Esq; Mayor-Jeremiah MURPHY, charged by information, sworn before Neptune BLOOD, Esq; one of his Majesty's Justices of the peace, for the county of Clare, and by a mandate, on a warrant to the said information, from Edward COLLINS, Esq; for that having feloniously stolen from off the lands of Mount Rice, in the county of Clare, four cows, the property of James O'SULLIVAN, of the city of Limerick, Merchant.

The 31st ult. by Richard COX, Esq; Walter DUGGAN, and James DUGGAN, charged on oath, with being strongly suspected of stealing three sheep, from off the lands of Creg, the property of Thomas LALOR, Esq.

February 1 - February 5, 1787

CLONMEL, February 5.

Committed, to our county jail, on the 2d inst. by James Archer BUTLER, Esq;- Patrick KEEFE, butcher, charged on oath with stealing five ewes, off the Lands of Knocklofty, the property of John BUTLER.

The 3d inst. by Oliver LATHAM, Esq; Deputy Mayor of Cashel-Michael DAWSON, Michael CONNOLLY and Margaret CONNOLLY alias DAWSON his wife, who stand indicted in the Crown Office of the county, with having on the 28th Day of July 1st, feloniously assaulted Michael M'NAMARA, at Kilcoke, and with having taken from him One Gun and Three Pistols, the property of the Rev Patrick HARE.

The 19th ult. by Oliver LATHAM, Esq; Deputy Mayor of Cashel.-

John RYAN otherwise BEHOL ?, charged on oath with stealing a Cow the property of Thomas RYAN, of Tipperary, Esq.

MARRIAGE. Nicholas HAMMERTON, of this county, Esq; to Miss TILDALL, only daughter of Thomas TILDALL, Esq; of French street, Dublin.

February 22 - February 26, 1787

CLONMEL, February 26.

Committed, to our County Jail, the 21st inst. by the Rev. Patrick HARE_

William FINN, of Cashel, shop-keeper, charged on oath, with having, on Friday, the 16th inst. assaulted and beat Thomas BURROWS, of his Majesty's 9th regiment of dragoons, and of threatening to take away his life, as being a soldier in disguise, and a spy to the Right Hon. the Earl of CARHAMPTON.

The 24th inst. by Mathew EVANS, Esq;-

William FARRELL, late of Killbog, farmer, charged on oath, with having in his possession an ash tree, the property of the Righ Hon. Pierie (or Pierse), Lord Baron Cahir, which was feloniously cut on the night of the 22d inst.

I DO hearby caution the Public, from hiring, or otherwise employing, Connelius RYAN, Servant, who lived with me for about Two Months, when I discharged him, for Drunkenness, and other Misdemeanors. But he has since come to my House, in my Absence, and feloniously stole thereout, One Pair of Boots and Spurs, my Property.

EDWARD BAKER.

Patrick's Well, Feb. 25, 1787

The Public are informed, the we, Maurice and William LOOBY, passed Two Notes, in the Year 1786, to James KEILY, Wheel Wright, for which we received no Value, and are determined not to pay them.

Clonmel, Feb. 16, 1787

CLONMEL GAZETTE

May 17 - May 21st, 1787

Committed. To our County Jail, the 10th inst. by Nathaniel MITCHELL, Esq; Mayor-Michael MURPHY, charged, on oath, with feloniously breaking open a box, in the house of Richard MORRISY, with whom the said MURPHY lived as a servant, and thereout taking three guineas in gold, one guinea and a half in silver, and a silk handkerchief, the property of the above MORRISY.

The 14th inst. by Charles TUCKEY, Esq;-

Patrick FITZGIBBON, charged on oath, with aiding and assisting James FITZGIBBON, and John HALLINAN (a man of no certain place of residence) ** feloniously stealing, from off the Lands of Drumoe, one lined, black cow, and one red and white cow, value twelve pounds sterl. the property of Michael MAGRATH, of Drumroe, aforesaid.

The 18th, inst. by Richard MOORE, ESQ;-

John CONNELLY, bellman, charged on oath, with being strongly suspected, for

burglariously breaking open the warehouse door of Mr. John BUTLER, of this town, and thereout feloniously stealing, and carrying away, eight bundles of rod iron, value ten shillings a bundle, the property of said Mr. BUTLER.

DIED. Last Tuesday evening, at his seat at Doneraile, co. Cork, most sincerely lamented, the Right Honourable Lord Viscount Doneraile. His death was occasioned by the bursting of a blood vessel. He was a Nobleman steady and sincere in his friendships, unbounded in hospitality, and his good nature endeared him to all his acquaintance; he was adored by his domestics as the kindest of masters- from his great indulgence to a numerous tenantry, and readiness to alleviate the wants of the poor around him, we may justly say his feelings were always awake to the noblest dictates of the mind- relieving the distressed. He is succeeded in his title and estate by the Hon. Hayes St. Leger (now Lord Viscount Doneraile, his eldest son.

June 28-July 2, 1787

CLONMEL July 2.

Married. At Kilmore, on Saturday, the 23d ult. John Thomas MEDLYCOTT, of Mayfield, co. Waterford, Esq; to Miss LOCKWOOD, dau. of William LOCKWOOD, of Clarahan, co. Tipperary, Esq.

Committed. To our County Jail, the 16th ult. by Robert NICHOLSON, Esq; Andrew HENEBERY, of Carrick-on-Suir, charged on Oath, with assaulting John CASEY of said town, on the 15th of June last, after which he went to said CASEY'S house, burglariously broke open the door thereof, with a sledge, (as is supposed) broke the window, and attacked said house three different times, on the above night, to the terror and dread of the said CASEY and his family.-

The 28th, by Robert NICHOLSON, Esq;

a man who called himself Laurence MURPHY, taken on suspicion of robbing some person lately, having been seen early on the 28th crossing the bridge of Carrick, from the County of Waterford, with a black mare, much tired, and riding her in a halter, without a saddle.- On being examined, he gave a very contradictory account of himself: he knew nobody, said he lived always under Col. DEANE, in the County Wexford. He had in his pocket, eight guineas and a half, and a turnpike ticket of Nine Mile House, dated 27th June: says he is a dealer.-

The 29th, by Robert RYVES, Esq;

John MORONY, charged on oath (before William CHADWICK Esq;) with having on the 29th, of October last, with divers other persons then assembled riotously, and feloniously taking away, a black colt, value ten pounds sterling, the property of William BARRAGRY, of Tipperary, and beating and assaulting the said BARRAGRY, obliged him to quit his habitation, (near the village of Drum) and forcing him to take an oath, not to discover the above transaction-

The 30th, by John POWER, Esq;

Thomas KEATING, of Loughkent, farmer, charged on the oath of Margaret MORR*SSY, spinster, with being aiding and assisting, in committing a rape on her body, on or about the 29th of April last.

October 29 - November 1st, 1787

CLONMEL. Nov. 1,
Died, Last Tuesday, at Tipperary, Mr. Denis HILL, shopkeeper.

November 29 - December 3, 1787

CLONMEL, Dec.3,

Committed, to our County Jail, on the 24th ult. by Samuel BRADSHAW, Esq;-
John BLAKE, of Ballyvirane, in this county, charged by information on oath, with
having, on the night of Sunday, the 18th ult. feloniously stolen, from off
the Lands of Greenane, in the said county, eleven sheep, the property of Mr. Henry
SMITHWICK, of Tipperary, value seven pounds, sterling, and with
having offered to sell them, to Michael BREEN, of Ballysheedy, (?) in whose custody
five of said sheep were found, on the 22d ult. and who has proved,
that he bought the same from the aforesaid John BLAKE.

- The said John BLAKE stands indicted in the Crown-office of said county *****ously
assembling, with others, and assaulting Denis CAHILL, at Ballyvirane,
on the 4th day of March 1772.

- And also; indicted for forcibly expelling Henry EDGAR ? out of the possession of a
messuage, at Ballyviran, on the 6th day of March 1776

- And also, indicted for assaulting Michael RYAN, on the said 6th day of March; at
Ballyvirane

- And also, indicted for assaulting Silvester GREEN, at Ballyvirane, on the 27th day of
January, 1779- And also indicted for the murder of Bridget RYAN, at
Clashequirk, (?) on the 20th day of December, 1779

- And also, indicted for feloniously stealing, four sheep, the property of Michael GREEN
at Ballybeggane, on the 16th day of December, 1779. - And also,
indicted for feloniously setting fire to, and consuming a house of Edmond CLEARLY, at
Ballyvirane, on the 28th day of January, 1781 -

And also indicted for falsely imprisoning John CLEARLY, same day and place. - And also,
indicted for the murder of William SHORT, at Tipperary, on the
15th day of Sept. 1785.

- And also, indicted for feloniously stealing four _____, at Gortavohir, on the 21st day of
July, 1786

- And also, indicted for feloniously stealing one brown cow, at Lacken, on the 22d day of
Dec. 1786, the property of Thomas TOBIN.

- And also, indicted in the Peace office, of said county, for forcibly taking the possession
of a messuage, at Ballyvirane, from Henry EDGAR, on the 25th
day of March, 1776. He was apprehended, and conducted to jail, by a detachment of the
Sub-constables of Kilneniana District.

December 3 - December 6, 1787

CLONMEL, Dec. 6.

BIRTH. Last Friday, the Lady of the Hon. Col. SOUTHWELL of a daughter.

On the Apprehending of Denis KEEFFE, on the 2d Inst. there was found on him, One
Brass Barrel Pistol, London made, Silver, carved Hilt, Man's Face, and

Brass-mounted, a Powder Horn, Bullet Mould, and Ammunition, &c. by Martin HACKET, of Fethard, Sub-Constable, who will give them to any Person, Proving Property, and paying the necessary Expences.

This is to Caution the Public against crediting Anne RYAN, otherwise MEAGHER, on my Account, as I am determined not to pay any Debt she may contract. Dated, Knockinry,
Dec. 3, 1787.

his
MATHEW X RYAN,
Mark.

December 6 - 10, 1787

CLONMEL, Dec. 10.

On Sunday night, the 2d inst. the Bingley, from Newfoundland, for Waterford, with 160 passengers, put into the river Shannon.

DIED. Last Thursday night, in Cashel, Mrs. FITZGERALD, wife of the Rev. Richard FITZGERALD.-

Committed, to our County Jail, the 6th inst. by Oliver LATHAM, Esq; Deputy Mayor of Cashel,-

Stephen RIORDAN, Laurence PURCELL, and Philip FLOOD, charged, by the information of Joseph REALY, of Burrisoleigh, Police Constable, of the District of Kilnemana, with having, on the 4th inst. in a riotous manner, armed with a gun and sword, dragged and pulled, the said Joseph REALY, in a desperate manner, made a prisoner of him, without producing any authority, and robbed him of his gun, value one pound sterling. They were apprehended, and conducted to jail, by the Chief and Sub-constables of the District of Kilnemana, aforesaid-

On the 7th inst. by Matt. EVANS, Esq;-

Honora CALLAGHAN (a woman of no certain place of residence) charged on oath, of being suspected to have feloniously stolen, taken and carried away, one piece of bundle cloth, the property of John CONOLLY, of Caher, in this county, on Friday, the 7th inst. She was apprehended and conducted to jail by the Sub-constables of the District of Iffa and Offa West.

The Dwelling House, Tan Yard, Offices, and Garden, late the Property of Mr. James PURCELL, deceased, to be immediately Let, or the Interest Sold, by Mr. John BRAY, Thurles. Dec. 6, 1787.

December 13 - December 17, 1787

CLONMEL, December 17,

Committed, to our County Jail, the 12th inst. by Nathaniel MITCHELL, Esq;-

Michael LYONS, of Kilsheelan, in this county, labourer, for that he, about eleven o'clock, on the night of the 5th of November, last, burglariously and feloniously, forced open the door of the dwelling house of Honora DONOVAN, and threw her on the floor, and with one hand caught her by the throat,

and forcibly and feloniously, committed a rape on the body of the said Honora DONOVAN. He was apprehended, and conducted to jail, by the Chief and Sub constables of the Eastern District of Iffa and Offa.

On the 15th inst. by the Rev. Charles TUCKEY, -

Thomas LADRIGANE, of Burn-court, in the county, labourer, charged, on oath, with being suspected of having cut, stole and carried away, off the lands of Shanbally, in said county, one ash tree, value two shillings, sterling, the property of the Right Hon. Lord LISMORE, and that the top of said tree was found in his possession; and, also, with being suspected, at several times, with having feloniously stolen, taken and carried away, large quantities of fruit, out of the said Right Hon. Lord LISMORE'S garden, to which felony he has since confessed. He was apprehended, and conducted to jail, by the Sub constables of the Western District of Iffa and Offa.

It is reported that I have resigned my claims to the house in Jail Street, in which John TENNISON Esq. lives and Demised to me, by the late Richard SHAW. I now inform the Public, that I have not resigned it, and caution them, not to credit such Report, as I intend fying a Bill against the Administrator, for the recovery of my right.

Balinhover, Nov 27, 1787

Rebecca SHAW

December 20 - December 24, 1787

CLONMEL, Dec. 24.

DIED. Yesterday morning, in an advanced age, at his house, in Jail-street, John PENNEFATHER. Esq.

December 27 - December 31, 1787

CLONMEL Dec 31

Committed, to our County Jail, the 24th inst. by Edward COLLINS, Esq; Mayor of Clonmel, -

William Fogarty, who stands charged by information on oath, with having feloniously taken from the person of Mary STAPLETON, on the highway, a blue cloak, a white cloak, a silk handkerchief, two ribbands, a cambrick cap, a new pocket, together with ten shillings and four pence half penny in cash.

On the 27th inst. by ditto,-

John KELLY, charged, by information on oath, with having, on the night of the 26th inst. feloniously and burglariously, broke open, and entered the dwelling house of John MAHONY, the elder, of the West Suburbs of Clonmel, with an intent to commit a rape on the body of Elenor MAHONY. He was apprehended, and conducted to Jail, by the Constable of the Western District of Iffa and Offa.

On the 25th inst. by ditto,-

John KEATING and Edmond DWYER, charged, by information on oath, with having burglariously broke open, and entered the dwelling house of William

ENGLISH, of George's Town, on the night of the 16th November, last, with an intent to commit a felony.

On the 28th inst. by Robert RYVES, Esq;-

William MEAGHER, butcher, and Simon CORM*CK, hatter, both of Thurles, in this county, charged, by the informations of Robert HEMPILL, servant to the Rev. Thomas Bourke DUNLEAVY, and the said Thomas Bourke DUNLEAVY, with having, on the night of the 10th inst. about the hour of ten o'clock, riotously assembled, and assaulted the said Robert HEMPILL and also with assaulting the said Thomas Bourke DUNLEAVY, cutting and desperately wounding him, having lain in wait for the purpose, and that they are of a party of vicious, wicked, and disorderly persons, who make a practice of lying in wait, in order to beat and _____ indiscriminately, any person they meet; and that, from the severity of the wounds and bruises, received on the head of the said Thomas Bourke DUNLEAVY, and the great effusion of his blood, his life is much endangered: They also stand indicted, in the Peace Office, of this county, for forcibly and feloniously taking possession of a house and tenement, in Thurles.

MARRIED. Last Friday, Mr. John SILLITO, of this town, Merchant, to the amiable Miss BRISCOE, of Bleachville, county Kilkenny.

The Evicted Tenants Fund. 24-3-1894

Trustees, (To whom all remittances should be made).

Justin McCarthy, M.P.

Thomas Sexton, M.P.

John Dillon, M.P.

All communications in connection with the fund should be addressed to the National Trustees, care of Mr. David Sheehy, M.P. 24 Rutland Square.

Drom and Inch (United Parishes)

Co. Tipp, 21st March, 1894.

Dear Sir.

Please find enclosed cheque (first instalment) for £23.3.10., to Evicted Tenants Fund, subscribed by the Priests and people of Drom and Inch.

P. Meagher, P.P.

James Fogarty.

Address--Drom, Co. Tipperary.

Parish of Drom.

Rev. P. Meagher, P.P.

Edward Finn,

Mrs Meagher, Knocka,

James Fogarty,

Lawrence Long,

Michael Ryan,

James Hoare,
Dan Hennessy,
Mrs Russell,
Mrs Lanigan,
Mrs Bohan, Barnane,
Martin Ryan,
John Meagher (minor),
Denis Kennedy,
James Stapleton,
Thomas Ryan,
John Brereton,
Mrs J. Troy.
Mrs A. Kennedy,
Michael Lanigan,
John Ryan (Well)
Mrs Fogarty,
Mrs W. Bourke,
John Meagher,
Pat Fogarty,
Wm. Long, Knocka,
Tim Ryan (Kill)
Tom Troy,
Phil Fogarty,
Daniel Ryan,
Andrew Long,
Wm. Bohan,
Pat Meagher,
Pat Meagher (Kill)
Dan Ryan (Smith)
Phil Cahill (Drom).
Jas. Ryan (Drom).
Mrs J. Bourke,
Mrs. P. Ryan,
Thomas Connell,
John Laffan,
Jeremiah Dwyer,
Martin Treacy,
Thomas Fanning,
James Cawley,
Pat Russell,
Lawrence Dwyer,
Michael Bourke,
Wm. Long,
John Nesbitt,
John Ryan,

Pat Shelly,
Dan Moroney,
Michael Ryan (Fahy),
Edward Cahill,
Missie Hoare,
Michael Laffan,
James Shaughnessy.
William Kennedy.

Parish of Inch.
Rev. P.C. Ryan. C.C.
William Ryan (Cleakile)
Nicholas Callanan,
Matt Connolly.
Mrs Long. (Dovea).
Martin Costello,
Michael Meagher,
James Long (Monroe)
Tom Fanning,
John Costello (Anfield)
John Costello,
Jeremiah M'Carthy,
Tom Butler,
Mrs Phelan,
Michael Cahill,
Edward Long,
Tom. Tierney,
John Brolan,
Thomas Long (Michael)
John Butler,
John Connolly, (Jnr)
James Butler,
Matt McGrath,
P. Rahill,
Michael McGrath,
Michael Costello,
Michael Dwyer,
Phil Ryan (Roscrea)
Kyran Walshe,
Mathias Connolly,
Ed. Purcell,
Wm. Dunne,
James Bannon,
Michael Connell,
James Long (Dovea).

Phil. Meagher,
Tom Long (Red)
Charles Bourke,
Thomas Cahill,
Jeremiah Fogarty,
James Gorman,
Mike Ryan (Anfield)

The Freeman Jan 31st 1817

Advices were received here yesterday, that a Vessel from the United States bound for Sligo, had foundered in the Atlantic, and that all on board had perished except one man. She had on board 30 Irish Passengers, most of them labourers and mechanics, who had left Ireland in hopes of obtaining employment in America, but having been disappointed were returning to their own Country.

Copied form the Clonmel Advertiser Jan 31st 1817

On Friday night some depreddators, after removing two iron bars from the windows of the housekeepers room, at Newtown, the seat of Sir. Thos. Osborne, Bart. Entered that apartment and stole thereout, one fowling piece and some articles of wearing apparel belonging to the servants, they also stole some fowl. They were not heard by any of the family during their stay.

Same date.

There is this day living near Watergrass Hill, within 7 miles of Cork City, an old veteran named Edward Barry, who was discharged from the army in the year 1766 after 25 years service, being then 47 years of age. He has since then been receiving a pension and until this year walked into town for the purpose of forwarding his papers to receive his quarterly stipend. Though time has necessarily diminished his bodily strength, all his other faculties remain unimpaired, and he still maintains an erect figure, and athletic appearance. When his pension was granted to him, it was only four pence three farthings a day, which has since increased to one shilling and two pence, and upon this, having no family, the old soldier lives with content, if not in affluence.

Freeman March 21st 1817

On Saturday morning, an unfortunate accident happened at Marlfield Distillery;-James Butler a labourer, while in the act of walking across a beam which lay across a vessel of boiling water, missed his step and was precipitated therein. He was immediately taken out by the helpers, and surgical assistance promptly afforded; but he was so miserably scalded, that he only survived a few hours. He has left a wife and eight children to deplore his loss. We feel particular pleasure in stating the the Proprietors of the Distillery have ordered the weekly allowance of this poor man to be paid to his family, and that such is the invariable practice of the company.

On Monday evening in an affray between two parties, near Powerstown, a man of the name of John McGrath was beaten in such a manner, that he died about noon on Tuesday.

The late Melancholy occurrence at Cashel.

17-9-1847

Tipperary Vindicator

Mr. Francis O’Ryan Jnr., has addressed the following letter to the Tipperary Vindicator, in the course of which he denies in the most positive terms the horrid charge preferred against him by his father as being totally at variance with the real facts of the case.

Cashel Sept. 9th.

Sir;-Now that my medical advisers say that I may use so much exertion after my life being despaired of, I hasten to reply to a letter of my unfortunate father, dated the 29th of August last (which I am much surprised you inserted in your columns) containing a most diabolical charge against me-a charge deeply affecting my character, and impeaching the reputation and fidelity of an innocent woman-more particularly when his letter was written in prison, where he has been committed on a charge the most serious and aggravated, from which he would of necessity exonerate himself whether right or wrong. I totally and distinctly deny his statements, they are at utter variance with the truth. I positively assert that I never did, in thought or deed, commit any act that could justify him in such cruel and unparental violence as he has resorted to. On the night of the melancholy occurrence, I repaired to my bed about 10 O’Clock, labouring under intense agony from toothache and a swollen jaw, to which I have long been subject;- About 12 O’Clock Mrs O’Ryan, on her way to procure a drink for one of her children, having heard me complain, came into my room, (which is quite near my father’s), and asked me if she should send for anything to allay the pain, when my father armed with pistols, rushed into the room, drove Mrs O’Ryan out, left the room, and locked the door on the outside. I got out of my room, and in some time after proceeded to the door of that in which he was, asked him for the key, and the reason for acting as he had done, when he deliberately fired a pistol at me, inflicting a most dangerous wound. His statement that he had not an argument with me relative to joining him in leases, is also untrue, as he did ask me to do so a short time since, for the purpose of enabling him to raise money for his own purposes, which I refused. Ever since he has been most violent in his conduct and treatment of me. A statement which appeared in some papers written by a newly acquired friend of my father’s (Who gave the Limerick folk reason to think of him), that he (My Father) was recently married, and other insinuations reflecting on me, is equally false, as my father married 9 years ago, and has got two children by said marriage. I could adduce many and strange circumstances to convince the most incredulous of the motives which actuated him to commit this awful crime, but as the matter must undergo legal investigation at the proper time, I trust the press in general will, in justice to me, insert this letter, as they have published that of my unfortunate parent, and refrain from publishing any further comments on this very deplorable subject.

I, am your very obedient, F. O’Ryan, Jnr.

ORIGINAL LETTER

The Late Distressing Occurrence at Cashel.

Mr. Francis O’Ryan Snr has addressed the following letter to the Tipperary Vindicator.

Cashel Aug. 29th.

Sir,

I beg to set you right relative to a statement of occurrence that took place in Cashel, and was mentioned in your paper of the 28th. inst. It is not true that I had an argument or difference with my son in consequence of his refusing to join me in making leases or a lease. No such circumstance ever occurred. His signature or consent to any lease made, or to be made by me, is not requisite. neither will he be entitled to any property from me on his coming of age, or in fact until after my death. No, Sir, what led to the unfortunate occurrence was the infliction of the greatest wrong one person could do to another. I am sorry to be obliged to allude to it, but the letter in your paper yesterday leaves me no alternative. I caught my son in bed with my wife-his stepmother. This Sir, is what led to the unfortunate affair, and not the foolish and malicious statement furnished by your paper. I am ignorant as to who the writer of the article may be, or as to his intentions in furnishing you with a statement so totally at variance from the truth; but his information is evidently derived from the poisoned source of a malicious fool well known here. I beg also to state that I am not nor ever was in the habit of carrying firearms about me; neither am I nor was I in dread of them. I fear more the villain that attacks my character through the instrumentality of wanton and malicious lies. His remarks about my mental illness etc. are not worth answering. Requesting a place in your paper for this note, I am, Sir, your obedient servant.

Francis O'Ryan.

Distressing occurrence at Cashel.

The circumstances connected with the following tragic occurrence have been put forward in at least a dozen shapes, but the version annexed seems to be the best authenticated:-----
--Francis O'Ryan, son of Mr. Frank O'Ryan, of this city (Cashel), received a pistol bullet on Tuesday morning through the right eye, supposed to be fired by his father. The ball took an oblique direction without touching the brain. The medical men have hopes, if inflammation does not set in, that he may ultimately recover. The ball has not yet been extracted. Mr. O'Ryan snr, has been committed to the Bridewell here, pending the state of health of his wounded son. The cause of this unfortunate circumstance is not clearly explained. The son is to arrive at his majority in a few months, when certain leases of lands owned by Mr. O'Ryan snr., will expire. Renewals of those leases cannot be given without the joint concurrence of both father and son. Mr. O'Ryan Jnr., we are given to understand, refused to sign renewals at the request of his father, and hence certain bickerings took place between them. It is also said that Mr. O'Ryan snr., has latterly shown certain symptoms of mental ill health, and that he labours under very extraordinary delusions. On the morning in question both father and son met on the lobby leading to their respective bedrooms, when the unfortunate transaction took place, which has caused a feeling of universal regret and melancholy through the locality all round. Mr. O'Ryan always carried firearms about his person and had a great horror of thieves.

An account in the Limerick Chronicle runs as follows.

Mr. Ryan snr., has a family of grown up sons and daughters. The eldest son lives with his father, as does his sisters. Mr. Ryan having been for some time a widower, recently married a young and interesting lady, who, according to the version on the father's side, became the object of the son's passion. That this sentiment was reciprocated by the youth's stepmother, the father had, as is stated, for some short time back, more and more reason to be suspicious, and on Tuesday evening, on entering his bedroom, was horrified to behold his place occupied by his unfortunate son. Maddened with rage, the unhappy father reached for a loaded pistol and fired. The ball entered the head of young Mr. Ryan, immediately beside the eye, totally destroying that organ, and travelling the skull rested at the base of the occiput. The lady made a precipitate retreat and escaped before her infuriated husband could reload his weapon. An instant alarm was given, and Mr. Ryan snr., was taken into custody and consigned to the gaol of Cashel. Our informant who left Cashel yesterday morning, says the ball was extracted from the head of young Mr. Ryan the previous night, the intervening time being occupied in searching for it. The wounded man remains in a state of insensibility, and no hopes are entertained of his recovery.

The Thief among the Apothecaries.

The shop of Mr. Douglas, of Killenaule, Apothecary, and member of the Board of Health, which has been established in that town, was entered and robbed on Thursday evening last. So great was the love for the physic with which the light-fingered son of Hermes was actuated, that he did not leave to the disciple of Esculapius withal to compound his medicine. The Pestle and mortar were taken off!

Ballynonty Races.

On Thursday last, several well contented matches went off on the race course of Ballynonty. There was considerable betting. The principal horses were those of Ambrose Lane, Jn. Langley, and Mr. Blake, Chiel Constable. Mr. Langley's was the winner on the occasion. After this spirited race, there were two races of farmers horses for saddle and bridle, which was a source of additional amusement to the very fashionable and numerous assembly who attended the occasion.

Clonmel Advertiser April 1832

The Times 5/3/1853.

Copied from the Tipperary Free Press.

A Temperately conducted Roman catholic journal (Tipperary Free Press) makes some strange revelations respecting a project actually in contemplation, having for its object the voluntary relinquishment of the Maynooth grant, and the release of the Irish Priesthood from all pecuniary obligations to the British Government. This would indeed be a bold stroke of policy, if practically carried out-so bold, indeed, that until we see the whole body of the Roman hierarchy snapping their fingers at 30,000/. a year, few will be found to treat the matter seriously. The plan of raising the money is, of course, extremely simple. It is proposed that 1000 gentlemen should come forward and subscribe each 100/. Towards funding an Irish College in Paris for the education of clergymen, or towards

endowing for a like purpose, by the application of such sum, the Irish College already established in the French Capital. This once accomplished, all the rest would be mere child's play. A fund of 100,100/. would be created, and the sanguine journalist thinks there is every reason to suppose that such facilities would be afforded by the French Government as would render this amount quite adequate to carry the scheme in practical operation.

Convictions for murder.

Two men named Hackett and Noonan, described as respectable-looking farmers, were put upon trial at the Waterford assizes on Wednesday, on the charge of the wilful murder of Mr. O'Callaghan Ryan, a gentleman possessed of landed property in the adjoining County of Tipperary. The trial lasted from 9 O'Clock in the morning until 8 in the evening, when the jury brought in a verdict of "Guilty" against both prisoners, and they were sentenced to be executed on the 15th. April

The Times. 6th of Nov. 1838

A meeting is to be held in Thurles of persons not in the commission of peace, to pass resolutions counter to those of the 62 magistrates, that life and property are insecure in the County of Tipperary. It is probable that the meeting may be delayed until Mr. O'Connell's arrival on Thursday next.

Savage assault with intent to murder.

On the night of Tuesday last, between the hours of 10 and 11 O'Clock, as Cane, better known by the name of "Dinger", was standing in Castle Street in this town (Nenagh), he was assailed by Andy "County", knocked down, kicked in the face, and stabbed with an oyster knife in the ribs. Cane is not dangerously wounded, on account of the knife glancing off one of his ribs. The reason assigned for the assault is, that the "Dinger" prosecuted "County" Clifford, Kennedy, and other young ruffians that prowl around the town on a charge of robbing the Widow Shaughnessy. If Cane, County, and the rest of the gang were sent on an aquatic excursion for the benefit of "Ould Ireland", there would not be so much nightly uproar in the streets of Nenagh as at present.

More Conflagration.

On the night of last Monday, a large quantity of turf, the property of John Hawkshaw, was set on fire and consumed to ashes on Greyfort bog. No quarrel or reason can be assigned for this outrage. Some persons are of the opinion that the clamp was kindled for the purpose of the signal fire to congregate some of Dan's bodyguards.

Savage assault.

Some night ago as a man named Meara was returning home from Thurles, he was waylaid by two men named Purcell, who with stones severely fractured his skull. His life is despaired of.

Shanahan the Schoolmaster-Disgraceful doings in Templemore.

The above notorious character, at the head of the unwashed in Templemore, entered the

Court House, as Mr. Hockings, the celebrated advocate of temperance, was delivering one of his edifying lectures, and created a scene of uproar and confusion that would be sufficient to disgrace an assemblage of Mormonites, headed by that transatlantic ruffian who styles himself the true prophet of God.

Dr. Forsaythe was the chairman of the meeting convened by Mr. Hocking's friends, and had presided about a quarter of an hour, while the celebrated stranger was delivering himself in his usual impassioned and impressive manner, when they were suddenly interrupted by the contemptible scoundrel whose name heads this report, aided and abetted by Tommy O'Mara (who spluttered a trashy tirade some few days ago at a meeting of the unwashed at College-Hill) Joe Walsh, who practices the avocation of grinning through a horse's halter for halfpence, Paddy Carroll alias "Goose", and Johnny Fogarty, et hoc genus. Mr. Hocking's implored silence, and begged Mr. Shanahan and Mr. O'Mara would come forward in a regular manner, and address the gentleman in the chair; but he was answered with hooting and hissing. In the mean time a chair was procured, and the redoubtable Shanahan voted the halter-grinner thereto; and Mr. O'Mara commenced his speechification. He had the impiety to quote our blessed Redeemer's attendance at the marriage of Cana, in Gallilee, as an argument in the behalf of the free use of spirituous liquer. At this stage of the proceedings there was a burst of indignation from Mr. Hocking's friends, and a yell of approbation from Shanahan and his satellites. A young gentleman, named Cushion, mush to his credit, stood up and cried "Shame, Shame,-blasphemy-put him out". Mr. Hocking's rose again, and lifted his voice above the din of the rabble uproar, and with the thunder of his eloquence he made O'Mara look more like a sheeted apectre, than being of this earth. Shanahan stood by all the time, jabbering unutterable things, and in spite of all his hedge education, and quotations from Epictetus, his flushed visage and glaring eyes bore ample testimony of how devotedly he sacrificed that night at the shrine of the demon of drunkenness. I need not eulogize Mr. Hocking's lectures, for they are above all eulogy. But I may say that his is the way of righteousness, and that whoever offends against what he inculcates (as far as I have heard him) offends against Almighty God. I beg you to excuse me for trespassing so often on the columns of the Nenagh Guardian, but this transaction was of too serious a nature to be overlooked in silence. It is gratifying to add, that with the exeception of Mr. Shanahan, and O'Mara, the remainder of Mr. Hocking's opponents were the very dregs of society, such as any respectable man would be ashamed to be recognized by.

Murder of Mr. O'Keeffe.

The spot where Mr. O'Keeffe was murdered is in a narrow Street, nearly opposite one of the gates of his brewery, and in the centre of a number of small houses. It does appear to be an impossibility how the murder could have been committed without the cognizance of many persons, or at least their having seen the murderer. There is a Boherheen contiguous, and the general impression is that after committing the deed he escaped through this (not on horseback, as was stated), and ran along by the near river, into it is supposed he threw the bloody weapon. Through the activity of that very efficient officer, Chief Constable Comyns, some persons have been apprehended, and a justice-loving public will be glad to hear that a strong chain of circumstantial evidence is linked against one man as the principal. Mr. O'Keeffe employed, between his brewery, tanyard, and

farms, on an average, 60 men daily.

The Times 7-3-1866

House of Lords, March 6th.

Dr. Cashel's Divorce.

Their Lordships assembled this afternoon at 2 O'Clock, to hear evidence in support of the second reading of this Bill.

Dr. Twiss and Mr. Hodgson appeared for Dr. Cashel. Neither the respondent nor the co-respondent appeared.

This was one of the few divorce cases which are limited to Irish and Indian causes that now come before the House of Lords in the form of bills.

The learned Counsel, in opening the case, said that his client, Dr. Cashel, was a surgeon and physician residing at Toomevara, in the County of Tipperary, in Ireland. In 1851 he married his present wife, then Emily Harriet Kingsley, according to the rites and ceremonies of the United Church of England and Ireland, at the Parish Church in Ballyloughloe, in the County of Westmeath. They lived together until 1858, on terms of the greatest affection, but there was no issue of the marriage. In March 1858, Dr. Cashel's suspicions were first excited by finding his wife's bedroom door locked, and by afterwards seeing a Mr. Harding a very intimate friend and schoolfellow of his, on the staircase, but acting on the advice of his brother-in-law, a Mr. Bounton, the Crown Prosecutor of the County, he took no notice of the circumstance. Shortly afterwards, his wife confessed her guilt, and he immediately took her back to her fathers house, where she remained for some time, and then went to America. Dr. Cashel had since instituted proceedings in the Irish Courts, which resulted in a verdict being given in his favour against Mr. Harding in an action for *crim. con.* for 1000/. which sum, together with the costs, he had since received. He had also obtained a divorce *a mensa et thoro* in the Irish Ecclesiastical Courts.

Evidence was given to prove the adultery, which took place at various times from 1854 down to 1858.

The Lord Chancellor said that the rules of their Lordship's house rendered it necessary that parties interested in Bills of this description should prove the marriage of the parties, the adultery, the fact of a verdict in action of *crim. con.* being obtained, and the damages recovered, and the obtaining of a divorce *a mensa et thoro*. All these facts had been satisfactorily made out in the present case, and therefore he had no hesitation in advising their Lordships to read the Bill a second time. The other noble and learned Lords having concurred.

The Bill was read a second time.

The Times 10-1-1804

A fellow named Cullinan, who had, under various names, been an active agent of France since the year 1797, and who was particularly notorious and mischievous in the South of Ireland, by the title of General Clarke, was some time ago, taken near Cashel in Tipperary, and transmitted to Dublin Castle, where he was lodged in the Tower allotted to State prisoners of importance. Late last night, he forced himself through the funnel of his chimney out upon the leads, and by the help of a trunk (for taking off water) conveyed

himself down upon the terrace, which overlooks the Castle garden. He was discovered by the sentinel, who seized him, but was knocked down instantly; and Cullinan had just began to run off, when the sentinel recovering, aimed a blow at his head with the butt end of his musket and fractured his skull. Cullinan, with scarcely a vestige of life, has been carried to a hospital.

Times 3-4-1895

The hearing of the charge of wilful murder against the various persons concerned in the burning of Mrs. Bridget Cleary, on March 14th was resumed at the Court House, Clonmel, today, before Colonel Evanson, R.M. Colonel Ryall. D.L. and Mr. Grubb.J.P.. Mrs Simpson, the wife of the witness William Simpson, who was examined on the previous day, generally confirmed the story told by him. When Bridget Cleary was carried to the kitchen fire, which was a slow fire, not hot enough to boil a kettle, the witness heard it said by some that "All the questions should be answered by midnight" which she understood to mean that the witch could not be driven away later than midnight. She saw nothing in reference to a hot poker, but there was marks as of a burn on the forehead of the deceased. She knew where the "Fairy Ring" was at Kylenagranagh Fort, but was never there. She heard Cleary tell her husband on the Sunday following the murder that his wife was at Kylenagranagh, that they would go for her, that she would be on a grey horse, that they would have to cut the cords that bound her on the horse. She did not know if they went there. District Inspector Wansborough said that the body bore traces of having been burnt severely. Colonel Evanson expressed his sense of the prompt action taken by the constabulary. The hearing was adjourned till tomorrow.

At the meeting of the Town Commissioners of Old Tipperary, a resolution was unanimously adopted expressing concern at the state of New Tipperary and the condition of neglect and disorder that has existed there during the past three years in the absence of any legal authority over the property, and appealing to Mr. Stafford O'Brien, the owner of the ground on which it stands, to co-operate with them in turning the place to some profitable account. Mr. McCarthy said it was at present a den of thieves. The Rev. David Humphreys P.P. is said to be engaged in an effort to secure the property for the benefit of the Nationalist Parliamentary Party.

Times 5-10-1815

Clonmel Sept. 27th.

Sunday afternoon, about 3 O'Clock, the mansion of Denis McCarthy Esq, of Springhouse, about three miles from Tipperary, was assailed by a number of armed desperadoes. At the time, there were but two women and a boy in the house, besides Mr. McCarthy, who is much advanced in years, and totally blind. The women and boy were much alarmed, but the old gentleman was cool and deliberate, and without saying a word took his blunderbuss to meet the assailants. They had battered in part of the door, and were entering, when Mr. McCarthy levelled his piece in the direction from whence he heard the voices proceed, and firing, shot one of them through the head, the ball entering at the left eye. The assailants then fired in their turn, and wounded Mr. McCarthy in the

hip, the ball proceeding to his back, (from whence it has since been extracted): they then fled hastily, leaving the body of their companion behind them, but returned, some time afterwards, probably to take away the corpse. In the mean time, intelligence of the attack having reached Tipperary, a party of dragoons came to Springhouse at full gallop, were time enough to prevent the party removing the body, and it was brought into Tipperary for an inquest. It appears to be that of a young man of the name of Hackett, who lived at no great distance from Springhouse. The transaction is related with some slight variations from different sources-but all agree in terms of admiration of the extraordinary courage and coolness of Mr. McCarthy; and we are happy to learn that the wound which this gallant old gentleman received on the occasion is not considered as very dangerous, though certainly of a serious nature.

We recite the following accounts with less regret than we usually feel at the communication of outrage, because they prove a fact that cannot be too strongly impressed upon the public mind-the almost uniform success of every brave man, who is prepared and determined to defend himself against midnight treachery, or mid-day violence.

The house of one Regan, not far from the town of Tipperary, was visited by a party of men who put him under contribution for money, to buy powder for killing the proctors, which they commanded him on his allegiance to provide against the next application, for which they appointed a time. Regan provided a companion as stout as himself, and when two of these freebooters came, and, sure of the levy, knocked at the door, Regan, admitting one, suddenly shut the door on the other, upon which his companion instantly discharged a blunderbuss out of the window; the fellow was seen to stumble, but Regan and his companion were too much occupied with the fellow inside to pursue him; on shutting the door, Regan knocked him down, and the two men secured him.

Early last week, a house inhabited by a family named Wallis, rather more northward than the reach of the present insurrectionary spirit, lying between Borrisoleigh and the Silver Mines was attacked for arms by the banditti, of whom Wallis shot the ringleader dead on the spot. The party immediately dispersed.

An attack on the house of a smith, named Golden, at Drum, in the neighbourhood of Templemore, ended more unfortunately. Golden and his family had defended the house with such determined resolution as to beat off their enemy. Golden's son, elated at the victory, followed the runaways, unluckily at the instant when a party of police, under Mr. Wilson, were coming to the spot; Golden, mistaking the constables for the banditti, fired, but without doing any mischief, when one of the police instantly fired, and killed the brave young man on the spot.

Monday, a large detachment of the Commissariat Waggon train arrived here, bringing camp equipage for upwards of 2,000 men. Camp Equipage is also forwarding by different routes for the disturbed districts, part of which takes its course to Limerick. A Regiment of foot is on its march from Cork, with its camp equipage complete. These movements, as well as the vast number of troops either already arrived in the County of Tipperary and its

neighbourhood, or on their march for that destination, prove that the Government have determined on smothering in its infancy, the insurrectionary spirit that has unhappily appeared.

Times 6-7-1830

The accounts from Ireland are distressing. The people in some parts of the south are described to be in such destitution, that fears were entertained within these last few days for the Provision Stores in Clonmel; and troops were called in to intimidate the wretched multitude.

Now we have been aware of the existance of considerable suffering in remote districts of Ireland, and for its unabated continuance in such quarters there may have been some excuse, because of the forlorn state of the Country, from the scanty number of resident inhabitants above the condition of paupers; but what shall we say to the unrelieved famine at Clonmel, the chief town of one of the wealthiest Counties in Ireland,-itself a place of great and increasing traffic, full of rich tradesmen, merchants, and retired persons of independent means, in the midst of a Country, moreover, thickly planted with the residences of noblemen and gentlemen, sportsmen, fashionable men, politicians, jobbers, wealthy graziers, with their thousands of well-fed cattle, while their fellow Christians are wholly without food?-What shall we say to this Tipperary Babylon, for leaving the poorer brethren of its mercantile and landed potentates no alternative but that of perishing of hunger, the sword, or the gallows. There are many worthy persons who seem not to understand how a people can be so extensively miserable as the Irish, when such vast cargoes of corn and cattle are incessantly exported from its harbours. "Ireland not support its people" they cry. "Why, she feeds a fourth or fifth of the English nation, who, of course, cannot be served until the Irish themselves shall have been satisfied." In that "Of Course" there is a good deal of *naivete* and ignorance. It is, to be sure, pretty accurate in the abstract, that one nation sends only its superfluous articles to others, and supplies its own wants first, but it is not true of Ireland, inasmuch as the people of England can better afford to pay for the Irish Produce in the British markets, with the charges of conveyance, insurance, etc. added, than the poor of Ireland can afford to pay the prime cost of these provisions. The export of provisions from Ireland, therefore, is no more a proof that there can be no distress in Ireland, than the export of fine Bordeaux wines from France demonstrates that the French peasantry must first have got their fill of the growths of Lafitte, or Chateau Margaux. The poor Irishman never thinks of such a luxury as wheaten bread, any more than he would of venison. He cannot even buy potatoes, and when he fails to raise them, he starves.

It is not among the most dreadful facts in history, that the Lords of the soil in Ireland should for ages have witnessed this degraded condition of their serfs, without (we do not say a wish, but) a serious and systematic effort at any period of the last two centuries, to amend it.?. We really do feel that Mr. Martin's act, for "punishing cruelty to animals" would be the species of retribution most applicable to the conduct of a large proportion of Irish Landlords towards their poorer tenants, if even their physical treatment be kept in view. But we lose our time; the offenders are too numerous to be shamed into virtue, and as yet too powerful to be compelled. Nevertheless, it is not long before "time and the hour" shall bend them to humanity.

Times. 7-1-1891.

At Munster Winter Assizes, which terminated today, William Heapy and James Grant were charged with the murder of James McGrath, in County Tipperary, on Sept. 12th last. It appears that a man named Maher was evicted from a farm at Ballingarry, and the landlord finding it impossible to let the land, commenced mining operations on it. Considerable hostility was shown to the miners, and the deceased, a well to do farmer, took an active part in the opposition to them. On the date mentioned the two prisoners got drunk, and opposite McGraths house created considerable disturbance. On going to see what was the matter both prisoners set upon him and beat him savagely, the prisoner Heapy stabbing him with a knife, and when he was lying dead in his wifes arms, Heapy struck him with a stone. Heapy was sentenced to 10 years penal servitude, and Grant to 12 months in prison.

John Ryan, Tobias English, and Joseph English, Tipperary shopkeepers, who were arrested last week, in accordance with the order of the Vice-Chancellor made against them as executors of the will of the late Widow Shanahan, tenant of Mr. Smith Barry. M.P. have forwarded the amount of rent claimed by the landlord together with £45 law costs. The prisoners, however are still in custody, as they refused, when summoned, to appear before the Vice Chancellor. Their cases will probably be disposed of at the next sittings.

A Boycotting notice, headed "A proclamation" has been extensively posted in Tipperary. It contains the names of some 30 shopkeepers and farmers who had the courage to resist the dictation of the local leaders. The people are called upon to treat these with "the most unqualified and persistent boycotting which their recent actions merit". The victims are divided into two classes-(1) Those "who refused to go out" who are characterized as "cowardly blood-sucking hirelings" and (2), those who having gone out, returned to their homes from campaigning; these are termed "Double dyed traitors". According to Mr. William O'Brien M.P. this movement was a purely voluntary and spontaneous one, and according to Archbishop Croke, those taking part in it, "realized the heroic". There appears, however, to be deception somewhere.

Times 12-4-1881

Evictions in Ireland.

To the Editor of the Times.

Sir,-If the Parnellites are in earnest in wishing to stop evictions, they have nothing to do but give the Irish Tenants permission to pay their rents, which the splendid harvest of last year well enables them to do so; but so long as Mr. Dillon and the Land League tell them that every man who pays his rent is a traitor to his country and deserves to be "Boycotted", the landlords will continue to be forced to take proceedings to recover their rents.

Tenants are being ejected, not because they cannot pay their rents, but because they are forbidden to pay them.

These evictions are the work of the Land League. It was their deliberate purpose to discredit the Government and to discredit the Landlords. To this end, they goaded the

former into Coercion Acts, and the latter into ejectments, the results may be disastrous to the poor deluded Irish tenants, but they suit the game of the agitators extremely well. Let us not allow dust to be thrown into our eyes by the affected indignation of the Land Leaguers at the crop of ejectments now springing up-they have sown that crop themselves; it is part of their game.

I am Sir, Your obedient servant.

FACT

Times 14-5-1858

Execution.

The Tipperary paper brings an account of the execution yesterday, at Nenagh, of the two brothers Cormack, convicted at the last assizes of the murder of Mr. John Ellis, in the month of October last. Great local exertions were made, but in vain, to procure a mitigation of the sentence, on the grounds of the villanous character of the principle witness for the prosecution, an informer, and a participator in the guilt of the murderers. The wretched men to the very last moment of their existence persisted in their innocence of the crime for which they were about to pay the penalty of their lives. When Daniel Cormack came in sight of the people he raised his voice and said, in a loud, deep, and sonorous tone;-

“Lord, have mercy on me; for you, Jesus, know that I neither had hand, act, nor part in that for which I am about to die. Good people, pray for me. Lord, have mercy on me.”

The brother having made the same awful declaration, both were in the next moment launched into eternity.

On the day that Daniel aged 23 and William age 18 were hung in Nenagh it was always said that the heavens opened and the thunder, rain, and lightning, the likes was never seen before. It even tore up roads. The people looked on it as a mark of disapproval from heaven. Another man, many years after, confessed to the murder of Ellis.

Times 20-6-1862

A collection was made in and about the town of Templemore on Monday and Tuesday for the defence of the Rohans, charged with shooting at Colonel Knox, and a good deal of money collected, several persons, including some public officers of the County subscribing 1s. each. Great preparations are being made for their defence, which, it is said, will be grounded on *alibi*. The result of the trial is looked on with as much anxiety as that of the trials at the last special commission. An immense number of jurors from the North Riding have been summoned to Clonmel, including most of the gentlemen who are usually called on the long panel, and some of whom will have to travel upwards of 50 miles from their homes. A rumour prevails that some jurors have received friendly hints that it would be better for them these “sudden times” not to ‘go hard’ on the prisoners.

Times 24-10-1833

Tithe arrests are still going on in Tipperary. A few days since Messers Cleary and McGrath (the hardship of whose case form the ground of a memorial to the Lord-Lieutenant, on the subject of proceedings taken against them by the Hon. And Rev. Mr.

Cavendish, Vicar of Cahir), were marched through Clonmel, at the Vicar's suit, escorted by a large body of Police, and lodged in the County Gaol.

At the great October Fair of Carrick, held last Thursday, a good supply of black cattle and horses were disposed of at very encouraging prices. About 3 O'Clock the Poleens and the Gows (the two factions who have often disturbed the counties of Waterford and Tipperary of late) met adjacent to the fair, by appointment, and attacked each other in a most violent manner. The conflict continued for about 20 minutes, when it was put an end to by the timely arrival of the military and police, under the command of Major Rowan, chief magistrate, and chief constables Croker and Gunn. The Gows, who are the strongest in this part of the County, had the best of the fight; the Poleens, were very much beaten, several having their skulls fractured. One boy, named Butler, who was found shouting "Success to the Poleens" was dreadfully beaten, and is now in a dying state. About 30 of both parties were taken prisoner, and lodged in the Police-Barracks of Carrigbeg.

Times 27-12-1828

Tipperary-Thurles-Dec. 19th.

On Monday night last, about 7 O'Clock, five men came to the house of an industrious farmer of the name of Edmond Long, at Moycarkey, they beat him, his wife, and children, stabbed his wife and burned his daughter, to extort money from them, and having got 11/s. they decamped, but were hotly pursued by the country people, who would have succeeded in apprehending them, but that two young men coming in a contrary direction fired upon them, and the people in pursuit, believing the shot had come from the robbers, who before missed fire, desisted. However a man of the name of Harrahill, and old offender, has since been apprehended, and has been fully identified as one of the robbers.

Origin of Christmas Boxes.

We are told, in the Athenian Oracle (says Brand, in his Popular Antiquities), that the Christmas Box money is derived from hence;-The Romish Priests had masses said for almost everything; if a ship went out to the Indies, the Priest had a box in the ship, under the protection of some Saint, and the poor people must put something into the Priests box, which was not opened until the ships return. The Mass at that time was called Christmas; the box called Christmas Box, or money gathered against the time, and Masses might be made by the Priests to the Saints to forgive the people of debaucheries of that time, and from this the servants had the liberty to get box money, that they to might be able to pay the Priest for his Masses, knowing well the truth of the proverb, "No penny, no Pater-Noster." The practice, however, of giving presents at Christmas, was undoubtedly founded on the Pagan custom of the New Year Gifts, with which, in these times, it is blended.

7-4-1831 From the Times

A family Quarrel-At the Clonmel assizes, Michael Bevan, Esq, was indicted for an assault on Joseph Cooke, Esq. at Cordangan. Mr. Cooke was examined on the trial, and admitted that Mr. Bevan was his brother-in-law, and that he lived with his sister for 22 years, but that they were not really man and wife. The examination of this witness is not

calculated for publication. Mrs. Bevan, he stated, was now concealed from her husband. Mr. Bevan was found guilty of the assault, but the affair was afterwards arranged between him and Mr. Cooke, by Mr. Bevan consenting to allow his wife 300/. A year. Mr. Bevan was then let out on his own recognizance.

7-5-1833

Fatel Duel

This morning at 6 O'Clock a hostile meeting took place between John Power White Esq, a young law student, son of Power White, a gentleman of considerable property resident at Golden, Co. Tipperary and ? Weldon, Esq. Of County Carlow, (Formerly a medical student of the name of Dooley who had taken the patric? Of Weldon with a property of 6000/.) The affair arose out of a trifling dispute at the theatre, which led to a cutting in the street, and as subsequent open defiance of each other last night at Shades Tavern , College Green, where Mr. Weldon happened to from one at a drinking party, and returned a chuff answer to Mr. White, who ventured to address him on entering. Mr. White then called him a blackguard, coward, etc. and was instantly challenged by Mr. Weldon. The affair was brought to a fatal termination this morning, at Sally-Park, adjoining the Grand Canal, at Parnell Bridge. The Hon. Edward Butler, son of Lord Dunboyne, was second to Mr. White, and a Mr. Bodkin, of Galway was second to Mr. Weldon.

Both seconds stepped 12 long paces, linked arm in arm; the measured space was 16 yards, east and west. The sun was obscure at this hour, and both parties were on equal footin as to light and level. I have just been on the ground (The reporter not me). It appears that both parties were very difficult to be pleased, and tried several positions in the field ere they could determine on a fair spot. They at first stood at one spot, and were preparing to fire when it was discovered that two tall chimneys of a distillery a pair of horns in the horizan behind the head of one of the principals, this ground was therefore abandoned at once. The parties fired by signal, and almost together, when a ball passed through Mr. Whites forehead just above his right eye. He dropped dead on the instant, and the seconds absconded. The Coroners, Patley? and M'Carthy, immediately summoned a jury, and viewed the body. Little was elicited, except the unfortunate youth who lay dead at their feet, had first come in contact with his opponent as "Friends" of other parties, whom they had reconciled but at the expense of an misunderstanding between themselves, as very frequently happens amongst Irish seconds ; also that Mr. White had been second to the Hon. Mr. Butler on a previous occasion, when the latter went out with Captain O'Dogherty. This duel was fought close beside the spot where young Mr. O'Grady was shot in a duel last year by Captain Smith. It is said that Mr. Weldon is very eccentric-in fact a little touched

18-3-1833 Clonmel Herald

County of Tipperary Calendar-Spring Assizes.

Murder 35

Accessary to murder 4

Assault with intent ot murder 1

Cutting and maiming cattle 1

Rape 2

Housebreaking 1
Robbing of the person 5
Sheep stealing 5
Pig stealing 2
Mail robbing 2
Unlawful oath 5
Possession of stolen goods 3
Horse stealing 2
Robbery of arms 6
Bigamy 1
House robbery 16
Escaping from the Bridewell 1
Larceny in shop 1
Larceny in house 6
Felonious assault 6
Vagrancy 1
Appearing in arms 1
Passing Base Coin 1
Waylaying and greivous injury 2
Attacking houses and firing shots 4
Sacrilege 1
Abduction 1
Forcible Possession 1
Turning up Land 1
Perjury 1
Embezzlement 1
Total 120.

Three murders.

In our last we gave account of the riotous and outrageous conduct of the people on Wed. last at the steeplechase, at Turtola outside Thurles. Three men, two of them being of the name of Ryan were on their way home waylaid, and at the back of Mr. Langley's Orchard, at Archerstown, set on so violently that the two men of the name of Ryan were killed, and the other so savagely beaten, he has since died. One of the Ryans was from Kyle, his skull dreadfully fractured. The bodies were found in a ditch, outside the orchard already alluded to.

It was remarked by the gentleman who intended to have joined the steeplechase on Wed. that the country people had pistols under their great-coats; and when the latter appeared to wish to provoke a fray by throwing stones the former prudently gave up their sport and returned home.

From the Tipperary Free Press.

6th Sept. 1856.

On Monday a shoemaker named Patrick Fleming, of Rochestown, was committed to Bridewell in Cahir for being drunk, where, after the lapse of a short time, he was found dead.

29th May 1858

On Sunday night about the hour of ten o'clock Thomas Dunne, a shoemaker, stabbed his brother-in-law named Michael Larkin, residing in the town of Borrisokane, with a knife, and from the effects of the wounds Larkin's life is despaired of. Dunne, who has fled, has been enrolled in the King's County Militia, since the disembodiment of that regiment. The police are most active in their exertions to capture him.

On Monday morning the body of a farmer named Greene, residing near the Glen of Aherlow, was discovered not far from his house. He was at a fair last Friday, and had not returned, and it is supposed that having been waylaid on the way therefrom, he died from injuries received from the hands of some parties. This is, however, but a suspicion, as at the time our correspondent wrote, an inquest had not been holden. It is somewhat singular, that several years ago, Greene's father was also murdered, near Ballyglass, while returning from the fair in Tipperary, and that since then no person has been brought to justice for the perpetration of the crime.

A man named Delaney who is employed in Mr. Smallsman's mills in Roscrea, was on Saturday night arrested by the police in that town for being drunk and disorderly in the public streets, and lodged in the police barracks. After he had been some time there, his wife applied to have him discharged, as she was willing to pay any fine that would be imposed upon him; and having promised to take care of him, Delaney was released, after he and his wife proceeded homewards. On the way, about a half mile from Roscrea, they had an altercation, when Delaney raised a stone and struck the unfortunate woman on the head, which wounded her so severely that she died a few hours afterwards. Delaney has fled and up to the present he has not been apprehended. Search is making for him in all directions, and many suppose he has committed suicide.

15th July 1876

At Nenagh Assizes a presentment of £260 to a mill owner named Slattery, for the malicious burning of his mill, was traversed by the rate payers, but it was alleged that since he had served notice to quit on some tenants, fowls of his were killed, bars of iron inserted in the cogs of his mill-wheel, and, finally, the mill set on fire; and the presentment, instead of being quashed, was increased to £300.

9th March, 1878

On Sunday evening last Sir Leopold Cust died of a combination of diseases, and, strange to say, immediately after his death became known, the Tipperary Brass Band turned out and paraded the streets, playing airs of rejoicing character. The hills around blazed with bonfires, and there was quite a demonstration of an extraordinary character because of the event. It is understood that the deceased was very unpopular in the capacity of agent to A.H. Smith-Barry, esq., which was the cause of this demonstration. The Tipperary Board of Guardians, today, refused to adjourn, as proposed by Captain G.M. Dawson, D.L. Very severe comments were made on the deceased gentleman's character as a land agent.

18th Nov. 1876.

At each of the Masses in the Cathedral in Thurles on the 1st inst, the Priest Celebrant warned the congregation against drunkenness. In one case reference was made to some Publicans who were violating the Sunday Law in the town, and the reverend speaker told these parties that if they did not desist from this practice, he (the speaker) and some of the respectable inhabitants of the town would call the attention of the proper authorities to them, so that steps might be taken to prevent them getting an renewal of their licences, if they did not now conform to the recognised law within the diocese.

In the remote graveyard of Kilnanave, a monument was erected to the memory of her mother and father by Mrs Ann Doyle, wife of Constable James Doyle, now stationed at Cork. On the 16th August last the monument was maliciously broken into fragments. Mrs Doyle adopted proceedings to enable her to claim compensation. She applied for £25. Her claim came before the road sessions for the Barony of Upper Ormond at Nenagh on Monday. The court considered the outrage was perpetrated by some of Mrs Doyle's relations, who were indignant with her for marrying a constable, instead of being married to some neighbouring farmer, and keeping her fortune at home. The claim of £25 was reduced to £10, which sum the grand jury are asked to fix on the town land of Millbrook, where some of Mrs Doyle's relatives reside.

9th Sept. 1876

The Rev. Michael Gleeson, P.P. Templederry, acknowledges the receipt of £20 from the Right Hon. Viscount Dunally, Kilboy, in aid of the erection of a new chapel in Templederry.

There is an old man named Thomas Harney residing at Ballyveigh, about four miles from Waterford, who is 102 years old. He was in Waterford on Thursday week, and was hale and hearty. He never took anything in the shape of medicine, nor did he drink for over 40 years.

Freeman's Journal.

5th Nov. 1765

We hear from Thurles, that the Rev. Reddy Brien, a Parish Priest in that neighbourhood, renounced the errors of Popery on last Sunday fortnight in the Church in Holycross. Some time ago he applied to the Titular Bishop concerning some articles of religion but not having received a satisfactory explanation of them, he had recourse to the Archbishop of Cashel, who removed all his doubts, so that he is reformed on the strongest conviction.

We hear from good authority that the White Boys, to the amount of 200 and upwards, went on foot and horse back through the town of Clonmel, on the night of Saturday fortnight, and pursued the road leading to Fethard, near which place they buried a man to his shoulders and left him fast in the ground, until he was discovered by some persons of humanity, who relieved him. This punishment, we hear, was inflicted for his disobedience of their orders.

On last Wednesday night, a great number assembled about two miles beyond Ardfinnan on the high road, and proceeded from there to a place called Rathsalla, near Cashel, where they pulled down a dwelling house and beat the owner in a desperate manner. This punishment was inflicted for his presuming to take charge of a gentleman's stock in the

room of a person who had been dismissed.

Tipp Free Press 15-8-1828

Earl of Glengall-Catholic rent.-On Sunday last, the Rev. Mr. Power, Parish Priest of Caher, addressed his congregation from the Altar of the Catholic Parish Church of this town, and told them he had been honoured with a communication from the Earl of Glengall, requesting him to acquaint such of his Lordship's tenantry as belong to the Parish of Caher, that he felt extremely desirous they should contribute to the Catholic rent as liberally as their means would allow, it being, in his opinion, one of the best measures to forward the Catholic cause, and to obtain for Ireland what alone could render her happy and contented-Catholic emancipation.

Tipp Free Press. 27-7-1866

The case for trial at the ensuing Clonmel Assizes are important and are as follows:-James Dillon, of the 17th Regiment, stands charged with being one of the armed party who fired on the Constabulary of Glenbade?, near Tipperary, James Ryan, same offence, Michael Ryan, similar charge, (on bail). Michael Lalor, declaring himself a Fenian at Tipperary. John Buckley charged with the wilful murder of Lorenzo H. Jephson, Esq. J.P. at Carrick-on-Suir. James Walsh with firing a shot from a revolver pistol at Constable Timothy Quaid. John Heffernan with using treasonable language and shouting for Stephens and the Irish Republic. Edmond McGrath, Edmond Ryan, John Danaher, and Michael Hogan, with rescuing, at the Tipperary races a prisoner named Edward Walshe, arrested under a warrant from his Excellency, the Lord Lieutenant.

A Compendium of Crime in the County of Tipperary. Starting Jan 1839 contd.

On Saturday night, the 12th inst, an armed party, five in number, with their faces blackened, visited the house of a man, named Michael Boland, of Faivulough, within an English mile of this town (Nenagh), they peremptorily and accurately demanded from Boland the amount of his corn £18.2.6. which he had on that day received at Ballinaclough mills, but fortunately for himself, he was after paying the amount of a bill, due by him at the bank, for nearly that sum, otherwise the poor man would inevitably be reduced to beggary, it being the sole return of his years hard labour. Then they searched him, and took from his pocket one penny. Afterwards they proceeded to ransack the house, and succeeded of plundering it of a penknife and a half penny. Before making their exit with their valuable booty, they placed Boland on his knees, and swore him not to dare let a syllable transpire of that night's proceeding.

On the night of the 12th inst two coals of fire were put by some incendiary into the thatch of the house of William Flannery, near Borrisokane. It is melancholy to state that the dwelling was reduced to ashes, despite all the exertions that was made to save it.

An attack was attempted by three armed ruffians on Sunday during divine service, on the house of Matthew Gilbert esq., of CastleLake, near Cashel. Fortunately for Mr. Gilbert, one of his young sons was on the lawn in the front of the house, when the armed men first made their appearance from an angle of the grove. On espying them he roared out,

“Father, Father, Robbers, Robbers, Robbers,”, running in the meantime towards the house-but one of the men rushed between him and the house, and levelled his gun at him; the child then changed his course in the direction of the distillery. Mr. G. hearing the cries of his son, came to the door-the armed miscreant had the gun pointed at the child; with a presence of mind which does him honour, he barred the door, seized a double barrellled gun that had been loaded with swan drops, rushed up to the next window, and discharged its contents at the intended murderer. The ruffian was wounded, but not mortally, for he and his associates retreated; and though the police were on the spot in a short time afterwards, no trace of them could be discovered, except a dropping of blood for some distance.

List of persons for Trial at Special Commission.

John Ryan (Corbett) and Cornelius Hickey-Murder of A. Cooper.Esq. and Francis Wayland. Esq.

Michael Feehaly and John Feelaly-Murder of Daniel Byrne.

Thomas Ryan-Murder of John Lanigan.

William Donovan and Thomas Dwyer-Murder of William Ahern.

Michael Fogarty-Murder of Patrick Flynn.

Denis Hogan and William Quinlan-Murder of Rody Moylan,

John Collins-Murder of Wm. Brien.

John Glasheen-Murder of Michael Quin.

Patrick Ryan-Murder of Mr. O’Keeffe.

James Brett and Patrick Kennedy-Murder of Patrick Shea.

Patrick Houregan and James Kelly-Murder of Edmond Hogan.

Patrick Quigley-Murder of Michael Ryan.

John Keeffe-Murder of Patrick Hennebery.

James Hayes-Arson.

Michael Costello-Cutting a forge bellows.

John Burke-Attacking a dwelling.

John Hackett and W. Neil-Presenting a pistol.

William Farrell and Patrick Farrell-Assaulting a dwelling.

19th Jan. One man received seventeen cuts in the head and another lies dangerously ill, from a beating inflicted by two others. The aggrieved parties refused to lodge information, or give the names of the assailants.

As a man named Humphries was returning from the Chapel of Morough, near Newport, on last Sunday, he was attacked by three men, two named Ryan and one named Mahony, who beat him so hard that he died on Wed. evening. And thus has the hand of the ruthless assassin at once deprived a fellow creature of his life, and rendered destitute a wife and three helpless children, to live as monuments of their unlimited and sanguinary system of destroying human life. This is one of the many murders originating in agrarian differences, and which disgrace our County.

Rule of Court.

To be hanged-4

Transported for life-1

Transported for 10 years-1

Transported for 7 years-1

Imprisoned for 12 months-3

26th. On Thursday last, a respectable farmer, living near Mr. Gason's, Richmond, was on his way home by Bachelor's walk, when near Mr. Brundley's garden he was knocked down from behind by a man who had followed him from town for the purpose of committing a robbery. The robber searched the pockets of Mr. Slattery when down, but was fortunately disappointed in his booty; Mr. Slattery being that day in Nenagh collecting money for his rent, had the precaution to leave his cash after him, a sum of about £130. On the fellow being disappointed, he became furious, and struck Slattery several times on the head, and would have no doubt killed him, but hearing people coming on the road he decamped.

On Monday evening last the mail car from Clonmel to Roscrea, when within a short distance from Templemore, was attacked with stones by three or four fellows armed with these deadly weapons. On the car were four gentlemen, Mr. Hutchinson, of Rockforest, Mr. Hutchinson of Timoney, Lt. Ryall of Tipperary, and Mr. George Ryall, of Ballymackey. Mr. Hutchinson, of Rockforest, received a blow of a stone in the jaw, which we are happy to say does not prove dangerous. The four gentlemen, although armed, humanely refrained from firing on the assailants, but instantly leaped from the car, and gave chase-they succeeded in capturing one of the gany named Wheelihan, whom they lodged in gaol, and who will, we hope, be tried during the present Quarter sessions before Mr. Howley. The carman behaved with great intrepidity-he immediately stopped his car, gave it in charge to a person he knew, and followed the gentlemen in pursuit of the villains.

John Costello, a wealthy farmer, stopped on the road by two men, one armed, and served with a threatening notice.

Jan 30th. Six men attacked the Rev Dean Head's carriage in the neighbourhood of Nenagh, in which was his lady. They broke open the hind part of the carriage, threw stones at it, and split it in several places., one stone broke through the upper part of the carriage, and the coachman was nearly knocked off the seat.

Daniel Cash was so seriously injured by Thomas Cantwell, as to be unable to appear to lodge informations.

On Saturday night an armed party broke into the house of Wm. Mitchell, of Garrygard, and not finding him, they brought out his son into the middle of the floor, put a pistol to his breast, and swore him to quit-they then pulled a prop from under the house and decamped.

A car-boy named Halloran, on his way home from Limerick, after selling corn for his master, was set upon by two men, who robbed him of nearly £7, they then placed him on his knees and swore him not to divulge who robbed him.

On Sunday night three men broke into the house of James Scariff, for the purpose of plundering it, after a strict search, and not finding anything, they seized on Ryans wife, and forcibly cut off her pocket, in which was £50. (This may be James Ryan of Scariff)

On the night of last Friday, as a carman named Quinlivan was on his way from Nenagh to Roscrea, he was waylaid between Mr. Bennett's lodges by five men, who dragged him out of his dray, and beat him with stones until they thought they had him killed. On leaving him one of the savages returned to gloat over his victim, another of them asked if he was dead, upon being answered in the affirmative, another ruffian said, "come away, leave him there to the devil. A small boy who was by at the time the intended murderer came up, but who ran when the commenced the attack, gave the alarm. Quinlivan was then brought into town-his wounds was dressed by Dr. Kennedy, but his life is in a very precarious state. He is from Ballybane, in the County of Limerick. Some time ago he was apprehended on suspicion of being concerned in the murder of a carman named Moylan, which took place a few months since in the neighbourhood of Birdhill, but he was set at large for want of evidence; and it is considered that this attempt was made on his life in that fiendish spirit of "wild revenge" which is so prevalent in Ireland.

Tipperary Constitution 30-4-1839

Execution of James Blake.-This wretched man, convicted at Nenagh for the murder of his wife, was executed on Wednesday last in front of our County Gaol. We have never known a man whose fate excited less sympathy; and never, perhaps, in this County did such an awful scene attract so inconsiderable a number of spectators. It was not until the evening previous to his execution that he could be prevailed upon to forgive his prosecutors; and from the time of his conviction up to that period he evinced an almost total disregard for his eternal welfare. His demeanour at the place of execution was, however, altered, and he joined the Rev. Mr. Power, Catholic Curate, in prayer. He addressed no remarks to the spectators, nor did he make any confession. The trap having fallen from under him, his death was almost instantaneous, one or two struggles only being apparent. While his body was suspended, heavy showers of hail and rain fell, which darkened the horizon and gave the scene a truly awful appearance.

Tipperary Constitution 30-9-1837

Threatening Notice.

We, this morning received the subjoined notice, which was send through the Tipperary Post Office to Mr. J. Cooke, of Cordangan, evidently the composition of some black hearted and accomplished ruffian. These notices, replete with blasphemous language, and emblematical of the feelings entertained by the rural legislators of the O'Mulgravized Tipperary to every individual who is not ready to fling up his hat for O'Connell, and conform to the seditious rules prescribed by every low demagogue, have become very

general in this country, and scarcely a day passes that some gentleman, obnoxious to the revolutionists does not receive one. We have not a more independent or high minded Landlord in this extensive County than Mr. Cooke-kind and indulgent to his tenantry, upright and straight forward in his dealings, and honest and consistent in his principles. At the late election for this county Mr. Cooke proposed on of the Conservative candidates in language at once truth telling and convincing, and this is the only reason we can assign for the following communication, which speaks volumes for the growing civil ??tion and tranquillityof renowned Tipshire.

“To hell with all Orangemen”

(Here follows the cut of a coffin with the following words.)

J. Cooke, departed this life the 2nd. Of October 1837.

“I’ll settle with you, Cooke; I’ll make you shift under the wing of a ravan, and he will not shelter you. You must make a dirty run to Kilcoolly Abbey to consummate the half finished Orange orgies there. But I’ll come up with you yet; I’ll give you a barbarized side; I’ll send your bloodstained apostatized soul cantering into the fiery gult, where Moloch, with his iron flail, will cause poor blear-eyed Joe to wail. The devil will have your soul before another month, Joe. Your not intertering? at the last Lonfered? Election, you swaddling villian.

Remember the 3nd. Of October 1837.

Your Hateful Foe.

Darby Breakskull.

Tipperary Constitution 16-1-1836

Mr. William Crawford, who resides within three miles of Templemore, has lately made the generous offer to several of his tenants there of an abatement of 4s. in the pound, provided they would pay him up his arrears of rent, which has not been accepted but by one of them. Mr. Crawford having been served with notice from the rector of his Parish, for the amount of tithes due by himself and his tenants, stopped 2s. from this individual in the promised abatement. For this, on Christmas night, the following notice was posted on his (The tenants) door.

To Darby Ryan, Lugulla-take notice!.

“It appears to the public, that you are a traitor, and as such you will shortly be treated. Get that money you paid Mr. Crawford as Tithe, and make affidavit before the public that you will get that money; if not, beware lest worse befell you.”.

After posting this notice the party fired five shots at the house, one of which entered the door, and passed through a coat of his, which was hanging up within.

Tipperary Free Press 11-4-1832

Monday 20 “Terry Alts” were send off for transportation, under an escort of military and police, horse and foot. During the necessary preperations for their conveyance, their numerous friends and relations collected around the cars, opposite the Court House, waiting the opportunity to take a last farewell of those they were destined never more to behold. He sight was most affecting. Aged fathers and mothers, brothers, sisters, and wives, and other relatives, were some loudly weeping and crying, others unable to give it

vent with tears. The numerous spectators seemed deeply affected at the melancholy scene. For our part, much as we are impressed with the justice of their punishment, we looked on in as much anger as sorrow, and exceedingly regretted that the unhappy convicts were not accompanied to the hulk, and thence to Botany Bay, by an immense batch of landlords and parsons.

Execution;-Beary and Walsh, the unfortunate men convicted at the last assizes of burglary and the violation of the person of Margaret Broderick, near Caher, suffered the penalty of the law in front of the County Gaol, after making most solemn declarations of their innocence. After the bodies were suspended the usual time, they were taken down and given to their friends. The unfortunate men stood in the relation to each other of brothers-in-law.

Tipperary Free Press 15-9-1849

On Saturday night, about 11 O'Clock, the inhabitants of the western suburbs were aroused by the ringing of the alarm bell from the Presentation Convent, situate in the neighbourhood of this town. The Rev. Mr. Meany, Catholic Curate of St. Mary's, accompanied by a number of the townspeople, hastened to the spot, and shortly after a patrol of County Waterford Police, under the command of sub-constable Crotty, arrived. They found the community of ladies greatly alarmed by the attack which had been made on the convent by some cowardly ruffians, who endeavoured, by forcing one of the windows, to effect an entrance thereto, but who on the pealing of the bell, had fled. A prompt search was made by the constabulary and inhabitants in the neighbouring grounds, but we regret to say without effect, as no possible trace could be discovered of the assailants. This wanton and unmanly outrage has excited the deepest indignation throughout the town, and this has been heightened by the rumours that the persons perpetrating it were some miscreants disguised as gentlemen. Various and sundry persons have been mentioned to us as being concerned in it, but as there is no direct proof at present against them, we, of course, decline to give their names publicity.

Tipperary Free Press 17-4-1835

Kingston Cavern:-Through the indefatigable exertions of the proprietor of this wonderful cave, two lately discovered caverns are ready to unfold their stupendous magnificence to the wonder loving visitor. About a month since, as Roger German was traversing that part of the cavern called "The Scotchman's Cave", he perceived a fissure, through which, ascending by 5 or 6 steps, another splendid apartment, to which he has given the name of "O'Leary's Cave", opened upon his astonished vision. This cave extends over an area of at least four acres, decorated with columns, galleries, stalagmites, and substances of a more brilliant description than any hitherto discovered in this stupendous cavern. The other newly discovered cave lies immediately over the river, and equals "O'Leary's Cave" in the splendour of its crystallized ornaments, to which the proprietor has forborne to give a name, reserving that honour for the first person who shall visit it.

Tipperary Free Press 20th Sept. 1832
Thurles Cholera

In consequence of the increase of Cholera in Thurles, and the probability of means being wanted for providing the families of the afflicted with necessaries and comforts, a meeting of the inhabitants was held at the Market House, in Thurles, on Monday the 17th inst., at which the humane of all denominations attended. His Grace, Dr. Laffan was in the chair, and Mr. Matthew V. Quinlan acted as secretary. Dr. Laffan explained the objects of the meeting, and was briefly addressed by Mr. Lenigan, The Rev. Mr. Bradshaw, Curate of Moyne, the Rev. D. O'Connor, of Thurles, and Mr. Hennessy. The object and tendency of all were for the same humane and charitable purpose, and their appeals were nobly responded to by extremely liberal subscriptions which we also publish. The most kindly feelings prevailed on this occasion, and the praises bestowed in the resolutions "will wear well, for they were honourably earned".

It was gratifying to perceive the Catholic Archbishop succeeded in the chair by the Protestant Curate; and if the form of a public meeting would admit of thanks to the second Chairman, the Rev. Mr. Armstrong richly deserves the compliment, as he visits the hospital and attends to the wants of its inmates, and is a truly efficient member of the board.

Subscriptions.

The Earl of Llandaff £50

His Grace, the most rev. Dr. Laffan £40

Edward Lenigan Esq. £30

Charles O'Keeffe Esq. £30

Thomas and Philip Kirwan. Esqrs £15 each

William and Thomas Ryan Esqrs £15 each

Luke Bray and Hugh Mulcahy Esqrs £20 each

Dr. Butler, Francis O'Brien, Nick. Laffan,
and Patrick Kirwan, Esqrs £10 each.

The Rev. Dr. O'Connor, Rev. Henry Armstrong, and Rev. John Ryan £5 each.

Miss Stannix, by the hands of Mr. Mulcahy, £5

James Lenigan, Castlefogarty, and Patrick Fogarty of Cabra Castle, £5 each.

Thomas Hennessy, Thos. Rudkin, William Crowe, Joshua Lester, William Langley and Jas. Armstrong. £5 each.

John Maher, Benjamin Russell, Amos Russell, and Wm. Nagle. £3 each.

Surgeon Bradshaw, and Mr. Wm. Maher. 2 guineas each

Rev. Benjamin Bradshaw, Rev. Peter Ryan, and John Ryan of Castlefogarty. £2 each.

Adam Cooke, Archibald Cooke, Mrs Boyton, John Fanning, Malick Kirwan, George Grace, Timothy Cahill, Philip Cormack, Edmund Shea, Thomas Bergin, Mat. Quinlan, Thomas Bourke, James Breen, Thomas McKough, Richard Molumby, and John Cahill, £2 each.

Thos. Strangman, Denis McCarthy, Patrick Bourke, and Denis Mullaney, £1.10.0. each
Mr. Wallace £1.1.0.

Thomas Malony, Edmund Bourke, Mrs. Quinlan, James Kelly, Arthur O'Connor,
Thomas Browne, Rev. Mr. Hodnett, Rev. Mr. McNamara, £1 each.

On Monday the 5th inst. Mr. Smyth, of Rosspark, Lower Ormond, County Tipperary, accompanied by Richard Philips, esq. of Oakhampton, attended at his farm, the Inches, to let over 175 acres of meadowing to such persons as were in the habit of taking them, as well as others, when, after setting a good part of them at the time, surrounded by over 100 persons, three armed man burst through the crowd, two of them put cocked pistols to Mr. Smyth's head, where they continued them for several minutes, at the same time handing him a notice, swearing that they would blow his brains out if he (Mr. Smyth) did not comply with what it stated. The third man kept his pistol to Mr. Philips in the same way. After doing so they passed on without molestation.